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GRADE 11

# Vocabulary Workbook



# Vocabulary Workbook

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Vocabulary Workbook

Vocabulary Workbook:
Annotated Teacher's Edition

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# VOCABULARY POWER

GRADE 11



# To the Student

This *Vocabulary Power* workbook gives you the practice you need to expand your vocabulary and improve your ability to understand what you read. Each lesson focuses on a single vocabulary concept or on a theme that ties together the list of words in the Word Bank. You then have several opportunities to learn the words by completing exercises on definitions, context clues, and word parts.

You can keep track of your own progress and achievement in vocabulary study by using the Student Progress Chart, which appears on page v. With your teacher's help, you can score your work on any lesson or test. After you know your score, use the Scoring Scale on pages vi–vii to figure your percentage. Then mark your score (or percentage correct) on the Student Progress Chart. Share your Progress Chart with your parents or guardians as your teacher directs.



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# **STUDENT PROGRESS CHART**

Fill in the chart below with your scores, using the scoring scale on the next page.

Name:			

	Lesson	Unit Review	Unit Test
1			,
2			
3			
4 Review			
Test			
5			
6			
7			
8 Decision			
Review Test			
9			
10			
11			
12			
Review Test			
13			
14			
15			
16			
Review Test			
17			
18			
19			
20			
Review			
Test 21			
22			
23			
24			
Review			
Test 25			
26			
27			
28			
Review			
Test 29			
30			
31			
32			
Review			
Test			
33 34			
35			
36			
Review			
Test			
37 38			
39			
40			
Review			
Test			
41 42			
42			
Review			
Test			
44			
45			
46 Review			
Test			
1631			

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# **SCORING SCALE**

Use this scale to find your score. Line up the number of items with the number correct. For example, if 15 out of 16 items are correct, the score is 93.7 percent (see grayed area).

## **Number Correct**

# Number of Items

	111100	<del>-</del> 1																		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	100																			
2	50	100																		
3	33.3	66.7	100																	
4	25	50	75	100																
5	20	40	60	80	100															
6	16.7	33.3	50	66.7	83.3	100														
7	14.3	28.6	42.9	57.1	71.4	85.7	100													
8	12.5	25	37.5	50	62.5	75	87.5	100												
9	11.1	22.2	33.3	44.4	55.6	66.7	77.8	88.9	100											
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100										
11	9.1	18.1	27.2	36.3	45.4	54.5	63.6	72.7	81.8	90.9	100									
12	8.3	16.7	25	33.3	41.7	50	58.3	66.7	75	83.3	91.7	100								
13	7.7	15.3	23.1	30.8	38.5	46.1	53.8	61.5	69.2	76.9	84.6	92.3	100							
14	7.1	14.3	21.4	28.6	35.7	42.8	50	57.1	64.3	71.4	78.5	85.7	92.8	100						
15	6.7	13.3	20	26.7	33.3	40	46.6	53.3	60	66.7	73.3	80	86.7	93.3	100					
16	6.3	12.5	18.8	25	31.2	37.5	43.7	50	56.2	62.5	68.7	75	81.2	87.5	93.7	100				
17	5.9	11.8	17.6	23.5	29.4	35.3	41.2	47	52.9	58.8	64.7	70.6	76.5	82.3	88.2	94.1	100			
18	5.6	11.1	16.7	22.2	27.8	33.3	38.9	44.4	50	55.5	61.1	66.7	72.2	77.8	83.3	88.9	94.4	100		
19	5.3	10.5	15.8	21.2	26.3	31.6	36.8	42.1	47.4	52.6	57.9	63.1	68.4	73.7	78.9	84.2	89.4	94.7	100	
20	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	85	80	85	90	95	100
21	4.8	9.5	14.3	19	23.8	28.6	33.3	38.1	42.8	47.6	52.3	57.1	61.9	66.7	71.4	76.1	80.9	85.7	90.5	95.2
22	4.5	9.1	13.7	18.2	22.7	27.3	31.8	36.4	40.9	45.4	50	54.5	59.1	63.6	68.1	72.7	77.2	81.8	86.4	90.9
23	4.3	8.7	13.0	17.4	21.7	26.1	30.4	34.8	39.1	43.5	47.8	52.1	56.5	60.8	65.2	69.5	73.9	78.3	82.6	86.9
24	4.7	8.3	12.5	16.7	20.8	25	29.2	33.3	37.5	41.7	45.8	50	54.2	58.3	62.5	66.7	70.8	75	79.1	83.3
25	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	68	72	76	80
26	3.8	7.7	11.5	15.4	19.2	23.1	26.9	30.4	34.6	38.5	42.3	46.2	50	53.8	57.7	61.5	65.4	69.2	73.1	76.9
27	3.7	7.4	11.1	14.8	18.5	22.2	25.9	29.6	33.3	37	40.7	44.4	48.1	51.9	55.6	59.2	63	66.7	70.4	74.1
28	3.6	7.1	10.7	14.3	17.9	21.4	25	28.6	32.1	35.7	39.3	42.9	46.4	50	53.6	57.1	60.7	64.3	67.9	71.4
29	3.4	6.9	10.3	13.8	17.2	20.7	24.1	27.6	31	34.5	37.9	41.4	44.8	48.3	51.7	55.2	58.6	62.1	65.5	69
30	3.3	6.7	10	13.3	16.7	20	23.3	26.7	30	33.3	36.7	40	43.3	46.7	50	53.3	56.7	60	63.3	66.7
31	3.2	6.5	9.7	13	16.1	19.3	22.3	25.8	29.0	32.2	35.4	38.7	41.9	45.1	48.3	51.6	54.8	58	61.2	64.5
32	3.1	6.3	9.4	12.5	15.6	18.8	21.9	25	28.1	31.3	34.4	37.5	40.6	43.8	46.9	50	53.1	56.2	59.4	62.5
33	3	6	9	12	15.1	18.1	21.2	24.2	27.2	30.3	33	36.3	39.3	42.4	45.4	48.4	51.5	54.5	57.5	60.6
34	2.9	5.9	8.8	11.8	14.7	17.6	20.6	23.5	26.5	29.4	32.4	35.3	38.2	41.2	44.1	47.1	50	52.9	55.9	58.8
35	2.9	5.7	8.6	11.4	14.3	17.1	20	22.9	25.7	28.6	31.4	34.3	37.1	40	42.9	45.7	48.6	51.4	54.3	57.1
36	2.8	5.6	8.3	11.1	13.9	16.7	19.4	22.2	25	27.8	30.6	33.3	36.1	38.9	41.7	44.4	47.2	50	52.7	55.6
37	2.7	5.4	8.1	10.8	13.5	17.1	18.9	21.6	24.3	27	29.7	32.4	35.1	37.8	40	43.2	45.9	48.6	51.4	54
38	2.6	5.3	7.9	10.5	13.2	15.8	18.4	21.1	23.7	26.3	28.9	31.6	34.2	36.8	39.5	42.1	44.7	47.4	50	52.6
39	2.6	5.3	7.7	10.3	12.8	15.4	17.9	20.5	23.1	25.6	28.2	30.8	33.3	35.9	38.5	41.0	43.6	46.2	48.7	51.3
40	2.5	5	7.5	10	12.5	15	17.5	20	22.5	25	27.5	30	32.5	35	37.5	40	42.5	45	47.5	50

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# **Number Correct**

# Number of Items

	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
1																				
2																				
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16																				
17																				
18																				
19																				
20																				
21	100																			
22	95.4	100	400																	
23	91.3	95.6	100	100																
24	87.5	91.6	95.8	100	400															
25	84	88	92	96	100	100														
26 27	80.8	84.6 81.5	88.5 85.2	92.3 88.9	96.2 92.6	100 96.3	100													
28	77.8 75	78.6	82.1	85.7	89.3	90.3	96.4	100												
29	72.4	75.9	79.3	82.8	86.2	89.7	93.1	96.6	100											
30	70	73.3	76.7	80	83.3	86.7	90	93.3	96.7	100										
31	67.7	70.9	74.2	77.4	80.6	83.9	87.1	90.3	93.5	96.7	100									
32	65.6	68.8	71.9	75	78.1	81.2	84.4	87.5	90.6	93.8	96.9	100								
33	63.6	66.7	69.7	72.7	75.8	78.8	81.8	84.8	87.8	90.9	93.9	96.9	100							
34	61.8	64.7	67.6	70.6	73.5	76.5	79.3	82.4	85.3	88.2	91.2	94.1	97.1	100						
35	60	62.9	65.7	68.9	71.4	74.3	77.1	80	82.9	85.7	88.6	91.4	94.3	97.1	100					
36	58.3	61.1	63.8	66.7	69.4	72.2	75	77.8	80.6	85.7	86.1	88.9	91.7	94.9	97.2	100				
37	56.8	59.5	62.2	64.9	67.6	70.3	72.9	75.7	78.4	81.1	83.8	86.5	89.2	91.9	94.6	97.3	100			
38	55.3	57.9	60.5	63.2	65.8	68.4	71.2	73.7	76.3	78.9	81.6	84.2	86.8	89.5	92.1	94.7	97.3	100		
39	53.8	56.4	58.9	61.5	64.1	66.7	69.2	71.8	74.4	76.9	79.5	82.1	84.6	87.2	89.7	92.3	94.9	97.4	100	
40	52.5	55	57.5	60	62.5	65	67.5	70	72.5	75	77.5	80	82.5	85	87.5	90	92.5	95	97.5	100

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# Vocabulary Power

# **Lesson 1 Using Synonyms**

Maybe you've heard someone say, "The only thing constant is change." This might puzzle you but if you understand that things are always changing, the meaning is clearer. In this lesson, you'll learn some words to help you examine the changes in your life.

**Word List** 

haughtiness plausible solitude abate discern inevitable reconcile turbulence

embark mentor

# **EXERCISE A** Synonyms

Synonyms are words with similar meanings. Each boldfaced vocabulary word below is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the meaning of the synonym and write your ideas on the line provided. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. haughtiness : arrogance	
Dictionary definition	
2. abate : lessen	
Dictionary definition	
3. turbulence : disturbance	
Dictionary definition	
4. plausible : believable	
Dictionary definition	
5. solitude : aloneness	
Dictionary definition	
6. discern : detect	
Dictionary definition	
7. mentor : coach	
Dictionary definition	
8. reconcile: bring together again	
Dictionary definition	
9. inevitable : unavoidable	
Dictionary definition	

Traine		Date Class	
Vocabulary	Power conti	inued	
<b>EXERCISE B</b> Usag			
Write the vocabulary word		the sentence.	
1. The king's	will cause his su	ubjects to turn against him one day.	
2. The sailors hoped that the	e winds would not	so they could sail home.	
3. The expert was unable to	·	the difference between the two diamonds.	
4. The superiously	the refugee	«	
4. The emotional	the reluged	es suffered equaled their physical hardships.	
		es suffered equaled their physical hardships.  preparing to	
5. The ship's whistle blasted	l loudly just as we were p		
5. The ship's whistle blasted	l loudly just as we were p		
5. The ship's whistle blasted  EXERCISE C Word  Answer each question.	l loudly just as we were p		
5. The ship's whistle blasted	l loudly just as we were p		
5. The ship's whistle blasted  EXERCISE C Word  Answer each question.	l loudly just as we were particular lands		
5. The ship's whistle blasted  EXERCISE C Word  Answer each question.  1. What is one benefit of so	l loudly just as we were particular lands	preparing to	
5. The ship's whistle blasted  EXERCISE C Word  Answer each question.	l loudly just as we were particular lands	preparing to	
5. The ship's whistle blasted  EXERCISE C Word  Answer each question.  1. What is one benefit of so	l loudly just as we were particular lands	preparing to	
5. The ship's whistle blasted  EXERCISE C Word  Answer each question.  1. What is one benefit of so  2. If you could choose any p	I loudly just as we were particles.  I Meanings  Illitude?	preparing to	
5. The ship's whistle blasted  EXERCISE C Word  Answer each question.  1. What is one benefit of so  2. If you could choose any p	I loudly just as we were particles.  I Meanings  Illitude?	or, who would it be? Why?	
5. The ship's whistle blasted  EXERCISE C Word  Answer each question.  1. What is one benefit of so  2. If you could choose any p	I loudly just as we were particles.  I Meanings  Illitude?	or, who would it be? Why?	

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**5.** What is one **plausible** explanation for the sighting of UFOs?

Name	Date	Class
Turre		C.035



# **Lesson 2 Base Words and Word Roots**

In this lesson, you'll learn ten useful English words that are based on Latin roots. Knowing the meanings of base words and word roots can help you guess the meaning of a new word. Sometimes, however, the exact meaning isn't clear from the root. It's always safer to look up new words in a dictionary.

Word List			
brevity	equanimity	stringent	tenacious
carnage	incisive	temporize	verify
credence	legacy		
credence	legacy		

# **EXERCISE A** Latin Roots

Write the probable definition of each vocabulary word on the line provided.

1. Ver is a Latin root meaning "truth." The Latin suffix -ify or -fy means "to make or cause something to become." Verify probably means
2. <i>Cred</i> is a Latin root meaning "belief." The Latin suffix <i>-ence</i> means "state" or "condition." <b>Credence</b> probably means
<b>3.</b> Equa is a Latin root meaning "level" or "even." The Latin suffix -ity means "state or condition." <b>Equanimity</b> probably means
<b>4.</b> <i>String</i> or <i>strict</i> is a Latin root meaning "to tie." The Latin suffix <i>-ent</i> means "to cause a condition or action."  Stringent probably means
5. Carn is a Latin root that means "flesh." Carnage probably means
6. Brev is a Latin root that means "short." Brevity probably means
7. Incis is a Latin root meaning "to cut." Incisive probably means
8. Leg is a Latin root meaning "law." Legacy probably means
<b>9.</b> <i>Tene</i> is a Latin root that means "to hold." The French and Latin suffix <i>-ious</i> means "full of." <b>Tenacious</b> probably means
10. Temp is a Latin root meaning "time." The Greek suffix -ize makes a word a verb. Temporize probably means

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Vocabulary Power

Unit 1, Lesson 2 3

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# Vocabulary Power continued

# **EXERCISE B** Dictionary Definitions

Check your definition in Exercise A by looking up each vocabulary word in a dictionary. Write the meaning. How close did you come to the correct meaning?

# **EXERCISE C** Synonyms

Write the vocabulary word that corresponds to the expression in italics.

- 1. Jason said he liked the play because of its *short duration!*
- 2. The *bloody slaughter* on the battlefield sickened the soldiers. \_\_\_\_\_
- **3.** She approached the courtroom with *evenness of mind*.
- 4. The new teacher announced that she would enforce *strict* anticheating rules.
- 5. Lucia's stubborn and firm nature helped her become the leading scorer on the soccer team. \_\_\_\_\_

# **EXERCISE D** Root Families

On a separate sheet of paper, create word webs for three of the vocabulary words in this lesson. Draw a circle with the word in the center; then, add as many words as you can that have the same root. Quiz a partner about the meanings of the words you add to your web.

Name	Date	Class
------	------	-------



# Lesson 3 The Prefixes com- and con-

A prefix is a syllable placed before a root word to change or add to its meaning. The Latin prefixes com- and con- mean "together with" or "jointly." Be careful, though. Not all words that begin with these letters have the meanings of the prefixes. When in doubt, check in a dictionary.

Word List commandeer commemorate	compassion	concurrent	congenial
	compulsory	confiscate	convene
commodity	conception		

# **EXERCISE A** Dictionary Definitions

Underline the prefix in each vocabulary word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. compassion
2. commodity
3. conception
4. convene
5. congenial
6. confiscate
7. concurrent
8. commandeer
9. commemorate
10. compulsory

# **EXERCISE B** Context Clues

Write the vocabulary word that matches the clue.

1. In many states, driver's education is this if young people want to get an operator's license.
2. To serve these kinds of terms on two committees could represent a conflict of interest.
3. When the delegates meet, they do this
4. This is a personal quality needed by doctors and nurses
5. Cabin attendants on passenger jets need this kind of personality

# Vocabulary Power continued

**6.** Examples of this are gold, oil, soybeans, beef, and aluminum. \_\_\_

- 7. When we recognize Independence Day by observing a national holiday, we do this.
- **8.** Customs agents will do this to any goods prohibited for importation.
- 9. Engineers always have this about something they want to build.
- **10.** Pirates did this to many sailing vessels on the high seas.

# **EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words

1 Doctors can determine the exact time of conception

Many words in English have more than one meaning. Each meaning, however, is based on the meaning of the root word. The word conception, for example, is from the Latin root conceptus, meaning "the state of being conceived." Use a dictionary to help you write the precise definition of conception as it is used in each sentence below.

i. Doctors can determin	ie the exact time of conception.	
Dictionary definition		

**2.** His **conception** of the black-hole theory was erroneous.

D. G. 10, 31		
Dictionary definition		
Dictionary activition		

**3**. Her novel **conception** of abstract art attracted the attention of mainstream artists.

Dictionary definition _	
, -	

**4.** Campbell's **conception** of the role of myth throughout history is available on videotape.

# Dictionary definition \_\_\_

### **EXERCISE D** Prefixes

Words that begin with the prefixes com- and con- appear often in newspapers and magazines. On a separate sheet of paper, make a list of words you find containing these prefixes. After each word, write a definition of the word, using its context or checking in a dictionary.



# **Lesson 4 Using Reading Skills**

**Learning from Context: Definitions** 

The context of a word is the sentence or paragraph in which it appears. You can use clues from the context to discover the meaning of an unknown word. Look for key words that define a word.

### **EXERCISE A**

Use the context to find the meaning of the boldfaced word. First, underline key words in the sentence that help you define the vocabulary word. Then, write the word's probable meaning.

1. I have always considered Tony Gwynn to be the <b>epitome</b> of a great baseball hitter and a true gentleman.
2. Sarah is always jovial; in fact, she is the most cheerful person I know.
3. Richard's dog had grown <b>portly</b> because of lack of exercise and a diet of table scraps.
4. The indigent person lacked housing, money, and food.
5. This hotel room will <b>suffice</b> ; it has everything we might need during our stay.
6. The man raced after the bus, his hair <b>disheveled</b> and his shirt untucked.
7. The burning sun increased our <b>torpor</b> so much that we could barely move.
8. The judge showed <b>clemency</b> to the convicted man because she felt sympathy for him.
9. Did Mikayla drop the class of her own volition, or was she coerced?
10. To affront someone on the street like that is dangerous.

# **EXERCISE B**

Double-check your definition in a dictionary. Then, use each word in a sentence of your own. Write on a separate sheet of paper, if necessary.

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**Vocabulary Power** 

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# Vocabulary Power

# **Review: Unit 1**

# **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word that can best replace the word or words in italics.

- 1. Each student will be assigned a coach from the senior class for the first six weeks.
  - a. mentor
- **b.** commodity
- **c.** carnage
- **d.** credence
- 2. The movie's short running time kept the plot alive and interesting.
  - **a.** legacy
- **b.** brevity
- **c.** commodity
- d. turbulence
- **3.** John's excuse that his pet raccoon ate his homework did not sound *believable* to his teacher.
  - **a.** inevitable
- **b.** cumpulsory
- **c.** congenial
- **d.** plausible
- 4. Mother Teresa was memorable for her sympathy toward the poor and dying.
  - **a.** equanimity
- **b.** brevity
- c. compassion
- **d.** haughtiness
- **5.** Did you determine the truth of what you read, or did you just accept it without question?
  - **a.** verify
- **b.** abate
- **c.** embark
- **d.** reconcile
- **6.** The judge could *tell* right away which witness was telling the truth.
  - a. discern
- b. embark
- c. temporize
- **d.** confiscate
- 7. Two years of math is required for anyone majoring in engineering.
  - a. inevitable
- **b.** plausible
- **c.** compulsory
- **d.** stringent
- **8.** His carelessness made it *certain to happen* that he would misplace something important before too long.
  - a. stringent
- **b**. inevitable
- **c.** concurrent
- d. congenial
- **9.** Marcus stuck to his own ideas in such a *stubborn* way.
  - **a.** concurrent
- **b.** congenial
- c. incisive
- d. tenacious

- **10.** Henry David Thoreau valued *being alone*.
  - **a.** legacy
- **b.** solitude
- **c.** brevity
- **d.** equanimity



# **Test: Unit 1**

# Part A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1.	•	e airplane hit a patch of <b>b.</b> equanimity		<b>d</b> . brevity
2.		d like gold or o <b>b.</b> commodity		
3.		on the city hall to <b>b.</b> verify		
4.	· ·	the at the bat <b>b.</b> credence		d. mentor
5.	_	hat the two groups wou  b. convene		ences and cease fighting. <b>d.</b> embark
6.	•	in the rumor to <b>b.</b> credence		-
7.	•	d to until the debta b. abate	· ·	<b>d.</b> suffice
8.	Brad sat sadly on the <b>a.</b> abate	porch holding the socco <b>b.</b> temporize		
9.	The support program <b>a.</b> volition	at the YMCA provided <b>b.</b> legacy	each student with an acc. mentor	dult <b>d.</b> epitome
10.	·	s forced to the b. commandeer		

## Part B

Circle the letter of the word that is most nearly opposite the boldfaced word.

- 1. stringent
  - **a.** glad
- **b.** laid-back
- **c.** strict
- **d.** portly

- 2. compulsory
  - a. optional
- **b.** required
- **c.** demanding
- **d.** humorous

- 3. plausible
  - **a.** inevitable
- **b.** believable
- **c.** unbelievable
- d. treatable

# 3

# Vocabulary Power continued

4. congenial

- a. clever
- **b**. happy
- c. grumpy
- d. forgetful

5. haughtiness

- **a.** pride
- **b.** humility
- **c.** hypocrisy
- **d.** thoughtfulness

# Part C

Circle the letter of the word that is similar in meaning to the boldfaced word.

- 1. tenacious
  - **a.** jolly
- b. easy-going
- c. stubborn
- **d.** steep

- 2. incisive
  - a. sharp
- **b.** stupid
- c. strict
- **d.** narrow

- 3. embark
  - **a.** board
- **b.** exit
- c. cut down
- **d.** locate

- 4. inevitable
  - a. excited
- **b.** unlikely
- **c.** unavoidable
- d. farsighted

- 5. compassion
  - a. disgust
- **b.** sympathy
- **c.** loneliness
- d. curiosity

- 6. brevity
  - **a.** ability
- **b.** extension
- **c.** color
- **d.** briefness

- 7. mentor
  - a. actor
- **b.** guide
- c. author
- **d.** officer

- 8. equanimity
  - a. composure
- **b.** illness
- **c.** intelligence
- **d.** stress

- 9. confiscate
  - **a.** bring
- **b.** allow
- c. give
- d. take

- 10. convene
  - a. scatter
- **b.** win
- c. assemble
- **d.** lose

# Vocabulary Power

# **Lesson 5 Using Synonyms**

For some people, freedom means the opportunity to do new things. For others, freedom means being free from negative things. Freedom also implies responsibility—the responsibility to make the most of your freedom. In this lesson, you'll learn words that relate to the idea of freedom.

**Word List** 

alleviate loathsome subjugation disparage arduous emphatic onslaught usurpation

belittle extricate

# **EXERCISE A** Synonyms

Each boldfaced word is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the meaning of the synonym and write your ideas on the line provided. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. extricate : untangle		 
Dictionary definition		
2. arduous : difficult		
Dictionary definition		
3. subjugation : slavery		
Dictionary definition		
4. onslaught : attack		
Dictionary definition		 
5. alleviate : relieve		
Dictionary definition		
<b>6. disparage</b> : criticize		
Dictionary definition		
7. usurpation : takeover		
Dictionary definition		
8. belittle : make light of		
Dictionary definition		
9. emphatic : forceful		
Dictionary definition		

Based on your understanding of the boldfaced vocabulary word, answer each question.

1.	What sale item is likely to cause an <b>onslaught</b> of customers?
2.	Name something about which you are <b>emphatic</b> in your approval.
3.	Which one of your classes requires the most <b>arduous</b> preparation?
4.	How would you feel if someone were to <b>belittle</b> an accomplishment of which you were proud?
5.	Name an animal that you feel is especially <b>loathsome</b> .
6.	What are your feelings about the <b>subjugation</b> of ethnic groups in various countries?
7.	Why is it not acceptable to <b>disparage</b> other people's accomplishments?
8.	How might people <b>extricate</b> themselves from awkward conversations?
9.	What is the best way for leaders to avoid the <b>usurpation</b> of their rule?
0.	What is a technique you use to <b>alleviate</b> stress?

Jama	Date	Class
Name	Dale	Class



# **Lesson 6 Word Families**

Word families are groups of words that contain the same roots or base words. Base words are roots that are complete words. The root or base word gives a word its main meaning. A prefix or suffix combined with the root or base word gives the word a different meaning. In this lesson, you'll learn words in the same word families.

Word List			
consecrate	irrevocable	revoke	vocation
desecrate	moribund	sacrilege	vociferous
immortality	mortify		

# **EXERCISE A** Root and Base Words

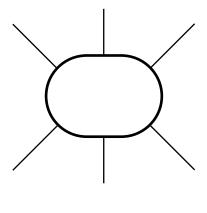
Look up each boldfaced word in a dictionary and write its meaning. Use the dictionary entry to underline the root or base word. Then, on the line provided, write a sentence using the word.

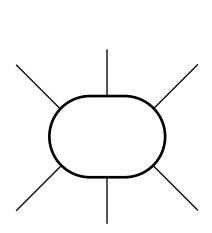
1.	sacrilege	Dictionary definition
2.	desecrate	Dictionary definition
3.	consecrate	Dictionary definition
4.	mortify	Dictionary definition
5.	moribund	Dictionary definition
6.	immortality	Dictionary definition
7.	vocation	Dictionary definition
8.	revoke	Dictionary definition
9.	irrevocable	Dictionary definition
10.	vociferous	Dictionary definition

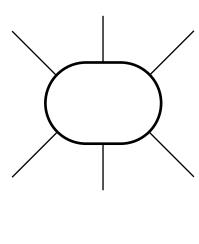
# Vocabulary Power continued

# **EXERCISE B** Word Webs

Use the following three webs to note other words in the word families in this lesson. First, write the three roots, one in each center circle. Then, add other words that contain the same root to each web. Underline the root in each new word. Use a dictionary to find words in the word families.







# **EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words

Many words in English have more than one meaning. Each meaning, however, is based on the root word. The word exploit, for example, is from the Latin root explicitum. As a noun, exploit means "an achievement, a feat, or a great or heroic deed." As a verb, exploit has both favorable and unfavorable connotations. Use a dictionary to help you write sentences for the noun and the verb.

# **EXERCISE D** Sentence Composition

On a separate sheet of paper, write a sentence for each boldfaced vocabulary word in this lesson.

Name	Date	Class
------	------	-------



# **Lesson 7 Connotation and Denotation**

Many words have both connotations and denotations. A word's denotation is its dictionary meaning. The word's emotional overtones are its connotation. For example, if you are writing about a flower or a perfume, you might choose the word fragrance, since that word is associated with pleasant smells. If you are writing about a barnyard or garbage dump, however, you might choose the word odor, a word associated with unpleasant smells. A word like smell is neutral. Both flowers and barnyards smell. In this lesson, you'll learn about the connotations and denotations of words.

Word List			
acquiesce	ecstatic	mammoth	spurn
captivate	exploit	petrified	tantalizing
conspire	ludicrous		

# **EXERCISE A** Denotations

Look up each boldfaced vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning. Then, on the line provided, write a sentence using the word.

1. captivate	Dictionary definition
2. acquiesce	Dictionary definition
3. ludicrous	Dictionary definition
4. conspire	Dictionary definition
	·
5. ecstatic	Dictionary definition
J. Cestatic	Dictionary definition
6. exploit	Dictionary definition
-	Dictionary definition
_	Dictionary definition
7. IIIdIIIIIIOUI	Dictionary definition
8. tantalizing	·
0	Distingent definition
9. spurn	Dictionary definition

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**Vocabulary Power** 

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Name		Date	Class
Voc	abulary Power	continued	
7	-		
10. petrified	Dictionary definition		
Use a diction above the syn feel it has a n negative com	nonym if you feel it has a ponegative connotation. If you notation, write an X above it		s sign (—) above it if you
•			
•			
•			
•			
·			
•			
Journalists go negative compowerful com and one page writing. Use	notations. Novelists and othe notations to evoke certain e e from a favorite novel or sh the back of this page if nece	at is, they avoid words with eithe er authors, however, usually want motions in their readers. Choose fort story. Make a list of six words ssary. On the basis of each words g a <i>plus</i> sign, <i>minus</i> sign, or <i>X</i> .	t to use words with one newspaper story s from each piece of



# Vocabulary Power

# **Lesson 8 Using Reference Skills**

# **Using a Dictionary: Word Origins**

Many English words have their origins in other languages. In the dictionary, the origin of a word is usually given in brackets at the beginning or end of the definition. Here are several dictionary entries.

bonanza (bə nan' zə) n. [Spanish bonanza, calm sea] : 1. a rich mine or pocket of ore 2. source of great wealth

or prosperity

bric-a-brac (brik' ə brak') n. [French bric-a-brac, expression signifying confusion] : small ornamental objects

prized for their age, rarity, or sentimental value

flay (fla)  $\nu$ . [from Old Norse fle, to whip]: 1. to strip off the bark or skin 2. to whip 3. to harshly criticize

hypocrisy (hi pok' rə sē) n. [from Greek hupokrinesthai, to play a part, pretend] : professing beliefs, feelings,

or virtues that one does not really have

lithe (lith) adj. [from Old English lithe, flexible, mild]: 1. easily bent, supple 2. marked by effortless grace

mercurial (mər kyoor' ē əl) adj. [from the Latin Mercurius, of the god Mercury]: 1. having characteristics

associated with the Roman god Mercury: shrewdness, swiftness, and thievishness 2. quick and

changeable in temperament

rectitude (rek' tə tood') n. [from Latin rectus, straight] : moral uprightness, honesty

### **EXERCISE**

## Use the sample entries above to answer each question.

1.	Which word comes from the name of a Roman god? What can you infer about this god's personality from	1
	the modern meaning of the word?	

_									<b>-</b> 1		1111	
2.	. How	does the	meaning	ot <b>hy</b> j	pocrisy	relate to	the	ancient	Greek wor	d on	which it	is based?

ζ	How might a	collection	of bric-à-brac	relate to	the original	meaning	of the F	rench	nhrace?
J.	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	CONCCUON	OI DIIC a DIAC	i Clate to	uic original	HICUIIII	OI LIIC I		ישנטוווע:

<b>4.</b> How has the meaning of the Latin word <i>rectus</i> been expanded in the English word based on it?	

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Vocabulary Power Unit 2, Lesson 8 17



# Vocabulary Power

# **Review: Unit 2**

# **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word that is most similar to the boldfaced word.

- 1. disgusting
  - **a.** irrevocable
- b. loathsome
- c. moribund
- **d.** ludicrous

- 2. terrified
  - **a.** ecstatic
- **b.** vociferous
- c. arduous
- d. petrified

- 3. lighten
  - a. alleviate
- **b.** spurn
- c. exploit
- **d.** revoke

- 4. declare to be sacred
  - a. mortify
- **b.** desecrate
- c. consecrate
- d. extricate

- 5. ridiculous
  - a. emphatic
- **b.** vociferous
- c. ludicrous
- d. arduous

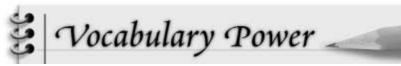
- 6. demanding
  - a. emphatic
- **b.** arduous
- c. tantalizing
- d. loathsome

- 7. almost dead or obsolete
  - a. moribund
- b. loathsome
- c. vociferous
- **d.** irrevocable

- 8. reject
  - a. desecrate
- **b.** exploit
- c. belittle
- **d.** spurn

- 9. slavery
  - a. subjugation
- **b.** onslaught
- c. immortality
- d. usurpation

- 10. fascinate
  - a. alleviate
- **b.** mortify
- **c.** captivate
- d. acquiesce



# **Test: Unit 2**

# Part A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

		_			
1	. The president laid a	wreath on the grave of t	the murdered civil right	s leader to	_ the site
	a. desecrate	<b>b.</b> extricate	<b>c.</b> consecrate	d. captivate	
2	. The general will neve	er to such a ris	ky attempt to rescue the	e hostages.	
	<b>a.</b> acquiesce	<b>b.</b> alleviate	<b>c.</b> captivate	<b>d.</b> extricate	
3	. Shawn agreed that g	etting summer jobs at D	oisney World was a(n) _	idea.	
	<b>a.</b> ecstatic	<b>b.</b> tantalizing	<b>c.</b> irrevocable	d. moribund	
4	. I shuddered when sh	ne picked up the slimy r	ock and exposed at leas	st a dozen	insects.
	a. emphatic	<b>b.</b> vociferous	c. loathsome	<b>d.</b> ecstatic	
5	. To show how	she was, she stampe	d her foot.		
	<b>a.</b> emphatic	<b>b.</b> moribund	<b>c.</b> mammoth	<b>d.</b> vociferous	
6	i. It's not helpful when	people simply	an idea; they should s	uggest an alternativ	e.
	<b>a.</b> extricate	<b>b.</b> consecrate	<b>c.</b> belittle	<b>d.</b> desecrate	
7	. " my wishe	s only at great risk to yo	ur well-being!" cackled	the wicked witch.	
	<b>a.</b> Alleviate	<b>b.</b> Extricate	<b>c.</b> Captivate	<b>d.</b> Spurn	
8	3. Few choices in life a	re; you can red			
	<b>a.</b> arduous	<b>b.</b> irrevocable	<b>c.</b> ludicrous	<b>d.</b> emphatic	
9	_	ty rebuild his house hel	•		
	<b>a.</b> disparage	<b>b.</b> alleviate	<b>c.</b> revoke	<b>d.</b> exploit	
10		ter hoped to h			
	<b>a.</b> exploit	<b>b.</b> conspire	<b>c.</b> captivate	<b>d.</b> disparage	
11		that he is good enough	• •		
	a. ecstatic	<b>b.</b> moribund	<b>c.</b> ludicrous	<b>d.</b> sacrilege	
	• •	dment would punish pe	•	· ·	
		<b>b</b> . captivate			
13		ecret to discuss the			
	<b>a.</b> vocation	<b>b.</b> usurpation	•	<b>d.</b> sacrilege	
14		kespeare's great plays h			
	<b>a</b> . subjugation	<b>b</b> . onslaught	<b>c.</b> immortality	<b>d</b> . vocation	



# 🕏 Vocabulary Power continued

15.		t their heads together, I'i <b>b.</b> exploit		g to against me.  d. extricate
16.	· ·	an hour to the b. revoke	· ·	•
17.		ed it when she <b>b</b> . usurpation		shoes before entering the temple. <b>d.</b> sacrilege
18.	, ,	money to buy a stereo was b. vociferous	,	_ after I had to pay \$450 to fix my card. moribund
19.		idiculous costume in pu <b>b.</b> mortify	•	·
20.		cer game was extremely <b>b.</b> petrified		

## Part B

# Circle the letter of the word that is most nearly opposite the boldfaced word.

- 1. disparage
  - a. choose
- **b.** praise
- c. criticize
- **d.** detract

- 2. captivate
  - a. charm
- **b.** free
- **c.** repel
- **d.** fascinate

- 3. subjugation
  - a. liberty
- **b.** slavery
- **c.** boredom
- **d.** mastery

- 4. revoke
  - a. receive
- **b.** repeal
- **c.** steal
- **d.** grant

- 5. ecstatic
  - a. excited
- **b.** bored
- **c.** uncertain
- **d.** uplifted

# Vocabulary Power

# **Lesson 9 Word Usage**

Having an insight can seem like suddenly being able to read a secret language. In a flash, you're able to see in to the heart of something, get beyond its surface meanings. The words you study in this lesson will help you talk about and understand the meaning of insight.

**Word List** 

tranquillity alacrity irreproachable skeptical discreet myriad timorous vertigo

impudence rudiment

# **EXERCISE A** Synonyms

Each boldfaced vocabulary word below is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the meaning of the synonym. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

<b>1. impudence</b> : boldness	
Dictionary definition	
. alacrity : swiftness	
Dictionary definition	
3. vertigo : dizziness	
Dictionary definition	
4. discreet : modest	
Dictionary definition	
5. timorous : timid	
Dictionary definition	
5. irreproachable : faultless	
Dictionary definition	
7. skeptical : doubting	
Dictionary definition	
B. tranquillity: calmness	
Dictionary definition	
9. rudiment : basic principle	
Dictionary definition	

ontinued	
ation.	
s of <b>tranquillity.</b>	
irreproachable character? Explain.	
on? Why or why not?	
tical of politicians today?	
y Words e meaning. Each meaning, how	ever. is based on the
rd <i>discreet,</i> for example, is fror	n the Middle English,
ernere, meaning "to separate o	or distinguish between.'
reet friend I have.	s useu iii eucii seineinee
	of tranquillity.  rreproachable character? Explain.  on? Why or why not?  ical of politicians today?  Words  meaning. Each meaning, howed discreet, for example, is from the creet and, before that, from the creet, meaning "to separate of see definition of discreet as it is

**4.** The CEO's fine, functional furniture gave the office a look of **discreet** elegance.



# Lesson 10 The Word Roots mon and moni, noc and nox

The Latin root mon, moni means "warn, remind, or advise." The Latin root noc, nox means "harm." The vocabulary words in this lesson all have one of these roots. The root part of a word carries the word's main meaning. In most of these words, a prefix (at the beginning) or suffix (at the end) has been added to the root word to modify its meaning. Many of the words are noun, adjective, and verb forms of the same idea, all based on the same Latin root part.

Word List			
admonish	innocuous	nocuous	obnoxious
admonition	monitor	noxious	premonition
innocence	monitory		
	•		

# **EXERCISE A** Word Roots

Write the root part of each boldfaced vocabulary word on the line provided. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. monitor	
Dictionary definition _	
2. admonish	
3. admonition	
Dictionary definition _	
4. monitory	
Dictionary definition _	
5. premonition	
Dictionary definition _	
6. noxious	
7. innocuous	
Dictionary definition _	
8. innocence	
Dictionary definition _	
9. obnoxious	
Dictionary definition _	

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Class

Name	Date	Class
Vocabulary Pow	<b>CT</b> continued	
10. nocuous		
Dictionary definition		
EXERCISE B Usage Answer each question based on your	understanding of the boldfaced vocabul	lary word.
1. Describe an instance when you had to	o <b>admonish</b> someone.	
2. Should trucks carrying noxious chemi	icals be allowed to travel city streets? Why or	why not?
<b>3.</b> Is it possible for someone to have a <b>p</b>	premonition of danger? Explain.	
<b>4.</b> Some people argue that the Confederate think?	e flag is an <b>innocuous</b> symbol. Others disagree s	trongly. What do you
5. Do you believe the United States milita	ary should <b>monitor</b> peace treaties in foreign co	ountries? Why or why not
<b>EXERCISE C</b> Usage Write a sentence for each boldfaced v	word.	
1. obnoxious		
2. admonition		
3. monitory		
4. noxious		

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5. innocence

# Vocabulary Power

# Lesson 11 The Prefix mis-

Knowing the meaning of prefixes can help you discover the meanings of unknown words. The prefix mis-, partly from Old English and partly from Old French, shows the negative and means "bad, badly, wrong, failure, or lack of." Be careful, though. Not all words that begin with these letter combinations have the meaning of the prefix. When in doubt, look up the word in a dictionary.

**Word List** 

misapprehension miscreant misgiving misprize misappropriate misdemeanor misnomer misrepresent

misbegotten misfortune

# **EXERCISE A** Prefixes

Use the context clues to write a probable meaning of each boldfaced word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

that followers of other religions—those who "misbelieved"—were evildoe	0 , 11 1
probably means	· ·
Dictionary definition	
2. The Old English root <i>bigietan</i> comes from the thirteenth-century idea of the root indicates "producing as an effect." <b>Misbegotten</b> probably mean	-
Dictionary definition	
3. The Old English verb <i>give</i> has many meanings today, from "yielding a p performance." When you have a <b>misgiving</b> about an event, what might	
Dictionary definition	
1. The French root <i>nommer</i> means "to name something." The English wor	
Dictionary definition	
5. A person's demeanor is the way he or she behaves. What kind of activity	/ is a <b>misdemeanor?</b>
Dictionary definition	

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**Vocabulary Power** 

Unit 3, Lesson 11 **25** 

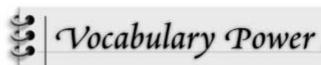
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# Vocabulary Power continued

6.	The Latin root repraesentare means "to present again." The English word misrepresent probably means
	Dictionary definition
7.	The Latin word <i>fortuna</i> means "luck" or "chance" and appears in many English words. The English word misfortune probably means
	Dictionary definition
8.	The Latin root <i>proprius</i> means "one's own," as in "my own," or "your own." To appropriate a thing is to take it for one's own use. The English word <b>misappropriate</b> probably means
	Dictionary definition
9.	To apprehend something is to understand it. The English word <b>misapprehension</b> probably means
	Dictionary definition
10.	To prize an object is to value it highly. The word <b>misprize</b> probably means
	Dictionary definition
	GERGISE B. Usage wer each question.
	Do you believe in misfortune? Why or why not?
2.	What is an example of a <b>misnomer</b> you have read or heard?
3.	Can a pet be a miscreant? Why or why not?
4.	Give an example of a <b>misdemeanor</b> .
5.	What do you think is the biggest <b>misapprehension</b> among adults about people your age?

# **EXERCISE C** Prefixes

Words that begin with the prefix *mis*- appear often in newspapers and magazines. On a separate sheet of paper, make a list of words you have found containing this prefix. After each word, use context or the dictionary to write a definition of the word.



#### **Lesson 12 Using Reading Skills**

**Learning from Context: Examples** 

The context of a word is the other words in the sentence or paragraph in which it appears. You can use the context to find the meaning of an unknown word. Look for key words in the sentence that give examples to help you define the word.

#### **EXERCISE A**

Use the context to find the meaning of the boldfaced word. Jot down the words in the sentence that help you define the vocabulary word. Then, write the word's probable meaning.

1. For many historians, Abraham Lincoln serves as the <b>paragon</b> of presidential greatness.
2. The mayor raged against iniquity, including gambling, drug abuse, and gang activity.
3. The <b>venerable</b> eighty-year-old chief justice greeted the president with a smile.
4. Mrs. De Pietro became a beloved <b>benefactor</b> because of her gifts to charities and her work for good causes.
5. Grandma called me a <b>spendthrift</b> after I bought six pairs of shoes and four pairs of sunglasses.
6. Tigers and elephants are not indigenous to Minnesota, but deer, moose, and beavers are.
7. The big-city <b>din</b> from honking horns, shouting pedestrians, and construction sites overwhelmed me.
8. The <b>remnant</b> of fans after the defeat were a few parents, two sad cheerleaders, and one lost dog.
9. The most famous soothsayer ever was Nostradamus (1503–1566), who predicted many future events.
10. Once you lose your <b>integrity</b> by lying or cheating, it is difficult to regain it.

#### **EXERCISE B**

Check your definitions in a dictionary. Write the dictionary definitions on a separate sheet of paper. Then, use each word in a sentence of your own.

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D	ate

Class



#### **Review: Unit 3**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word that can best replace the expression in italics.

- 1. The minister's reputation was above scandal.
  - a. innocuous
- **b.** irreproachable
- **c.** skeptical
- **d.** monitory
- 2. My cat Rudy cornered the *frightened* mouse in the garage.
  - **a.** discreet
- **b.** noxious
- c. timorous
- d. miscreant
- **3.** After the accident, Mr. Lopez was charged with only a *minor crime*.
  - **a.** misdemeanor
- **b.** misnomer
- **c.** misapprehension
- d. misfortune
- 4. People were forced to leave their homes because poisonous fumes were leaking from the wrecked truck.
  - a. timorous
- **b.** noxious
- c. discreet
- **d.** monitory
- **5.** The *innumerable* laws are contained in 136 volumes in the library.
  - **a.** irreproachable
- **b.** monitory
- **c.** myriad
- **d.** timorous
- **6.** Sally's anonymous *person who confers a benefit* helped her pay tuition throughout her first year at college.
  - a. benefactor
- **b.** remnant
- c. soothsayer
- d. rudiment
- 7. Losing his wallet was just the latest example of his recent bad luck.
  - a. innocence
- **b.** admonition
- c. vertigo
- d. misfortune

- 8. Middle ear infections sometimes cause dizziness.
  - **a.** alacrity
- **b.** monitor
- **c.** tranquillity
- d. vertigo
- **9.** Although she was *doubtful* the herb would be useful, she gave it a try.
  - a. nocuous
- **b.** skeptical
- c. obnoxious
- d. timorous
- **10**. The banker said he was forced to *steal* the money because he was broke.
  - a. misappropriate
- **b.** monitor
- c. admonish
- **d.** misprize

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#### **Test: Unit 3**

#### Part A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1.	It is a to ca	III a tax increase a tax "a	djustment."	
	a. miscreant	<b>b.</b> misnomer	<b>c.</b> misdemeanor	<b>d.</b> misfortune
2	. Our kitten, which loo	ks like a picture of	, is always causing	trouble.
	a. innocence	<b>b.</b> impudence	<b>c.</b> alacrity	<b>d.</b> integrity
3	. The babysitter neede	ed to the child	ren before they trample	ed the neighbor's flower garden.
	<b>a.</b> misappropriate	<b>b.</b> misrepresent	c. monitor	d. admonish
4	. Until tryouts for choi	r, Sarah had the	_ that she couldn't sing	5.
	<b>a.</b> misdemeanor	<b>b.</b> misapprehension	c. admonition	<b>d.</b> premonition
5	. The quality	of the speaker's voice c	aused most listeners to	doubt her message.
	a. innocuous	<b>b.</b> indigenous	<b>c.</b> timorous	<b>d.</b> venerable
6	. In most cities, jaywal	king is only a,	even though it can be o	quite dangerous.
	a. rudiment	<b>b.</b> misnomer	<b>c.</b> remnant	<b>d.</b> misdemeanor
7.	<del>-</del>	ce, the black snake is re	•	
	a. innocuous	<b>b.</b> discreet	<b>c.</b> skeptical	<b>d.</b> venerable
8		to certain areas of So		
	<b>a.</b> discreet	<b>b.</b> timorous	<b>c.</b> irreproachable	<b>d.</b> indigenous
9	-	ise works is a(n)		
	<b>a.</b> admonition	<b>b.</b> misfortune	<b>c.</b> rudiment	<b>d.</b> premonition
10		tarted a program to		
	<b>a.</b> misappropriate	<b>b.</b> monitor	<b>c.</b> admonish	<b>d.</b> misrepresent

#### Part B

Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best answers each question.

1. Who is *most* likely to end up in jail? **a.** a soothsayer **b.** a spendthrift **c.** a miscreant **d.** a benefactor 2. An irreproachable character would be required for a job as a(n)\_ **a.** bank teller **b.** editor **d.** telephone repair person **c.** lawyer 3. What would an English professor be most likely to correct? **b.** an admonition

**c.** a rudiment

**d.** a paragon

**a.** a misnomer

### Vocabulary Power continued

**4.** How would you flee a bear that was chasing you from your campsite?

- **a.** with impudence **b.** with alacrity
- **c.** with tranquillity
- **d.** with integrity

**5.** Who is most likely to receive an admonition?

a. a sweepstakes winner

**c.** a child who runs out into the street

**b.** an honor roll student

**d.** a driver who has just won the Indianapolis 500

**6.** To which kind of person would you prefer to tell a secret?

- a. timorous
- **b.** noxious
- **c.** monitory
- d. discreet

7. What might you feel riding the world's largest and fastest roller coaster?

- **a.** misapprehension **b.** vertigo
- c. tranquillity
- **d.** integrity

8. What kind of feeling would you have floating down a river on a raft?

- **a.** tranquillity
- **b.** misfortune
- **c.** innocence
- **d.** iniquity

9. What is a soothsayer most likely to have?

- a. vertigo
- **b.** a premonition
- c. a misgiving
- d. a misdemeanor

**10.** How would you feel if someone tried to sell you a new car for fifty dollars?

- **a.** skeptical
- **b.** irreproachable
- c. innocuous
- d. venerable

11. This could be just a long string of bad luck.

- **a.** integrity
- **b.** misapprehension
- c. misgiving
- d. misfortune

**12.** Which word is the opposite of "a few"?

- a. rudiment
- **b.** misnomer
- c. myriad
- d. remnant

13. If someone took your basketball without asking, they would \_\_\_ it.

- **a.** misappropriate
- **b.** monitor
- c. misprize
- **d.** misrepresent

14. What would you consider a rude person to be?

- a. indigenous
- **b.** skeptical
- c. misbegotten
- d. obnoxious

15. Special tanker trucks are needed to carry this kind of liquid, gas, or other material.

- **a.** innocuous
- **b.** noxious
- **c.** discreet
- d. venerable

## Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 13 Using Synonyms**

Individuals face personal challenges every day. Many of these issues affect our behavior. For example, we may find ourselves at odds with a close friend about some issue. The vocabulary words in this lesson relate to opposition, whether personal or on a wider scale.

**Word List** 

capitulate obliterate ridicule aggression agitate informant rancor vanquish

anarchy jeopardize

#### **EXERCISE A** Synonyms

Each boldfaced word is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the meaning of the synonym and write your ideas on the line provided. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

ı. jeopardize : endanger
Dictionary definition
2. obliterate : destroy
Dictionary definition
3. agitate : inflame
Dictionary definition
4. anarchy : confusion
Dictionary definition
5. capitulate : surrender
Dictionary definition
6. ridicule : deride
Dictionary definition
7. informant : advisor
Dictionary definition
8. rancor : bitterness
Dictionary definition
9. vanquish : defeat
Dictionary definition

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Date \_\_\_\_

#### **EXERCISE D** Usage

Name

On a separate sheet of paper, use at least five vocabulary words to write a news brief, a journal account, or a letter set during the Civil War.

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# Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 14 Suffixes That Form Nouns**

Suffixes, word parts added to base words or word roots, sometimes can change a word's part of speech as well as its meaning. The noun suffixes -ity and -ence/-ance, which mean "the quality or state of," form nouns when added to base words or word roots. Study the examples below before completing the lesson.

familiar + -ity = familiarity: the state of being familiar with someone or something **annoy + -ance = annoyance**: the quality of feeling annoyed

**Word List** 

civility depravity prosperity subsistence complexity felicity variance severance

deference forbearance

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Write what you think each boldfaced word means in context. Then, complete the vocabulary equation to create and define the word. When necessary, use the clues in parentheses.

**1.** The infection in Cyril's leg wound led to the **severance** of his leg below the knee.

sever (cut) + -ance = \_\_\_\_\_; definition \_\_\_\_\_

**2.** This war has been marked by shocking acts of **depravity**.

depraved (corrupt) + -ity = \_\_\_\_\_; definition \_\_\_\_\_

**3**. The **complexity** of the directions made the swing set difficult to assemble.

complex + -*ity* = \_\_\_\_\_\_; definition \_\_\_\_\_\_

**4.** Once the shooting stopped, we were generally impressed by the **civility** of the conquering soldiers toward us.

civil + -ity = ; definition \_\_\_\_\_

**5.** Sam's **felicity** was obvious as he grinned and whistled his way down the street.

felic (happy) + -ity = \_\_\_\_\_\_ ; definition \_\_\_\_\_\_

**6.** The general showed great **forbearance** when confronted by his subordinate's failure to win the strategic site.

forbear (hold back) + -ance = \_\_\_\_\_; definition \_\_\_\_\_

### Vocabulary Power continued

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7. Meanwhile, the army was barely surviving on a **subsistence** diet of dried beef and a small daily ration of water.

**8.** The yearly variance in crops makes farming an economically challenging business.

**9.** In **deference** to the honorable service of the troops, the president insisted on a respectful silence from the crowd.

10. After the Civil War, the South struggled for years to regain prosperity.

#### **EXERCISE B** Antonyms

Write the vocabulary word that is most nearly opposite in meaning.

- **1.** simplicity \_\_\_\_\_ **6.** misery
- **2.** rudeness \_\_\_\_\_\_ **7.** decency \_\_\_\_\_
- **3.** connection \_\_\_\_\_\_ **8.** poverty \_\_\_\_\_
- **4.** abundance \_\_\_\_\_\_ **9.** impatience \_\_\_\_\_
- **5.** disrespect \_\_\_\_\_\_ **10.** unanimity \_\_\_\_\_

#### **EXERCISE C** Usage

Answer each question.

- 1. What is one thing you could do to show your **deference** for returning war veterans?
- 2. What is something you might buy during a time of **prosperity?**
- 3. How might strangers show **civility** toward each other?
- 4. What is one situation in which parents could show forbearance to their children?
- 5. What is one tactic people at variance with each other might use?

### Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 15 Prefixes That Show Time and Space:** pro-, re-, pre-

Prefixes, word parts added to the beginning of a base word or word root, can modify a word's meaning in many different ways. For example, all the vocabulary words in this lesson contain prefixes showing time or space. The box contains three of these time and space prefixes, their meanings, and an example of each.

Prefix	Meaning	Example
pro-	in front of	project
re-	back	recall
pre-	before	pretest

Word List			
preamble	preponderance	recession	refugee
prelude	prostrate	redress	restoration
preoccupy	protrude		

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Read the paragraph below, paying close attention to the context of the boldfaced words. Then, use your understanding of the prefixes explained above to choose the word that correctly matches the definition.

Last week, our class took a field trip to a Civil War battle site where historians have created a highly realistic restoration of the battle scene. As a prelude to the tour, we attended a lecture outlining the battle events. The preponderance of battle casualties were Confederate troops. As the battle continued, refugees fleeing the violence were driven off the road by the urgent **recession** of the Confederate cavalry seeking to avoid capture. Though the civilians left all their possessions behind, they were promised redress of their grievances against the Union army. At the gate entering the battle site, historians had posted a copy of the **Preamble** to the U.S. Constitution to remind us of the war's heart-wrenching impact on the nation. I was horrified by the battle imagery. Half-buried guns **protruded** from the ground and wounded soldiers lay **prostrate** as far as the eye could see. Even now, a week after our visit, the terrible images **preoccupy** my thoughts.

 I. STUCK OUT	 <b>6.</b> reconstruction
 2. compensation	 7. people fleeing
 3. engage interest	 8. withdrawing
 4. introductory event	 <b>9.</b> superiority in power
5. stretched out	10. introduction to a law

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Vocabulary Power

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Class

## Vocabulary Power continued

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

If the boldfaced word is correctly used in the sentence, write *correct* above it. If it is not, draw a line through the word and write the correct vocabulary word above it.

- 1. The **Preamble** to the Constitution summarizes the nation's most important goals.
- **2.** Anyone wanting a refund can seek **preponderance** of their complaints after the session.
- **3.** Until security is significantly improved, concern for student safety will **redress** the entire faculty.
- **4.** Full **restoration** of privileges will occur only after the perpetrators write apologies to the victims.
- **5.** Our class chose a Beatles song for the **recession** at our graduation ceremony.
- **6.** The organization has a fund for the support of **preludes** from war-torn countries.
- **7.** Overcome by the heat, the victim lay **prostrate** on the floor.
- **8.** There is a **prelude** of evidence to show that the defendant was a spy for the opposing army.
- 9. Poverty left scores of malnourished children with shoulder blades that **protrude** sharply from their shirts.
- 10. The Battle at Fort Sumter proved to be only the **restoration** to a long and bitter war.

#### **EXERCISE C** Word Association

For each group of words, write the vocabulary word that best fits.

1. compensate, amend, remedy,	5. prone, horizontal, flat,
2. withdrawal, removal, regression,	6. importance, superiority, majority,
3. repair, renewal, renovation,	7. overture, beginning, curtain raiser,
4 hulge jut overhang	8 engage absorb engross

#### **EXERCISE D** Multiple-Meaning Words

Many words in English have more than one meaning. Each meaning, however, is based on the meaning of the root word. The word *recession*, for example, is from the Latin root *recessus*, meaning "to go back." On a separate sheet of paper, write the dictionary definition of *recession* as it is used in each sentence.

- **1.** The nation suffered a **recession** after the output of the goods and services declined.
- **2.** The bank's **recession** of the deed was final.
- **3. Recession** of hairlines constitutes a problem for many men.
- **4.** The president and his aides filed out of the chamber in a dignified **recession**.

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Name Da	ate Class
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#### **Lesson 16 Using Reference Skills**

#### **Using a Thesaurus: Synonyms and Antonyms**

A thesaurus, which lists both synonyms and antonyms, is a useful reference source. With a thesaurus, you can locate words with similar meanings (synonyms) and often words with opposite meanings (antonyms). You can use these options to ensure that you say exactly what you mean. Below is a sample thesaurus entry.

profuse adj. 1. generous, extravagant, lavish, prodigal, openhanded, excessive 2. teeming, abounding, plentiful, abundant, limitless, overflowing, ample

**Antonym:** 1. stingy, miserly, mean, selfish 2. thin, meager, sparse, scarce, inadequate

#### **EXERCISE A**

Replace profuse in each sentence below with a synonym. Then, using an antonym from the sample entry above, write a new sentence on the line.

- 1. The wedding was a gala affair, with **profuse** decorations filling all the rooms.
- **2.** All around me in the clear, blue-green waters were **profuse** schools of tiny, brilliantly colored fish.
- **3.** She so overwhelmed him with her **profuse** apologies that he began to blush.

synonym \_\_\_\_\_

#### **EXERCISE B**

1. ardently

For each boldfaced word, use a thesaurus to write an antonym and a synonym.

antonym \_\_\_\_\_

- synonym \_\_\_\_ 2. audaciously antonym 3. censure antonym synonym \_\_\_\_\_ antonym \_\_\_ 4. imperious synonym \_\_\_\_\_ 5. placid antonym synonym
- 6. uncertain antonym \_\_\_\_\_ synonym \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. fastidious antonym \_\_\_\_\_ synonym \_\_\_\_\_ 8. docile antonym \_\_\_\_\_ synonym \_\_\_\_\_
- antonym \_\_\_\_\_ 9. brusque synonym \_\_\_\_\_

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# Vocabulary Power

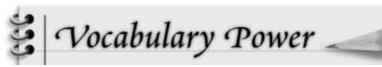
#### **Review: Unit 4**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

1. An informant is	
a. a special kind of diet	c. someone who sings songs
<b>b.</b> someone who provides facts	d. a state of chaos
2. You would expect to hear a preamble	
a. at the beginning of a speech	c. in the middle of a speech
<b>b.</b> at the end of a speech	d. three times during a speech
3. If I am prostrate, I am	
a. lying face up b. sitting cross-legged c. l	ying face down <b>d.</b> standing up
4. If I treat you with civility, I	
a. insult you and call you names	c. can't remember your name
<b>b.</b> ignore you when you speak	d. inquire if you've been well
<b>5.</b> During a time of prosperity, people	
a. can often save extra money	c. cannot find jobs
<b>b.</b> may not have enough to eat	d. have greater purchasing power
<b>6.</b> When a building is obliterated, it	
a. has been rebuilt	c. has just been completed
<b>b.</b> is totally destroyed	<b>d.</b> is in the planning stages
7. If I have vanquished the other player, I have	<u>.</u>
a. achieved total victory	c. played terribly and lost badly
<b>b.</b> held my own but lost the game	d. met my match and struggled to a close victory
8. If I meet refugees on the road, they are most like	ely to be
a. bringing food supplies to wounded soldiers	c. fleeing for their lives
<b>b</b> . repairing their racing bikes	d. selling lemonade to passersby
9. If I show forbearance, I	
a. patiently hide my annoyance	c. yell and scream at everyone
<b>b.</b> feel no emotions at all	d. don't understand what's being said to me
10. When there is anarchy, the government	
a. strictly controls people's lives	c. does not exist
<b>b.</b> is faced with a peaceful transition	d. is ruled by a king or queen

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#### **Test: Unit 4**

#### PART A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1. He decided to	the baby with a rattl	e and a song so she wo	ould stop crying.				
<b>a.</b> preoccupy	<b>b.</b> obliterate	c. agitate	d. vanquish				
2. In the climactic scene of the movie, the hero corners the villain and pressures him to							
<b>a.</b> capitulate	<b>b.</b> ridicule	<b>c.</b> prostrate	d. agitate				
3. Sheila's large boxes	from the trunk	of her red car.					
<b>a.</b> redress	<b>b</b> . protrude	<b>c.</b> jeopardize	<b>d.</b> agitate				
4. The human rights gro	oups sadly reported on th	ne they had see	en in the impoverished area.				
a. felicity	<b>b</b> . prosperity	<b>c.</b> depravity	<b>d.</b> restoration				
5. Because of unemplo	oyment, a large portion o	of the community is livi	ng at a level.				
a. restoration	<b>b.</b> subsistence	<b>c</b> . forbearance	<b>d.</b> censure				
6. You must not allow	these anxieties to	you unnecessarily.					
a. redress	<b>b</b> . protrude	<b>c</b> . agitate	<b>d.</b> censure				
<b>7.</b> A of data s	hows that strong aroma	s repel deer.					
<b>a.</b> preponderance	<b>b.</b> variance	<b>c</b> . deference	<b>d.</b> complexity				
8. The governor's	of the official's action	ons hurt his political par	ty at the polls.				
<b>a.</b> forbearance	<b>b</b> . felicity	<b>c.</b> censure	<b>d</b> . civility				
9. We must dismiss so	me workers, but we will	pay a full four weeks o	f pay to each of you.				
a. variance	<b>b.</b> severance	<b>c.</b> aggression	<b>d.</b> forbearance				
<b>10.</b> The testimony of a r	reliable was use	ed to write this newspap	per article.				
<b>a.</b> refugee	<b>b</b> . prelude	<b>c.</b> informant	<b>d.</b> redress				
PART B							
Circle the letter of the	word that means mo	ost nearly the <i>opposi</i>	te.				
1. prostrate							
<b>a.</b> horizontal	<b>b.</b> erect	c. reclining	<b>d.</b> prone				

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- 2. recession
  - a. withdrawal
- **b.** removal
- **c.** procession
- d. depression

- 3. restoration
  - **a.** decline
- **b.** renovation
- **c.** detailing
- **d.** comeback

### 3

### Vocabulary Power continued

4. ridicule

**a.** laughter

**b.** derision

c. pollution

**d.** respect

5. jeopardize

a. secure

**b.** endanger

c. risk

**d.** interrupt

6. rancor

**a.** kindness

**b.** loudness

c. hostility

d. calmness

7. obliterate

**a.** exterminate

**b.** delete

c. pulverize

**d.** construct

8. aggression

a. hostility

**b.** violence

c. friendliness

d. excitement

9. preamble

a. epilogue

**b.** preface

**c.** introduction

d. prediction

10. forbearance

a. understanding

**b.** knowledge

c. background

d. ruthlessness

#### **PART C**

#### Circle the word that best completes the sentence.

- **1.** A state of (civility, anarchy, restoration) pervades the war-torn country.
- **2.** I admire the way you show (deference, severance, aggression) to your grandfather.
- 3. The Marcineks celebrated thirty years of marriage in (felicity, recession, preponderance).
- **4.** Vote for me on election day, and I guarantee to bring back high-paying jobs and (censure, recession, prosperity).
- 5. We have signed an agreement that promises to (jeopardize, agitate, redress) our grievances.
- **6.** Though Pam had practiced for months, most listeners found the (preponderance, prelude, prosperity) was flawed.
- 7. As a(n) (refugee, informant, forbearance), I come to this country with a desire to escape persecution.
- 8. We have seen a significant (recession, rancor, variance) in opinion on these critical election-year issues.
- 9. The school has issued new behavior codes as we feel that basic (civility, ridicule, subsistence) is important.
- 10. Cindy was (imperious, placid, uncertain) about which classes she should take next year.

Name	Date	Class



### **Lesson 17 Using Context Clues**

When you listen to someone speak, you hear both the words and the vocal clues. Both these factors help create what we think of as a person's "voice." The vocabulary words in this lesson explore these different aspects of voice.

Word List			
commentary	fervent	invoke	monotone
elucidate	inflection	lustrous	resonance
evocative	intonation		

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Use the context to find the probable meaning of the boldfaced word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning. Make sure to use the definition that matches the context.

1.	Fearlessly, Marlene delivered her <b>commentary</b> against the injustices of the penal system.
	Dictionary definition
2.	The lecturer's <b>monotone</b> detracted from the importance of his message.
	Dictionary definition
3.	She used vocal <b>inflection</b> effectively to keep the attention of the audience.
	Dictionary definition
4.	Chandra's long black hair fell in rich, <b>lustrous</b> waves.
	Dictionary definition
5.	Danielle issued a <b>fervent</b> plea for aid over the airwaves.
	Dictionary definition
6.	The <b>evocative</b> words of William Wordsworth inspired the audience.
	Dictionary definition
7.	The mayor had to <b>invoke</b> the city's drought-control regulations to reduce water consumption.
	Dictionary definition

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Vocabulary Power

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### Vocabulary Power continued

8. The underwater resonance chambers recorded the vibrations from the earthquake.

Dictionary definition

9. Changing the intonation in your speech can indicate an exclamation or a question.

Dictionary definition

10. She has tried to elucidate her position, but her constituents still do not understand her.

Dictionary definition

#### **EXERCISE B** Synonyms

Circle the letter of the word that is most similar in meaning to the vocabulary word.

- 1. invoke
  - **a.** stimulate
- **b.** relate
- **c.** summon
- d. overpower

- 2. elucidate
  - **a.** obscure
- **b.** clarify
- **c.** confuse
- **d.** equivocate

- 3. lustrous
  - a. glistening
- **b.** drab
- **c.** barren
- **d.** clumsy

- 4. fervent
  - **a.** detached
- **b.** enclosed
- **c.** ardent
- **d.** cool

- 5. evocative
  - **a.** arousing
- **b.** temporary
- **c.** forgetful
- **d.** aggravating

- 6. resonance
  - **a.** monotone
- **b.** silence
- **c.** vibration
- **d.** preponderance

#### **EXERCISE C** Context Clues

Write the vocabulary word that best matches the clue.

- 1. A newspaper editorial is one.
- 2. What changes about your voice when you ask a question?
- 3. Which word could describe the ringing of a bell?
- **4.** Which word could describe the effects of your favorite song? \_\_\_\_\_
- **5.** A sequined dress could be described this way.
- **6.** People in positions of power can do this with policies.



#### Lesson 18 The Word Roots path, pathy, and pass

Word roots are the building blocks around which thousands of words are constructed. Recognizing these word roots and knowing their basic meanings will help you to construct meanings for unfamiliar words. The Greek roots *path*, *pathy*, and the Latin root *pass* mean "feel" or "suffer." All the vocabulary words in this lesson contain one of these roots. Think about how each word can relate to "feeling" or "suffering."

Word List			
antipathy apathy	impassioned impassive passionate	passive pathetic	pathology pathos
empathy	passionate		

Class

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

1.

Read the paragraph below, studying the context of the boldfaced words. On the lines, write each word in the order it appears in the paragraph. Then, circle the word roots—path, pathy, or pass. Finally, from the list at the right, choose the best definition for each word and write the letter of that definition next to the word.

When our psychology class was studying the nature of emotions, each of us role-played an emotion. Ed opted for **apathy** because he doesn't care about anything. Joanna played an **impassive** person because she doesn't show her feelings, even though we think she has them. Sadly, Addie volunteered to be **pathetic** because she knows we all feel sorry for her. Chris always shows sympathy to her, so we named him **pathos**. Maria jumped in excitedly, shouting that she had to take the role of **impassioned**. That posed a problem for Reanne, who also feels every emotion intensely. We gave her **passionate**. Rich said he'd take whatever role we said, so, of course, he became **passive**. Keith hated the whole exercise, so we assigned him **antipathy**. I played **empathy** because I did such a good job of understanding everyone else's concerns. After the role-playing, Mrs. Suarez said that next we'd study **pathology**, which focuses on the causes of physical problems.

	ar arremotion or sympathetic pity
2	<b>b.</b> lack of feeling or emotion
3	c. dislike
4	d. capacity for participation in another's feelings or ideas
5	e. study of the nature of diseases
6	f. able to move one to pity
7	g. capable of, affected by, or expressing intense feeling
8	h. lacking energy or will
9	i. giving no sign of feeling or emotion
10	i filled with passion or zeal

a an emotion of sympathetic pity

Vocabulary Power Unit 5, Lesson 18 **43** 

## 3

### Vocabulary Power continued

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

Draw a line through the word in parentheses that *cannot* be used to complete the sentence.

- 1. The politically minded students were engaged in a(n) (impassioned, passionate, passive) debate about the future of Puerto Rico.
- 2. Jason is a (passionate, pathetic, passive) student; he never participates.
- **3.** Our nation was founded by (impassioned, passionate, impassive) patriots.
- **4.** Because of the president's admirable accomplishments, voters view him as (impassioned, passionate, pathetic).
- **5.** I feel nothing but (antipathy, pathos, empathy) toward these victims whose lives have been shattered by violence.

#### **EXERCISE C** Usage

Circle the letter of the expression that best completes each statement.

1. When you feel <b>empathy</b> toward people, you might					
a. yell at them	c. understand them				
<b>b.</b> stare at them	<b>d.</b> ignore them				
2. If you study <b>pathology</b> , you will learn					
a. what causes diseases	c. about people's religious ideas				
<b>b.</b> why people cry	<b>d.</b> the history of U.S. politics				
3. As a passionate person, you might					
a. sit at home most nights	<b>c.</b> exercise once a week				
<b>b.</b> devote yourself to causes	d. sleep a lot				
4. Hearing an impassioned speech could make you					
a. sleepy	c. respond eagerly				
<b>b.</b> confused	<b>d.</b> counterproductive				
5. If you seem <b>pathetic</b> to me, I					
a. admire you	c. despise you				
<b>b.</b> look like you	d. feel sorry for you				
6. If I am passive, I					
a. will do whatever you want	c. won't let you push me around				
<b>b.</b> have very strong ideas	d. feel emotions deeply				

#### **EXERCISE D** Short Essay

Choose a topic about which you feel strongly. On a separate sheet of paper, write a few sentences telling about the topic and about how you and others feel about it. Use at least three vocabulary words.

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## Vocabulary Power

#### Lesson 19 Prefixes That Show Quantity or Size: bi-, quadr-, pent-, quint-

Prefixes are word parts affixed to the beginning of base words or word roots to change their meaning. All the words in this lesson contain prefixes relating to quantity or size. When you encounter them at the beginning of words, they provide clues to meaning. Study the boxed definitions, particularly noting that pent- and quint- have the same meaning, although *pent*- comes from Greek and *quint*- from Latin.

Prefix	Meaning	Example	Prefix	Meaning	Example
bi-	two	bicycle	quadr-	four	quarter
pent-	five	pentagon	quint-	five	quintet

**Word List** 

biennial pentagon quadrant quintet bilingual pentathlon quadruple quintuplet

binocular quadrangle

#### **EXERCISE A** Prefixes

Use the prefixes defined above and the contexts of the following sentences to speculate on the definition of each word. Then, draw a line through the italicized expression and, above it, write a vocabulary word to replace that word or phrase. Verify your choices by looking up each vocabulary word in a dictionary and writing that definition on the line provided.

I.	Suzanne	naa	trained	nara to	r montns,	aeterminea	to v	win the	atnietic	competition	reaturing	iive evei	nts.
	Dictionan	v dof	inition										

2. To help them remember the name of the last one of five children born to the same mother from the same pregnancy, my friend's parents named him Quentin.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

- **3.** We tremendously enjoyed last night's concert, which featured a *band of five musicians* called Merry Madness. Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. I guarantee that, if you adopt my long-range plan, sales will double, maybe even multiply times four within five years.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

- **5.** The London square, famous for its gardens, is divided into *four equal sections* marked by brick paths. Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_
- **6.** Meet me after the lecture at the entrance to the *four-sided plaza* surrounded by buildings. Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

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Nan	Name Date	Class
3	Vocabulary Power continued	
7.	7. The Department of Defense uses a famous <i>five-sided shape</i> as a logo.  Dictionary definition	
8.	<b>8.</b> Most people's vision is <i>through both eyes</i> , which can mean that one eye's the other's weakness.  Dictionary definition	
9.	<ul><li>9. As a result of immigration patterns, many more Americans today are <i>able t</i> twenty years ago.</li><li>Dictionary definition</li></ul>	, , , ,
10.	<b>10.</b> Although this year we really enjoy the <i>printed every two years</i> publication, we Dictionary definition	,
	<b>EXERCISE B</b> Usage Write the vocabulary word that matches the clue or question.	
	Which common noun is frequently used as a proper noun?	
	Someone with four brothers or sisters sharing the same birthday could be	
	· ·	one.
	<ul><li>3. Which word might describe an Olympic event?</li><li>4. When you increase 20 to 80, this happens to 20.</li></ul>	
Э.	5. One quarter of a mapped area could be called this	-
Fill	EXERCISE C Etymology  Fill in the vocabulary word that best completes each sentence. Then, e the word's meaning.	xplain how the prefix affects
1.	Knowing that the Latin word <i>annus</i> means "year" and the Latin prefix -bi- r determine the meaning of  Explanation	
2.	2. You may be able to guess the meaning of when yo lingua means "tongue" and often refers to languages.  Explanation	
3.	<b>3.</b> Once you determine that the Latin root <i>oculus</i> relates to eyes, you can eas Explanation	•
4.	<b>4.</b> The Latin word <i>athlon</i> , meaning "contest," is related to the word Explanation	

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#### **Lesson 20 Using Reference Skills**

#### **Using a Dictionary: Multiple Meanings**

Sometimes you'll read or hear a word that won't make any sense to you, even though you think you know what the word means. This may be because it's being used differently from the one you know. Some words have multiple meanings. A dictionary can help you match definitions to the correct context. Study the numbered definitions in a dictionary entry to see how they differ from one another in meaning, part of speech, or usage. Look at the sample entry below.

**binder** [bin der] n 1. a person that binds something (as books) 2. a. something used in binding b. a usually detachable cover (as for holding sheets of paper) c. the sheet of tobacco that binds the filler in a cigar 3. something (as tar or cement) that binds or holds together a loosely assembled substance 4. a receipt for money paid to secure the right to purchase real estate on agreed terms

**Word List** 

fabricate sanction abstract patronage assimilate instrumental rabble status

manifest binder

#### **EXERCISE A**

Use the sample entry above to decide which meaning of binder is used in each sentence.

- 1. Only a well-trained **binder** can possibly repair this damage.
- 2. We sold the cigar factory enough **binder** to last through the rest of the year, so we can't understand the lag in production.
- **3.** You can use low-fat yogurt instead of high-fat sour cream as a **binder** in most dressings or sauces.
- 4. We rushed our binder check down to the agent at 8 o'clock last night because we were afraid of losing the apartment if we waited until the next morning.
- **5.** My teacher insisted that we have a separate **binder** for each school subject. \_\_\_\_\_

#### **EXERCISE B**

Use a dictionary to find at least two definitions for the remaining vocabulary words. Record the definitions on a separate sheet of paper. Then, write a sentence using one meaning of each word.

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Class \_



# Vocabulary Power

**Review: Unit 5** 

#### **EXERCISE A**

For each group of words, circle the letter of the word that best fits.

<ol> <li>psychology, biological antipathy</li> </ol>	ogy, physiology, <b>b</b> . empathy	<b>c.</b> pathos	<b>d.</b> pathology
<ol><li>triangle, square,</li><li>a. quintet</li></ol>	diamond, <b>b.</b> pentagon	<b>c.</b> binocular	<b>d.</b> monotone
<ol><li>bright, glossy, da</li><li>a. lustrous</li></ol>	zzling, <b>b.</b> evocative	c. fervent	d. passionate
<ol> <li>editorial, opinion</li> <li>inflection</li> </ol>	•	<b>c.</b> binocular	<b>d.</b> commentary
	, perennial, <b>b</b> . antipathy	<b>c.</b> biennial	<b>d.</b> quintuplet

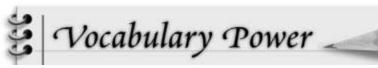
#### **EXERCISE B**

Circle the letter of the vocabulary word that best completes each sentence.

1.	I. Dr. Fredericks has developed a highly experimental surgical approach to restore vision.			
	a. bilingual	<b>b.</b> biennial	<b>c.</b> binocular	<b>d.</b> monotone
2.	Auditions for the wor	ld-famous Chicago	will begin next Mo	nday.
	<b>a.</b> quadrangle	<b>b.</b> quintet	c. pentagon	<b>d.</b> pentathlon
3.	Without, no	leader can truly apprec	iate the needs of his or	her supporters.
	<b>a.</b> patronage	<b>b.</b> inflection	c. empathy	<b>d.</b> status
4.	Because of the urgeno	cy of the message, the n	etwork broadcast the far	mily's request for a heart donor.
	a. passionate	<b>b.</b> impassive	<b>c.</b> lustrous	<b>d.</b> abstract
5.	Stan was forced to	the no-trade clau	se in his contract.	
	<b>a</b> . fabricate	<b>b</b> . manifest	<b>c</b> . assimilate	d. invoke

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#### **Test: Unit 5**

#### PART A

Circle the letter of the word that most nearly means the opposite of the boldfaced word.

- 1. impassive
  - a. reserved
- **b.** responsive
- c. self-contained
- **d.** stolid

- 2. impassioned
  - a. fervent
- **b.** animated
- c. intense
- **d.** reserved

- 3. apathy
  - a. coldness
- **b.** poise
- **c.** enthusiasm
- **d.** shock

- 4. abstract
  - **a.** withdraw
- **b**. concrete
- c. separate
- **d.** detach

- 5. antipathy
  - **a.** love
- **b.** pity
- **c.** apathy
- d. passion

- 6. passive
  - a. modest
- **b.** dull
- c. energetic
- d. humble

#### **PART B**

Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

- 1. In our historic district, the zoning board will deny the application for a \_\_\_\_\_-shaped residence.
  - a. quadrangle
- **b.** quintet
- c. pentagon
- **d.** quadrant
- 2. According to the article in today's paper, one \_\_\_\_\_\_ faces life-threatening health problems and may not survive.
  - **a.** quintuplet
- **b.** pentathlon
- **c.** quadruple
- d. quintet
- 3. She won the ice-cream eating contest with a final effort by devouring a \_\_\_\_\_-scoop of chocolate.
  - **a.** monotone
- **b.** passionate
- **c.** quadruple
- **d.** bilingual
- **4.** The southeast \_\_\_\_\_ of the mine can be reached only through a series of dangerous tunnels.
  - a. pentagon
- **b.** quintuplet
- **c.** commentary
- **d.** quadrant
- **5.** Change the \_\_\_\_\_ of your voice when you reach the second major point in your speech.
  - **a.** pathology
- **b.** commentary
- **c.** intonation
- **d.** quadrangle
- **6.** They described a \_\_\_\_\_ scene of homelessness and hunger.
  - **a.** passive
- **b.** pathetic
- c. lustrous
- **d.** fervent
- 7. In her moving portrayal of Sarah Bernhardt, the actress communicated great \_\_\_\_\_
  - **a.** status
- **b.** inflection
- **c.** pathos
- **d.** apathy



# Vocabulary Power continued

8. After studying Spar	nish for years, Noah is	certain to be an asset t	o a firm.	
a. binocular	<b>b.</b> monotone	<b>c.</b> lustrous	<b>d</b> . bilingual	
<b>9.</b> Many different eler <b>a.</b> passive	ments can stimulate a( <b>b.</b> evocative	n) response; c. monotone	for example, the visual art <b>d.</b> impassive	S.
•			ese youngsters would hav	e succeeded.
<b>a.</b> passionate	<b>b.</b> lustrous	<b>c.</b> pathetic	<b>d.</b> biennial	

#### **PART C**

#### Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

1.	If elections were biennial, they	
	a. took place in 1988 and 1990	c. were outlawed
	<b>b.</b> happened every four years	d. were unfairly administered
2	. Without pathology, doctors	
	a. wouldn't get paid	c. would only be men
	<b>b.</b> would have to mix their own medicines	<b>d.</b> wouldn't know the causes of disease
3	. Empathy would be an especially important job skill for _	
	a. a counselor	c. a race car driver
	<b>b.</b> a construction worker	d. an airplane pilot
4	. A car might look lustrous after	
	a. a bad accident	c. it's been waxed
	<b>b.</b> it's been sold	d. a hailstorm

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## Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 21 Using Synonyms**

What's your life like? What do you think life is like for a teenager in Africa, Russia, or France? Life differs for each person, depending on such things as location, age, daily tasks, and health. The words in this lesson all apply to understanding or describing someone's life.

**Word List** 

nutritious conflagration emaciated repression conventional enterprising prevail turmoil

deluge gusto

#### **EXERCISE A** Synonyms

Synonyms are words with similar meanings. Each boldfaced word is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the synonym and write them on the line provided. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

i. conflagration : wildlife	
Dictionary definition	
Dictionary definition	
4. repression: tyranny	
5. prevail : triumph	
Dictionary definition	
6. conventional : ordinary	
8. nutritious : healthful	
Dictionary definition	
·	
Dictionary definition	

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0	vocabalary Tower	continue

10. turmoil: commotion		
Dictionary definition		

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

#### Draw a line through the italicized expression and replace it with the correct vocabulary word.

- 1. Since yesterday, the *huge and terrible fire* had flared out of control, requiring even more firefighters.
- **2.** All the juniors agreed that it was too *commonplace* to hold the prom in the gym.
- **3.** In Ethiopia, *painfully thin* people are often seen trying to survive in the desert.
- **4.** Shelley brought her own personal *excitement and enthusiasm* to every task.
- **5.** Andrew's *inventive and adventurous* approach to corporate business transformed the stuffy old company.
- **6.** Torrential rains threatened to *flood water across* farms and homes in the river valley.
- **7.** America wishes China would stop the *holding down by force* of dissenting political views.
- **8.** Everyone should start the day with a *healthy, sustaining* breakfast.
- **9.** Fortunately, the sensational trial is nearly over and the daily *commotion* will subside.
- **10.** Give the trial one more day, and I'm certain our lawyers will *defeat the opponent*.

#### **EXERCISE C** Antonyms

#### Circle the letter of the word that is *opposite* in meaning to the boldfaced word.

<ol> <li>deluge</li> <li>a. flood</li> </ol>	<b>b.</b> mountain	c. drought	<b>d.</b> ice cap
<ul><li>a. cautious</li></ul>	<b>b.</b> ambitious	c. improved	<b>d.</b> animated
<ul><li>3. repression</li><li>a. control</li></ul>	<b>b</b> . duplication	c. liberation	<b>d.</b> repetition
<ul><li>4. prevail</li><li>a. surrender</li></ul>	<b>b</b> . conquer	c. avert	<b>d.</b> instigate
5. turmoil a. chaos	<b>b.</b> strife	<b>c.</b> anger	<b>d.</b> peace
<b>6. gusto a.</b> appreciation	<b>b.</b> anger	<b>c.</b> misery	<b>d.</b> laziness
7. emaciated a. obese	<b>b.</b> haggard	<b>c.</b> restrained	<b>d.</b> decorated
8. conventional a. worldly	<b>b.</b> commonplace	c. extraordinary	<b>d.</b> immense

Name	

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#### Lesson 22 Suffixes That Form Verbs: -ize, -ate, -ify

A suffix is usually a syllable placed at the end of a root word to change or add to its meaning. Some suffixes also change a word's part of speech. For example, all the vocabulary words in this lesson are verbs, created by adding the suffixes -ize, -ify, and -ate to root words. Look at the following definitions:

> -ize + visual = visualize (to make visual) -ate + active = activate (to make active)

-ify + beauty = beautify (to make beautiful)

**Word List** 

pollinate advocate falsify rejuvenate popularize amplify generalize standardize

computerize intensify

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Study the context of each boldfaced word. Write what you think the word means. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its definition.

I. You must <b>inte</b> i	<b>nsify</b> your effort	to master soc	ccer if you want	to make the team
---------------------------	--------------------------	---------------	------------------	------------------

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

**2.** We've hired a firm to **standardize** all of our business systems so that everything runs smoothly.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

**3.** People who want to **generalize** about the customs of another culture may not have all the facts.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

**4**. Owners who wanted to **computerize** their businesses waited until the Y2K problem had been resolved.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

**5.** Bees are useful creatures because they **pollinate** many crops and help flowers and trees to reproduce.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_\_

**6.** Speakers located in every hospital room **amplify** calls for help.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

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### Vocabulary Power continued

7.	Jamal refuses to wear leather shoes because he likes to <b>advocate</b> for animal rights.
	Dictionary definition
8.	Many experts believe Apple's Macintosh computer was the first to <b>popularize</b> home computers.
	Dictionary definition
9.	People who fled Nazi Germany often had to <b>falsify</b> identification papers or use fake exit visas.
	Dictionary definition
0.	A change of schedule and time off can <b>rejuvenate</b> a weary worker.
	Dictionary definition

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

Circle the word in parentheses that can be used to complete the sentence.

- 1. Some scientists are working on alternative ways to (computerize, pollinate, generalize) field crops.
- 2. Americans have managed to (amplify, advocate, popularize) blue jeans all around the world.
- **3.** The euro is a way to (intensify, falsify, standardize) the many different money systems in Europe.

#### **EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words

Many words have more than one meaning. Use a dictionary to help you write the exact meaning of each boldfaced word as it is used in the sentence below.

1.	After reading several books and articles, Kwan began to <b>generalize</b> about the use of mythological characters in computer games.
	Definition
2.	Although Jock had never met a Hindu, he thought he could <b>generalize</b> about them.  Definition
3.	Jorges started to <b>amplify</b> his speech with clever stories about his life.  Definition
4.	Although the new speakers on my computer are tiny, they greatly <b>amplify</b> the sound.  Definition
5.	To <b>amplify</b> the oxygen in the air, she added a number of large plants.

## **Lesson 23 Words from Technology**

In our busy lives, many of us rely more and more on technology. This reliance has created both new words and new uses for old words. The vocabulary words in this lesson reflect our increased use of technology.

**Word List** 

hologram simulation tutorial aerospace

oscillate virtual reality database synthesizer

digital semiconductor

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

In the paragraph below, study the context of the boldfaced words. Then, look at the meanings that are given at the end of the exercise and choose the letter of the expression that best explains the word. Finally, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write the definition that fits the context.

You've seen a digital clock that shows the time in numerals, but did you know there are digital computers also? Computers are one of many modern machines, such as synthesizers, which musicians use to generate a variety of sounds. The aerospace industry uses computers throughout its rockets and space shuttles, especially when running a training simulation of launches or other situations. It also uses computers to keep a database filled with information like climatic conditions and rocket functioning. Some computers now feature virtual reality, which makes you feel that you can almost step into the program's images. Think of the images as a hologram, or laser-produced image, brought to life. Of course, you'd need a tutorial to learn how to use these programs. All of these new machines use electricity in some way. The current may flow through a **semiconductor** or in waves that **oscillate** back and forth.

 digital     Dictionary definition
 2. synthesizer Dictionary definition
 3. aerospace Dictionary definition
 4. simulation  Dictionary definition
 5. database  Dictionary definition
 6. virtual reality Dictionary definition

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Date \_\_\_\_\_

Class

#### **EXERCISE C** Usage

5. piano, violin, tuba,

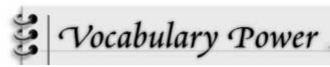
4. records, information files, accounts,

Name

If the boldfaced word is used correctly, write *correct* above it. If not, draw a line through the word and write the correct vocabulary word above it.

- 1. I watched the pendulum inside my family's grandfather clock **oscillate** slowly.
- **2.** Audiences appreciate the musical sounds that the storyteller produces with his **database**.
- **3.** The **virtual reality** industry took many years to recover from the Challenger space-shuttle disaster.
- **4.** The power outage locked the information inside my computer's **hologram** and slowed my work.
- **5.** Children in our family cannot have a **digital** clock until they can tell time on a traditional clock.

	<b>=</b> .
Name	Date



#### **Lesson 24 Using Reading Skills**

#### **Learning from Context: Comparison and Contrast**

Some context clues to unfamiliar words are in the form of comparison or contrast. For example, the sentence may contain other words or phrases that are either similar to or different from the unfamiliar word. Signal words such as *similarly, likewise,* and *also* may indicate comparison clues. Words such as *unlike, but,* and *whereas* can point out contrast clues.

Word List dilapidated nocturnal elusive odious garrulous querulous	sedate translucent	uncanny zenith
--------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------	-------------------

Class .

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the clue word that indicates comparison or contrast. Then, write the meaning of the boldfaced word. Consult a dictionary to confirm your answers.

1.	Like Belfont, which has also become run-down, our neighborhood's buildings are quite dilapidated.
2.	I sniffed the <b>elusive</b> fragrance of the flowers and the equally unidentifiable aroma wafting from the kitchen
3.	The man is absolutely <b>odious,</b> unlike Mr. Detrick who couldn't be more delightful.
4.	Jill has an <b>uncanny</b> ability to detect lies, whereas Mark has only ordinary ways of spotting dishonesty.
5.	I'd never met anyone as garrulous as Nancy, except for Luis, who is also very talkative.
6.	Mrs. Brown became <b>querulous</b> late in the day, just as a child gets cranky when it's nap time.
7.	The actress was at the <b>zenith</b> of her career, unlike her husband, who couldn't find a job.
8.	Like a see-through gauze curtain, the <b>translucent</b> lampshade let light spread across the room.
9.	European badgers are <b>nocturnal</b> animals, but American badgers often leave their nests during the day.
0.	I think of Quay as a <b>sedate</b> person who loves reading, but she can be outgoing in the right company.

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# Vocabulary Power

#### **Review: Unit 6**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the expression that best completes each sentence.

1. If I standardize tests, I	
a. make them the same	c. create individual tests
<b>b.</b> organize them alphabetically	d. rank them by difficulty
2. A tutorial program would primarily	
a. store information	c. instruct users in software use
<b>b.</b> generate new documents	d. send e-mail letters
<ul><li>3. If Andy is emaciated, he looks</li><li>a. overweight b. scrawny</li></ul>	c. angry d. eager
4. One example of a nutritious meal might be	
a. chips and soda	c. steak and sour cream
<b>b.</b> a hot dog and bun	d. chicken and salad
<ul><li>5. At a conflagration, you could possibly</li><li>a. get burned b. see a movie</li></ul>	c. meet new friends d. get fired from your job
<b>6.</b> To intensify my studies, I might	
a. put them on hold	c. continue my existing schedule
<b>b.</b> quit school entirely	d. increase my school hours
7. When bees pollinate flowers, they	
a. chew on the stems to create pollen	c. eat holes in the pollen leaves
<b>b.</b> destroy all the pollen	d. put pollen into the flower
8. An idea that you popularize becomes	<u></u> .
a. less well-known than before	c. off-limits to everyone but experts
<b>b.</b> familiar to many people	d. extremely expensive to manufacture
9. You might experience turmoil	
a. during exam week at school	c. while lying in the sun reading a book
<b>b.</b> while watching a lazy snowstorm	d. during a choir concert
<b>10</b> . In a deluge, you'd probably	
a. want sunscreen to protect your skin	c. need sandbags to hold back the water
<b>b.</b> feel exhausted from the altitude	d. crave sweet foods and pickles



### Vocabulary Power

#### **Test: Unit 6**

#### **PART A**

Circle the letter of the word that is a synonym, or similar in meaning.

- 1. standardize
  - **a.** terrify
- **b.** regulate
- **c.** develop
- **d.** amplify

- 2. rejuvenate
  - a. energize
- **b.** exhaust
- c. organize
- **d.** prevail

- 3. falsify
  - **a.** reveal
- **b.** mystify
- **c.** disguise
- **d.** realize

- 4. oscillate
  - a. regularize
- **b.** intensify
- **c.** alternate
- **d.** satisfy

- 5. enterprising
  - **a.** cautious
- **b.** absurd
- c. gigantic
- **d.** resourceful

- 6. nutritious
  - **a.** wholesome
- **b.** unhealthy
- c. religious
- **d.** delicious

- 7. conflagration a. meeting
- **b.** inferno
- **c.** challenge
- **d**. torment

- 8. amplify
  - a. enrage
- **b.** strengthen
- c. mutilate
- **d.** terminate

- 9. prevail
  - **a.** collapse
- **b.** awaken
- c. censor
- **d.** overcome

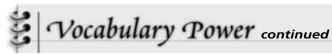
- 10. intensify
  - **a.** escalate
- **b.** minimize
- **c.** unify
- **d.** intercept

#### PART B

Circle the letter of the vocabulary word that best completes each sentence.

- **1.** After working for hours without eating, we ate with \_\_\_\_\_. a. repression
  - **b.** gusto
- **c.** turmoil
- d. simulation
- 2. Many electronic devices now include \_ components to help them deliver clearer sounds and images.
  - a. digital
- **b.** conventional
- c. nutritious
- d. elusive
- **3.** There is tremendous competition among the astronomers in the \_\_\_
  - **a.** synthesizer
- **b.** database
- **c.** aerospace
- d. zenith

industry.



4		anged the way electronic <b>b.</b> conflagration	•	herefore, the way businesses function. <b>d.</b> simulation		
5	ŭ	orgia tourist board, the c <b>b.</b> emaciated	•	mely and sophisticated.  d. cosmopolitan		
6		the athletes, the sch <b>b</b> . alienate	·			
7	<u>-</u>	their policies, they <b>b.</b> amplify		_		
8		ed develop the laser tech <b>b.</b> hologram	<del>-</del> ·	_		
9	· ·	frequently to a <b>b</b> . hologram		ght times and seating charts. <b>d.</b> database		
10	10. During hurricane season, many coastal areas must be on guard against tidal surges that threaten to					
	their communities.					
	<b>a.</b> deluge	<b>b.</b> amplify	c. rejuvenate	d. pollinate		

#### PART C

#### Circle the word that best completes the sentence.

- 1. This aircraft has special systems that will allow us to (computerize, sedate, amplify) our flight plan and keep the air controllers informed.
- **2.** After fifteen years of living under the (hologram, zenith, repression) of China's government, Professor Wang was thrilled to be in America.
- 3. (Conflagration, Virtual reality, Advocate) opens up new possibilities for people with disabilities.
- **4.** Through (simulation, repression, databases), we can teach brain surgery to new doctors without risking the lives of patients.
- **5.** A public person such as an athlete or entertainer can adopt a particular clothing style and easily (pollinate, popularize, falsify) it throughout the country.

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#### **Lesson 25 Using Context Clues**

Given the vast number of words and phrases devoted to giving, taking, and searching for new directions, it is not surprising to encounter literature that reflects this pursuit. Phrases such as put on the right track, point in the right direction, strike out for, set one's compass for, see which way the wind blows, as the crow flies, and straight as an arrow are just a few of the ways people describe the road that leads to a distant place. The words in this vocabulary lesson will help you express the different directions that you encounter, whether they are in literature or in real life.

Word List			
dissemble	impetuous	plague	reciprocate
dwindle	jostle	predilection	traverse
imminent	lurch		

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Write the vocabulary word that best matches each clue below.

1. Medieval Europe experienced a deadly outbreak of disease often referred to as this.

2. You might do this zigzag action on a ski slope to help you get up or down more easily.
3. You might experience this action on a crowded street where people push or elbow others out of their way.
4. Something that is about to occur is often described by this adjective
5. A person whose birthday you might celebrate might do this on your birthday.
6. A teenager in danger of being grounded for a curfew violation might do this
7. The movement of a ship on water may cause you to do this if the deck rolls or pitches suddenly.
8. If your savings have decreased, you might say that the money has done this
9. A person who acts in an unexpected and surprisingly spontaneous manner can be described as this.
10. If you have a preference for pizza, you have this for it.

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

Circle the word in parentheses that best completes the sentence.

- 1. In a(n) (imminent, impetuous, reciprocating) mood, Sal decided to quit his job, sell his house and car, and move to Australia, where he thought he might pilot scuba-diving boats out to the Great Barrier Reef.
- 2. Zuleika dreamed that a (traverse, predilection, plague) of locusts consumed all of the crops in the Great Plains.

## 3

### Vocabulary Power continued

- 3. Unable to (dissemble, dwindle, jostle) any longer, Sue admitted to writing the mystery letter.
- 4. To raise money for charity this summer, Karin plans to (reciprocate, traverse, lurch) the state on her bicycle.
- **5.** After an hour's wait for the band, interest in the concert began to (dwindle, lurch, reciprocate).
- **6.** Stan had to (lurch, jostle, dwindle) his packages around in order to get to the door.
- **7.** As the plane hit an air pocket, the flight attendant began to (jostle, dissemble, lurch) down the aisle, trying to hold onto the trays of drinks.
- **8.** Polly has few helpers for the tag sale because she is reluctant to (reciprocate, plague, traverse) favors.
- **9.** Gary's (traverse, predilection, plague) for science fiction movies is well-known among his friends.
- 10. The old tenement was condemned because it was in (imminent, impetuous, lurching) danger of collapse.

#### **EXERCISE C** Synonyms

#### Circle the letter of the word that is most similar in meaning.

<ul><li>a. helpful</li></ul>	<b>b.</b> stimulating	<b>c.</b> sarcastic	<b>d.</b> impulsive
<ul><li>2. plague</li><li>a. harass</li></ul>	<b>b.</b> celebrate	c. rotate	<b>d</b> . restore
<ol><li>dissemble</li><li>a. hold</li></ol>	<b>b.</b> slip	<b>c</b> . conceal	<b>d.</b> claim
<ul><li>4. reciprocate</li><li>a. exchange</li></ul>	<b>b.</b> convict	<b>c.</b> snipe	d. honor
5. imminent a. delinquent	<b>b.</b> misshapen	<b>c.</b> resulting	<b>d</b> . impending
<ul><li>6. traverse</li><li>a. strain</li></ul>	<b>b.</b> retire	<b>c.</b> cross	<b>d</b> . share
<ul><li>7. predilection</li><li>a. bias</li></ul>	<b>b</b> . embarrassment	<b>c.</b> avoidance	<b>d.</b> disgust

#### **EXERCISE D** Multiple-Meaning Words

On a separate sheet of paper, write an adventure tale for elementary school children, featuring a conflict and the characters who resolve it. Your tale can be realistic or fantastic, but it should communicate a relevant theme to its young audience. Use at least five of the vocabulary words. However, use each vocabulary word twice (if it has more than one meaning) so the first usage conveys a different meaning from the second.

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#### **Lesson 26 Word Usage**

People have many different characteristics. Some people are flexible and optimistic; others are rigid and negative. Most successful people are willing to meet the unexpected with a positive approach. The words in this lesson deal with ways people respond to new situations.

Word List			
ascertain	bizarre	tentative	ulterior
aspiration	broach	therapeutic	vanguard

susceptible awry

#### **EXERCISE A** Usage

Read the sentences below. Then, circle the letter of the correct definition of the boldfaced word.

- 1. Tina is so mentally and physically exhausted that a two-week vacation is a **therapeutic** necessity if she is to complete her project.
  - **a.** seemingly virtuous **c.** conforming to a standard
  - **b.** not associated or connected with others **d.** exhibiting healing powers
- **2.** Especially **susceptible** to compliments, Edgar can easily be diverted from his goals.
  - **a.** easily influenced or affected by c. threatening harm or evil
  - d. that which can be sacrificed **b.** that produces the desired effect
- 3. Mrs. Heller pursues her aspiration of becoming a world-class weight lifter by working out daily with a personal trainer.
  - a. release from an obligation c. a secluded, little used path
  - **b.** strong desire or ambition **d.** a sudden, widespread increase
- 4. In a bizarre twist, the storm turned inland.
  - **a.** indistinct c. strikingly odd
  - **b.** carefree **d.** urgent
- 5. Before the Dantes decide about installing a sprinkler system, they must ascertain whether their well can handle the additional water demands.
  - c. make liable for **a.** avoid by cleverness
  - **d.** discover with certainty **b.** strengthen by supporting the weight of
- **6.** Chris made only **tentative** plans for hiking tomorrow because the temperature is supposed to be one hundred degrees.
  - a. not fully worked out or agreed on **c.** concerned with only the obvious
  - **b.** tending to rise again **d.** favoring basic change

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### Vocabulary Power continued

- 7. I hate to **broach** the subject, but isn't that the weekend you promised to clean the garage and the attic?
  - a. show plainly

**c.** turn to for aid or information

**b.** bring up for discussion

- d. lead into error or misconduct
- **8.** Something always goes **awry** with Leslie's car after she takes it to the dealer for its maintenance checkup.
  - a. upside down

c. wrong

**b.** causing dissension

- d. against custom or habit
- **9.** Bella Abzug, Gloria Steinem, and Germaine Greer made up the **vanguard** of the women's liberation movement in the 1960s and 1970s.
  - a. case to which a rule does not apply
- c. a support system for a weak group

**b.** a shared characteristic

- d. leading position in a movement
- **10.** The director may have had an **ulterior** motive in inviting drama critics to the dress rehearsal, but his tactic obviously backfired; they all hated the play and gave it terrible reviews.
  - **a.** intentionally concealing so as to deceive
- c. deeply sorry for having done wrong
- **b.** logically connected and intelligible
- **d.** having interruptions or gaps

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

### If the boldfaced word is correctly used in the sentence, write *correct* above it. If not, draw a line through the word and write the correct vocabulary word above it.

- 1. Lenny had somewhat limited vanguards; his goal for the next marking period was to pass all his classes.
- March was a bizarre month: Phoenix, Arizona, had several inches of snow while Freeport, Maine, experienced summerlike temperatures.
- 3. Interviewing witnesses and examining physical evidence are two ways that detectives ascertain the facts in a case.
- **4.** Senior citizens, young children, and asthmatics are **tentative** to the heat and humidity.
- **5.** Afraid to **ascertain** the subject of the senior trip with his parents, Lyle kept postponing the discussion until it was almost too late.
- **6.** Music, especially classical, can often have a **therapeutic** effect.
- **7.** Terry has no **tentative** motive for offering a ride to voters without transportation.
- **8.** Something went **awry** with the recipe because the dough never rose.
- **9.** Yesterday, the union and the managers reached a **susceptible** agreement on the new contract.
- **10.** Egmont Arens, an industrial and packaging designer during the 1930s, was in the **vanguard** of engineers who believed that improved design could increase product sales.

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## Vocabulary Power

#### Lesson 27 Prefixes That Show Direction or Position: ex-, e-, ab-, a-, abs-, ad-

Three basic Latin prefixes and their variant spellings provide us with information regarding direction and help us understand the meaning of many different vocabulary words. Study the way the following prefixes interact with roots; then, apply what you have learned about these prefixes in the exercises that follow.

Prefix	Meaning	Root	Meaning	Word	Definition
e-, ex-	out, out from	mittere	to send	emit	to send out
		cavare	to hollow	excavate	to hollow out
ab-, a-, abs-	away, away from	ducere	to lead	abduct	to carry away by force
		vertere	to turn	avert	to turn away, prevent
		esse	to be	absent	not present
ad-, a-	to, toward	vocare	to call	advocate	one who argues for a cause
		figere	to fasten	affix	to attach

<b>Word List</b>			
abhor	appease	avocation	enumerate
adherent	appraise	emanate	exorbitant
adverse	averse		

#### **EXERCISE** Context Clues

Choose the word from the word list that best matches each clue. On the lines provided, write your own definition of the word. Then, look the word up in a dictionary and write its definition.

1 This word comes from the prefix ad- and the root pais meaning "peace" Mothers might do this to their

١.	. This word comes from the prefix da and the root pais, meaning peace. Mothers might do this to their
	children so that they don't have temper tantrums in the supermarket
	My definition
	Dictionary definition
2.	. This word is built from the prefix ex- and the root orbita, meaning "path" or "track." You might use this
	word to describe the price of expensive athletic shoes
	My definition
	Dictionary definition

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### Vocabulary Power continued

**3.** This verb comes from the prefix *ab*- added to the root *horrere*, meaning "to shudder." You might use it to describe how you feel about a bad person, place, or thing. My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_ 4. This noun comes from the prefix ad- and the root haerere, meaning "to stick." This kind of person could support your cause. My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_ **5.** This verb combines the prefix e- with the root numerare, meaning "number." You might do this if you were listing all the people going on the class field trip. My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_ **6.** This noun combines the prefix *ab*- and the root *vocare*, meaning "to call." A synonym for this word is hobby. \_\_\_\_\_ My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_ 7. This verb comes from the prefix ad- and the root versus, meaning "turning." If you live in an area where winter's temperatures are below freezing, the winter climate conditions are considered this. My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_ 8. This verb is built from the prefix ex- and the root manare, meaning "to flow." Loud voices and laughter might do this from a room. My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_ **9.** When the prefix ad- is added to the root pretium, meaning "price," this verb is created. You might seek an expert to do this if you think you have something valuable to sell. My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_ 10. This adjective comes from the prefix ab- and the root vertere, meaning "to turn." If you feel like this about someone or something, you are likely to avoid the person or thing. My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

# Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 28 Using Reading Skills**

#### **Learning from Context: Cause and Effect**

Every time you read, you probably discover new words. Instead of stopping to look up their definitions in a dictionary, you can often figure out their meaning from the context, or the words around them. One type of context clue describes causes or effects that hint at the meanings of other words in the sentence. In the following sentence, a clue word can help you determine the meaning of equivocal.

Television's contribution to family life has been an equivocal one because, while it has kept members of the family from dispersing, it has not served to bring them together.

The word because signals that the example sentence makes a cause-and-effect statement. Using the clue word, you can figure out that television has not hurt family life, but it also has not helped it. Therefore, you can conclude that it has had an ambiguous, uncertain, or equivocal effect. Other examples of clue words and phrases that relate to cause and effect are since, as a result, therefore, consequently, so, accordingly, and thus.

#### **EXERCISE**

Use the clue words in the following sentences to figure out the meaning of the boldfaced words. On the lines provided, write your definition of the word, then the dictionary definition.

**1.** Because of Mona's **sedentary** job, she tries to exercise before and after work.

	My definition
	Dictionary definition
2.	Darrell received a substantial raise after only three months at his new job as a result of being a dedicated and <b>assiduous</b> worker.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
3.	Since the owner didn't have to borrow money to get started and since business was good from the beginning, the restaurant was <b>solvent</b> immediately.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
4.	The jury felt that there were <b>extenuating</b> circumstances surrounding the crime; thus, they found the defendant not guilty.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
5.	The wide receiver clung to the football <b>tenaciously</b> because a fumble would have cost his team the game and the championship.  My definition
	Dictionary definition

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# Vocabulary Power

#### **Review: Unit 7**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the expression that best explains the boldfaced word.

1. A person <b>susceptible</b> to flattery might be expected to _	·
a. ignore compliments	c. be calmed by reassuring comments
<b>b.</b> believe insincere praise	d. have everything he or she needs
2. An impetuous person	
a. is indispensable	c. changes other people's beliefs
<b>b.</b> is a loyal friend	d. tends to make sudden decisions
3. When you appraise an item, you	
a. raise it in rank or importance	c. blame it on someone
<b>b.</b> estimate quality or size	d. avoid all questions
<b>4.</b> Someone who <b>reciprocates</b>	
a. will return a favor	c. will get well again
<b>b.</b> will mediate differences	d. acknowledges worth
<b>5.</b> A detective who <b>ascertains</b> the facts will	
a. refuse to comply with them	c. suppress them
<b>b.</b> state them clearly and directly	d. discover them through detailed examination
<b>6.</b> If tantalizing smells <b>emanate</b> from the kitchen,	-
a. they cause burning eyes	<b>c.</b> they are counteracted by air fresheners
<b>b.</b> they penetrate the walls	<b>d</b> . they flow or come forth
7. If you jostle someone, he or she may	
a. expect an apology	c. make a bow of greeting or respect
<b>b.</b> act out the incident	d. laugh uncontrollably
<b>8.</b> If your agreement with a friend's plan is <b>tentative</b> , it is	
a. planned carefully	c. sure to have an important outcome
<b>b.</b> provisional until details are complete	d. long overdue
<b>9.</b> A <b>sedentary</b> lifestyle can cause	
<b>a.</b> dilated pupils <b>b.</b> uncertainty <b>c.</b> heart of	d. small noses
10. A in spring would be considered adverse wea	ther conditions.
<b>a</b> . blizzard	c. dry spell
<b>b.</b> rain storm	<b>d</b> . cloudy sky

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# B Vocabulary Power

#### **Test: Unit 7**

#### PART A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1.				vas wreaking havoc on his teeth.
	a. vanguard	<b>b.</b> aspiration	<b>c.</b> predilection	d. adherent
2.	Michele could not be	lieve that everything ha	d gone on he	birthday from beginning to end.
	<b>a</b> . awry	<b>b.</b> ulterior	<b>c</b> . exorbitant	d. traverse
3.	Climbing down the n the steep sle		ple as it looked becaus	e a series of switchbacks forced us to
	a. dissemble	<b>b.</b> dwindle	<b>c.</b> appease	d. traverse
4.	Councilman Kirwin h because he hated co		subject of the new reta	il complex on Boston Post Road
	<b>a.</b> ascertain	<b>b.</b> appraise	<b>c.</b> broach	d. appease
5.	them active and invo	lved.		ney lack a(n) that will keep
	<b>a.</b> adherent	<b>b.</b> avocation	<b>c.</b> vanguard	<b>d.</b> predilection
6.				ould withstand the invasion of the disease
	<b>a</b> . abhor	<b>b.</b> ascertain	<b>c.</b> broach	<b>d.</b> jostle
7.	I hoped no one woul	d the hostess's	arm; she had a tray fu	ll of drinks.
	<b>a.</b> jostle	<b>b.</b> dwindle	<b>c.</b> lurch	d. plague
8.	During the interview,	Ms. Burnham began to	the prospecti	ve job applicant.
	<b>a.</b> appease	<b>b.</b> enumerate	<b>c.</b> traverse	d. appraise
9.	A dank, sour smell st	arted to from t	he abandoned well.	
	<b>a.</b> plague	<b>b.</b> reciprocate	c. emanate	d. dissemble
10.	Lucy is not	to becoming a pediatrici	an, but she would pref	er to become a veterinarian.
	a. averse	<b>b.</b> exorbitant	<b>c.</b> imminent	<b>d</b> . impetuous
11.	People who are on a	tight budget will often r	not attend parties becau	ise they believe they cannot
	appropriately.			
	<b>a.</b> traverse	<b>b.</b> reciprocate	<b>c.</b> jostle	d. emanate
12.	To help his younger I	brother improve his basl	ketball skills, David	the steps for improvement.
	<b>a.</b> abhorred	<b>b.</b> dissembled	<b>c.</b> dwindled	d. enumerated



### Vocabulary Power continued

13.	After finishing her las	t exam, Eve thought a d	ay at the beach would	be but instead, she got a		
	severe sunburn. <b>a.</b> therapeutic	<b>b</b> . bizarre	<b>c.</b> susceptible	d. tentative		
14.	•	oicious that she believes a <b>b.</b> imminent	(n) motive is b c. ulterior	ehind any offer of help. <b>d.</b> averse		
15.	5. During medieval battles, soldiers wielding bows and arrows were often in the, ahead of those with swords and shields.					
	a. aspiration	<b>b.</b> adherent	c. vanguard	d. predilection		

#### **PART B**

Decide which word has the meaning that is the same as (a synonym) or opposite to (an antonym) that of the vocabulary word. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

 <ol> <li>susceptible (synonyr</li> <li>hesitant</li> </ol>	n): <b>b.</b> artful	<b>c.</b> depressed	<b>d.</b> vulnerable
 appease (antonym):     a. agitate		c. possess	<b>d.</b> propose
 <ul><li>3. bizarre (synonym):</li><li>a. sentimental</li></ul>	<b>b.</b> odd	<b>c.</b> disdainful	d. ancient
 <ul><li>4. lurch (antonym):</li><li>a. hop</li></ul>	b. levitate	c. burst	<b>d.</b> glide
 <ul><li>adherent (synonym)</li><li>a. escape</li></ul>	b. colleague	c. supporter	d. alien
 <ul><li>6. adverse (antonym):</li><li>a. opposed</li></ul>	<b>b.</b> supportive	<b>c.</b> discredit	<b>d</b> . negative
 <ul><li>7. impetuous (synonyr</li><li>a. impulsive</li></ul>	n): <b>b</b> . skeletal	<b>c.</b> sadistic	<b>d.</b> creased
 <ul><li>8. dwindle (antonym):</li><li>a. delete</li></ul>	<b>b</b> . question	<b>c.</b> chomp	d. escalate
 <ul><li><b>9.</b> aspiration (synonym</li><li><b>a.</b> gratitude</li></ul>	b. encouragement	c. ambition	d. courage
 <ol><li>exorbitant (antonym</li><li>usual</li></ol>	): <b>b.</b> painful	c. oblivious	<b>d</b> . restless

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#### **Lesson 29 Word Usage**

The Harlem Renaissance of the 1920s was an era of extraordinary achievement by writers, artists, and musicians. Political and social, as well as artistic, the movement symbolized a national mood of increased optimism and pride among African Americans. The words in this lesson will help you to talk and write about the people and their works that became famous during this period.

Word	List
------	------

adage brazen exalt paradigm affectation didactic exclusive poignant

alienated enlighten

#### **EXERCISE A** Word Meanings

Circle the letter for the correct definition of the boldfaced vocabulary word.

1. Although the Cotton Club was **exclusive** in its admittance of only white patrons, all of its entertainers were black.

a. rejecting some or most

**c.** worthy of imitation

**b.** conforming to the current style

**d.** showing an unvielding spirit

2. Zora Neale Hurston died alienated from the literary community that thought her autobiography was fictional rather than realistic.

a. loud and flashy

c. remarkable

**b.** broken down and useless

d. isolated

3. Many considered Wallace Thurman brazen when he became the first African American magazine publisher.

a. having a hidden meaning

**c.** bold and shameless

**b.** displaying strong attachment for

d. silently ill-humored

**4.** The **poignant** scene at the end of the movie left the audience speechless.

a. confusing

c. surprising

**b.** deeply touching

**d.** fast-paced

5. My grandmother's adage, "It is better to marry a rich man than a poor man," doesn't appeal to me.

**a.** a word accidentally introduced to the language

c. an assemblage of ideas

**b.** a traditional saying

**d.** a memory device

6. A didactic writer, Jean Toomer combines elements of poetry, drama, and fiction to depict African American life in the rural South and the urban North.

a. intending to instruct

**c.** done too quickly to be accurate

**b.** integrated in nature

**d.** containing humor



### Vocabulary Power continued

- 7. Rosemarie grew up in Ohio and New Jersey, so her British accent seems like an affectation.
  - **a.** a productive or prosperous activity
- **c.** a discontented facial expression

**b.** a trick of the sound waves

- **d.** artificial behavior adopted to impress others
- **8.** Claude McKay's poem "If We Must Die" was a **paradigm** for all the protest literature that followed.
  - a. bet made at great odds

c. pattern or model

**b.** highly dangerous condition

- **d.** position or quality that falls between extremes
- **9**. An activist for African American civil rights, actor Paul Robeson tried to **enlighten** the world about racism.
  - a. release from punishment

c. begin and carry through to completion

**b.** inform or instruct

- **d.** cut short
- **10.** In songs like "Sophisticated Lady" and "Mood Indigo," orchestra leader and songwriter Duke Ellington **exalted** the African American experience.
  - a. praised or honored

**c.** reduced the effect of

**b.** united so as to be continuous

**d.** made secure

#### **EXERCISE B** Antonyms

Circle the letter of the word that is most nearly opposite in meaning.

- 1. brazen
  - **a**. humble
- **b**. memorable
- c. productive
- **d.** playful

- 2. affectation
  - a. naturalness
- **b.** involvement
- c. hatred
- d. chance

- 3. exalt
  - a. possess
- **b.** degrade
- **c.** control
- d. lose

- 4. alienated
  - **a.** shy
- **b.** uninformed
- c. welcomed
- **d**. lazy

#### **EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words

Many English adjectives take their meaning from substances like metals. Use a dictionary or an encyclopedia of word origins to find the derivations of the following words and connect these derivations with each word's current meaning. Check your definition in the dictionary; then, on a separate sheet of paper, write a sentence that illustrates its current usage.

- 1. brazen
- 2. sterling
- 3. flinty
- 4. chastened

Name	Date	Class _



#### **Lesson 30 Suffixes That Form Adjectives**

Adding a suffix to a word can change its part of speech. In this lesson, you will learn how the Latin suffixes -ive, -al, -ial, and the Greek suffix -ish change nouns and verbs into adjectives, thus increasing the expressive power of the language and of your vocabulary.

Suffix	Meaning	<b>Root Word</b>	Adjective	Definition
-ive	tending to perform an action	addict	addictive	causing a habit
-al/-ial	relating to; characterized by	autumn	autumnal	like or relating to the fall
-ish	characteristic of	sheep	sheepish	somewhat like a sheep; shy

Word List			
amateurish	freakish	mulish	rational
creative	impish	palatial	reflective
demonstrative	influential		

#### **EXERCISE A** Suffixes

Choose the word from the list that best matches each clue and write it on the line provided.

1.	This suffix and root unite to produce an adjective that means "mischievous."
2.	This adjective, which makes use of the suffix -ive, is a synonym for emotional.
3.	The suffix -ish, when added to a particular root, produces another word for abnormal or unusual.
4.	The combination of this suffix and root produces an adjective that means "imaginative".
5.	The suffix and root describe stubborn behavior
	This adjective might be applied to someone who thinks a great deal or to a shiny surface that bounces light off it
	The combination of this suffix and root provides a word that describes a performance that might be given by an inexperienced cast
8.	This adjective is a synonym for <i>powerful</i> or <i>important</i> .
Ω	The base word and the suffix -al combine to form a word that means "reasonable" or "a type of number."

## 3

### Vocabulary Power continued

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

#### Circle the word in parentheses that best completes the sentence.

- 1. Randall has a(n) (freakish, impish, reflective) charm; the twinkle in his eyes suggests an impending practical joke.
- **2.** The master bath was (creative, amateurish, palatial); this room alone could accommodate three ordinary-sized bathrooms.
- **3.** Because of the (amateurish, mulish, reflective) use of color and the faulty perspective, the painting was detected as a forgery almost immediately.
- **4.** Once a little-known painter from New Orleans, Ida Kohlmeyer has become one of the most (amateurish, influential, palatial) modern artists in this country.
- **5.** Being (mulish, creative, rational) was nothing new to Jerry; he was used to refusing requests and doing what he wanted to do.
- **6.** The position of advertising and marketing director requires someone who is both (demonstrative, freakish, creative) and analytical, a free thinker and a problem solver.
- 7. Jeanine was in a(n) (reflective, freakish, impish) mood; the rain and the fog made her think of San Francisco and Dave.
- **8.** Sandy's mother is not a(n) (freakish, impish, demonstrative) woman; instead of giving hugs and kisses, she shows her affection in other ways.
- 9. Adele had a reputation as a solid, (impish, rational, palatial) thinker.
- 10. Two tornadoes hitting a single mobile home park in one day has to be a(n) (demonstrative, influential, freakish) occurrence.

#### **EXERCISE C** Usage

In addition to *mulish* and *sheepish*, many other adjectives derived from animal names describe human behavior. Match the adjectives in Column A with their appropriate animals in Column B. Then, use each word in Column A in a sentence.

Column A	Column B	Sentences
<b>1.</b> leonine	a. ape or monkey	
<b>2.</b> aquiline	<b>b.</b> pig	
<b>3.</b> bovine	<b>c.</b> eagle	
4. elephantine	d. lion	
<b>5.</b> simian	e. cow	
<b>6.</b> porcine	f. elephant	
<b>7.</b> viperous	g. snake	

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#### **Lesson 31 The Greek Roots polis and polit**

The root polis and its related form polit derive from an ancient word for "city." Polis was the Greek word for "city-state," a self-governing city such as Athens or Sparta. Polis is the source of many words in English, ten of which are featured in this lesson.

**Word List** 

cosmopolitan megalopolis policy politics geopolitics metropolitan politician polity

impolitic police

#### **EXERCISE A** Word Roots

Choose the word from the word list that best matches each clue. On the lines provided, write your own definition of the word. Then, look the word up in a dictionary and write its definition.

1. This adjective comes from the prefix meter-, meaning "mother," and the root word polis. It refers to a large area such as that which includes and surrounds New York City or Houston, Texas. My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_ 2. This word comes from the Greek word *polis* and refers to the government department of a city or state that keeps order and detects crime. My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_\_ **3.** This noun comes from the Greek word *polis* and names the science of government. Sometimes it refers to the scheming for power that takes place between factions. My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_ **4.** This word comes from the Greek word *kosmos*, meaning "universe," and *polis*. It refers to someone who is worldly. \_\_\_\_\_ My definition \_\_\_\_\_ Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_ **5.** This noun comes from the Greek prefix *geo*, meaning "earth," and *polis*. Someone in this field would study both geography and political science. My definition \_\_\_\_\_

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

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## 2

## Vocabulary Power continued

6.	This adjective comes from the Latin prefix <i>im</i> -, meaning "not," and <i>polis</i> . It refers to ideas that are neither wise nor appropriate My definition
	Dictionary definition
7.	The Greek prefix <i>megalo</i> , meaning "great" or "large," and <i>polis</i> combine to produce a word for a vast continuously urban area that includes numerous cities
	Dictionary definition
8.	This word comes from the Greek word <i>polis</i> and is a noun that refers to the form of government of a nation, state, church, or organization  My definition
	Dictionary definition
9.	This noun comes from the Greek word <i>polis</i> and names the course of action followed by an organization or individual
	Dictionary definition
10.	This noun comes from the Greek word <i>polis</i> and indicates a person who is skilled or experienced in some aspect of government management
	Dictionary definition

#### **EXERCISE B** Synonyms

Draw a line through the italicized word or phrase and, above it, write the vocabulary word that best replaces the word or phrase.

- **1.** The New Haven *city-and-its-surroundings* area does not cover much ground, but the population is dense and the area crowded.
- **2.** *People actively engaged in the administration of government* are not very popular in my neighborhood because they are viewed as more interested in power than in public service.
- **3.** This year's conference on *the study of the relationship between geography and politics* will deal with fishing rights and the international law of the sea.
- 4. Residents from around the world help make Washington, D.C., very sophisticated-in-an-international way.
- **5.** Because many stores lose money on checks written without sufficient funds, many businesses have instituted a cash-only general *plan*.



#### **Lesson 32 Using Test-Taking Skills Antonyms**

Antonym questions are a common feature of many standardized tests. Antonyms are words with opposite or nearly opposite meanings, such as *good* and *evil*, *small* and *large*, or *slow* and *fast*. Antonym tests can be much more challenging than these simple examples, though, because they generally require the reader to distinguish slight differences in the meanings of words. These steps will help you answer antonym test items:

- 1. Read all the answer choices and eliminate those that are incorrect.
- 2. Eliminate synonym choices; that is, words that are similar in meaning to the given word.
- **3.** Watch for other misleading choices, such as words that look or sound like the given word.
- 4. Use your knowledge of prefixes, suffixes, and roots to figure out the meanings of unfamiliar words.
- 5. Choose the word that is most opposite in meaning to the given word. Sometimes test items may include more than one possible antonym. It is your job to select the better of the two.

#### **EXERCISE**

1. solve

#### Circle the letter of the correct antonym.

<b>a.</b> puzzle	<b>b.</b> concern	<b>c.</b> baffle	<b>d.</b> decide
2. trivial			
a. extraneous	<b>b.</b> smart	<b>c.</b> accomplished	d. significant
3. award			
a. forfeiture	<b>b.</b> allegiance	<b>c.</b> penalty	<b>d.</b> gift
4. clear			
<b>a.</b> obscure	<b>b</b> . doubtful	<b>c.</b> trusting	<b>d.</b> alien
5. doubt			
<b>a.</b> lie	<b>b</b> . convict	<b>c.</b> believe	<b>d.</b> subside
6. adhere			
<b>a.</b> support	<b>b.</b> surround	<b>c.</b> bind	<b>d.</b> sever
7. discontinue			
a. energize	<b>b</b> . kindle	<b>c.</b> activate	<b>d.</b> anticipate
8. random			
<b>a.</b> systematic	<b>b.</b> permanent	<b>c.</b> public	<b>d.</b> tidy
9. jaunty			
<b>a</b> . bored	<b>b.</b> sedate	<b>c.</b> quiet	<b>d.</b> erratic
10. frantic			
<b>a.</b> humorous	<b>b.</b> inescapable	<b>c.</b> merciless	<b>d.</b> imperturbable

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## ocabulary Power

#### **Review: Unit 8**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best explains the boldfaced vocabulary word

incle the letter of the word of pinase tha	t best explains the bolulaced vocabulary word.
<ul> <li>1. The ideals of democracy are a paradigm to a. the historical foundation</li> <li>b. an example that serves as a pattern or note. the product of a gradual process of unfolds.</li> <li>d. something that improves the distinctive</li> </ul>	model olding
2. A demonstrative relative is likely to	<u>_</u> :
a. show you that he or she is happy to see	e you c. be a positive role model
<b>b.</b> want to teach you several skills	d. protect family secrets
3. Feedback about an <b>impolitic</b> decision woul	ld be
a. unfair and one-sided	<b>c.</b> constructive yet supportive
<b>b.</b> the result of the majority opinion	d. critical about not exhibiting good judgment
4. A poignant tale would	
<b>a.</b> be told only to a member of the clergy	c. cause excessive confusion and embarrassment
b. make an impression	d. be frightening due to the storyline
5. A mulish person would be	
a. cooperative and helpful	c. obstinate and difficult to get along with
<b>b.</b> supportive though not friendly	d. self-centered and proud
<b>6.</b> If the <b>polity</b> of a town council is being restr	ructured, its
a. government is under revision	c. members are receiving training
b. schedule of meetings is being re-evaluate	ted d. leader is being publicly criticized
7. If you are told that you are too <b>brazen</b> for	your own good, someone is saying that you are
a. too generous	c. recklessly daring
<b>b.</b> overly concerned about time	d. wayward and uncontrollable
8. A palatial home will probably	
a. look like a prison	c. resemble a castle in its grandness
<b>b.</b> be located in a rural area	d. be financed by multiple banks
9. An example of a megalopolis would be	
<b>a.</b> Sanville, IL <b>b.</b> Dublin, ND	c. Northwood, KS d. New York City, NY
10. A piece of <b>creative</b> artwork would be a(n)	
<b>a.</b> painting <b>b.</b> cup of tea	c. uniform d. colored pencil

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# Vocabulary Power

#### **Test: Unit 8**

#### PART A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1.	Good medical care is a <b>a</b> . exclusive		hospitals, particula c. palatial	arly when they are attached to universities. <b>d.</b> metropolitan
2.	Yolanda's at a. exclusive	ttitude frequently got he		office.
3.	feet, five fireplaces, e	ight bathrooms, and an	indoor pool.	acres of land with ten thousand square
	<b>a.</b> palatial	<b>b.</b> impish	<b>c.</b> didactic	d. creative
4.	An economics major	and a history minor, Ell	ie has decided to enter	, hoping to become the next-
	and youngest—state s	senator.		
	a. a paradigm	<b>b.</b> polity	c. geopolitics	d. politics
5.	Many of the students	s in Mrs. Lopez' class the	ought that the visiting a	uthor's short stories were too
		ry one of them had a po		
	a. creative	<b>b.</b> impolitic	c. didactic	d. brazen
6.	Colleen's first efforts	at making a wedding ca	ke were somewhat	; the layers were crooked, the icing
		flowers were distorted.		
	<b>a.</b> mulish	<b>b.</b> amateurish	c. cosmopolitan	d. reflective
7.	The New England ac	cent seemed like a(n)	when used by t	the country western singer.
	_		<b>c.</b> affectation	•
8.		-	ose plays and short sto	ries had an enormous effect on
	twentieth-century lite		a incuriale	1 handling
			<b>c.</b> impish	•
9.		-	·	pool on weekends pleases many residents.
	a. adage	<b>b.</b> polity	<b>c.</b> affectation	<b>d.</b> policy
10.	Americans tend to _	those who are s	uccessful in sports.	
	a. exalt	<b>b.</b> enlighten	c. alienate	d. police
11.	Whenever they were	in a(n) mood,	the twins always playe	d the "What If?" game, in which they
	imagined what they	would do under the stra	ngest and worst circum	ostances.
	a. didactic	<b>b.</b> reflective	c. mulish	<b>d.</b> impolitic

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### Vocabulary Power continued

12.	loronto, Canada, is a(	n) city, as soph	isticated and cultured as	New York, but smaller, cleaner, and safe
	<b>a.</b> exclusive	<b>b.</b> demonstrative	c. cosmopolitan	d. palatial
13.	Up until the 1950s, m	nany young women wer	nt to high scho	ools called "finishing schools," where
	they learned social as	s well as academic skills.		
	a. alienated	<b>b.</b> palatial	<b>c.</b> impolitic	d. exclusive
14.	. Her portraya	al of a widow earned he	er an Oscar nomination.	
	a. poignant	<b>b.</b> impish	c. freakish	<b>d.</b> didactic
15.	This semester, Jem is	taking Comparative	a course in whic	h students examine governments
	throughout the world	l.		
	a. Geopolitics	<b>b.</b> Polity	c. Enlightenment	<b>d</b> . Affectation

#### **PART B**

#### Circle the word that best completes the sentence.

- 1. Television advertisers are eager to (enlighten, capitulate, vanquish) viewers about the benefits of their products.
- 2. Independent and (mulish, alienated, reflective), the young German shepherd puppy resisted training.
- **3.** The Schulmans made an (impolitic, poignant, didactic) decision to ignore the neighborhood Halloween festivities on the street, but all the neighbors knew they were home.
- **4.** Gandhi's nonviolent protests became the (adage, police, paradigm) for acts of civil disobedience during the twentieth century.
- **5.** Many schools have rules against public displays of affection in order to protect everyone from being embarrassed by (exclusive, demonstrative, freakish) behavior in the hallways and classrooms.
- **6.** Parades give the (affectation, politician, megalopolis) excellent visibility.
- **7.** Many of the greatest inventions and discoveries have been made by people whose ideas or methods were regarded as (palatial, didactic, brazen).
- 8. The Serrano family's favorite (adage, metropolitan, paradigm) is "A penny saved is a penny earned."
- **9.** In his classic 1950s novel *On the Road*, Jack Kerouac writes about the rebellious and (creative, alienated, reflective) Beat Generation looking for a niche.
- **10.** It never hurts to use the recommendation of a(n) (impish, mulish, influential) friend to get a job interview; however, it is up to the applicant to obtain and keep that job.

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## Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 33 Using Context Clues**

For many people, life is a series of personal discoveries. You can view every new experience as an opportunity to reexamine your own values, learn about human nature, or practice dealing with a challenging situation. The words in the following list are related to making personal discoveries about yourself, other people, and other situations.

**Word List** 

benevolence altruistic inquisitor perceptive animated chaos introspection vindictive

confidant aura

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Use context clues, or clues from the surrounding text, to write the meaning of the boldfaced word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its definition.

1. Feeling **vindictive** after their argument, James hid his sister's car keys so she would be late for work.

	My definition
	Dictionary definition
2.	We believe the politician's efforts to support community activities are genuine and <b>altruistic</b> .  My definition
	Dictionary definition
3.	Cheers from the <b>animated</b> crowd of spectators boosted the team's spirits throughout the difficult game.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
4.	Always <b>perceptive</b> , Raul sensed that his friend was trying to hide a problem.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
5.	The troubled youth continued to rebel until one adult showed him <b>benevolence</b> and understanding.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
6.	The doctor helped patients to feel at ease because she projected an <b>aura</b> of kindness.  My definition

7. By the evening's end, the meeting was in complete **chaos**, with people shouting and acting rudely.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

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Vocabulary Power

Dictionary definition \_

My definition \_\_\_\_\_

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Vocabulary Power	continued	
8. Appointed the inquisitor, Janine asked dif  My definition  Dictionary definition		
9. Jack decided that he would discuss his per My definition  Dictionary definition		
10. Sally's introspection led her to believe that My definition		
Draw a line through the italicized words of best replaces them.	or phrases. Above them, write the vo	ocadulary word that
1. Their plans to spoil the campaign were spi	iteful and full of revenge.	

1. Their plans to spoil the campaign were spiteful and full of reverge

**2.** Jerry's psychologist suggested that *a reflective examination of one's own thoughts* might help him decide what to do with his future.

**3.** Police officers tried to end the *disorder* on the city streets.

**4.** The detective was a harsh *questioner and examiner,* and criminals feared being locked in a room with him.

**5.** He was *purely generous and unselfish* in the way he shared his money and his home with people in need.

#### **EXERCISE C** Word Association

For each group of words, write the vocabulary word that belongs.

I. spirited, gleeful, alive	
2. companion, partner, mate	
3. observant, aware, open	
4. bountiful, charitable, giving	
<b>5.</b> forgiveness, regard, kindness	

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## Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 34 Using Context Clues**

How do you feel when you make an important personal discovery? Learning something new about yourself, another person, or a situation can stir up different emotions. You might finally understand something about yourself that puts you at ease or changes your life for the better. You might make a realization about a person or a situation that disappoints you, shocks you, or leaves you feeling empty. The words in the following list relate to feelings and reactions people can have to a variety of personal discoveries.

Wor	d L	_ist
-----	-----	------

exhilaration comprehension perplex succumb futile enamored sanguine vex

epiphany intrigued

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Write the word's meaning in context. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its definition.

1.	After struggling with the poem for hours, she had a sudden <b>epiphany</b> that allowed her to write the essay.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
2.	The runner felt <b>exhilaration</b> as he crossed the finish line and heard the cheering of his many supporters.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
3.	John was so <b>enamored</b> of his new puppy that he played with him for hours.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
4.	With the teacher's help, the students felt that the math problem was no longer beyond their <b>comprehension</b> .  My definition
	Dictionary definition
5.	Brenda began to <b>succumb</b> to the children's pleas that she drive them to the zoo.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
6.	Their efforts to convince Ricardo of his musical talents were <b>futile</b> ; eventually he left the band.  My definition
	mj deminion

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Vocabulary Power

Dictionary definition \_

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Vocabulary Power continued	
Visitors to the natural history museum are usually <b>intrigued</b> by the dinosaur exhibit.  My definition  Dictionary definition	
Noise from the construction site continues to <b>vex</b> people in the neighborhood, who are awa at six o'clock in the morning by the sound of jackhammers.  My definition  Dictionary definition	
It will <b>perplex</b> people to learn that the mayor, who seems to love his job, handed in his resi  My definition  Dictionary definition	
The incumbent remains sanguine about his chances for reelection.  My definition  Dictionary definition  Context Clues	
Briana interviewed her grandmother for a school project and was (1) by the nan's life. As a teenager, her grandmother was often restless in spirit. Then, one day while watching her study, she had a sudden (2)	ng her older e. Her family did higher education s, but she refused her and about being a asibilities put her eve her goals. It dult. It was
	Visitors to the natural history museum are usually intrigued by the dinosaur exhibit.  My definition

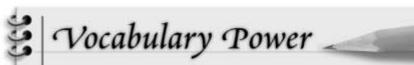
#### **EXERCISE C** Word Usage

On a separate sheet of paper, write a paragraph about a personal discovery. Use at least five of the vocabulary words. Your paragraph should demonstrate that you understand the meanings of the words you choose.

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#### **Lesson 35** The Word Roots *tact* and *tang*

The word roots tact and tang are both related to touch. From the Old English word thaccian, meaning "to stroke," and the Latin word tangere, meaning "to touch," these roots are the building blocks of many words you will find useful in your everyday life. The words in the following list use the word roots tact and tang.

**Word List** 

tactile intact tackle tangential intangible tacky tangent tangible

integral tact

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Use both the context clues and your understanding of the roots tana and tact to write each word's meaning in context. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its dictionary definition.

1. She went off on a **tangent** not related to the main topic of conversation.

My definition \_\_\_\_\_

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_\_

2. The police needed more than just allegations—they needed tangible evidence in order to make an arrest.

My definition \_\_\_\_\_

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

**3.** Her ground-breaking research earned her a great deal of money, but its most valuable rewards were

**intangible** ones—such as respect and feelings of satisfaction.

My definition \_\_\_\_\_

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

**4.** His argument was boring and **tangential**—it touched only peripherally on the main issue.

Mv definition \_\_\_\_\_

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

**5.** In his poetry, he tried to create **tactile** images that appealed to the reader's sense of touch.

My definition \_\_\_\_\_

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

**6.** She had a delicate way of handling even the most difficult situations; this **tact** made her valuable as an administrator.

My definition \_\_\_\_

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

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**Vocabulary Power** 

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Vocabulary Pow	er continued	
My definition	uipment; luckily, the pieces remained <b>intact</b> .	
1	ning after he gets a good night's rest.	
į	the wall.	
My definition	most successful projects, so they are sorry to see h	
Vrite the vocabulary word that best r	natches the clue. Remember that some wor o some clues have more than one correct a	
1. Someone who always knows the right	thing to say has this.	
2. You might label a long-winded story the	at digresses from the main conversation as this	
3. You might do this to a difficult problem.	·	
4. Glue used for a craft project might be	described this way.	
5. If all of something's parts hold together	er, you might describe it in this way	
<b>6.</b> Health care and education might be d	escribed as this part of family life	
7. Reading Braille is essentially this type	of experience.	

#### **EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words

The words tangent and tangential also have meanings based in geometry, the branch of mathematics dealing with the measurements of and relationships between points, lines, planes, and figures. On a separate sheet of paper, explain what meaning you think these words would have in this branch of mathematics. Feel free to draw a picture to illustrate your explanation. Then, check your response in a dictionary or a geometry book.

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### Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 36 Using Test-Taking Skills Analogies**

Many standardized vocabulary tests will ask you to examine the relationships between words by completing word analogies. This type of question presents a word pair and has you choose another pair that has a similar relationship. Here are some tips to help you answer these types of questions.

- A. Examine the relationship between the example pair of words. For example, does one word name an action and the other word a person or thing that completes the action? Does the pair reflect a time sequence, such as morning to afternoon? Does the pair reflect a part to a whole? Are the words synonyms or antonyms?
- B. Figure out what part of speech each word in the example pair is. For example, is the pair a noun/verb combination? An adjective/adjective combination? A noun/noun combination?
- C. Eliminate answers that are obviously wrong first. For example, look for a misleading answer, different parts of speech from the example pair, or a relationship that is obviously different from the one expressed by the example pair.
- D. Use your knowledge of prefixes, suffixes, and word roots to figure out the meaning of any words you don't recognize.
- E. Remember that more than one pair may seem correct. You must match the relationship between the two words in the example pair.

#### **EXERCISE**

#### Circle the letter of the word pair that best completes each analogy.

1. surrender: resign ::

**a.** accomplishment : failure **b.** victory : celebration

**c.** accomplish : achieve

**d.** winning: overcoming

2. lawyer : court ::

**a.** writing : book

**b.** building : architect

**c.** plumber : pipes

**d.** teacher : school

3. massive: microscopic::

**a.** bright : dark

**b.** silent : whisper

**c.** slowly : quickly

**d.** house : castle

4. episode : series ::

a. poetry: poem

**b.** song : concert

c. team: game

**d.** finale: play

**5.** depart : linger ::

a. move: motion

**b.** thrill : excite

c. stop: stay

**d.** work : quit

**6.** reporting : informing ::

a. training: teacher

**b.** studying : researching

**c.** opening : closing

d. explorer: traveler

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## Vocabulary Power

#### **Review: Unit 9**

#### **EXERCISE A**

Circle the letter of the word that is an antonym, or most nearly *opposite* in meaning, to the boldfaced word.

- 1. vindictive
  - a. vengeful
- **b.** interesting
- **c.** lively
- d. forgiving

- 2. confidant
  - **a.** rival
- **b.** companion
- c. coworker
- **d.** questioner

- 3. chaos
  - **a.** calm
- **b.** plan
- **c.** achievement
- d. action

- 4. exhilaration
  - **a.** kindness
- **b.** disorder
- **c.** exhaustion
- **d.** cheerfulness

- 5. futile
  - a. small
- **b.** hopeful
- **c.** fruitless
- d. difficult

- 6. sanguine
  - a. confident
- **b.** boring
- **c.** lively
- **d.** hopeless

- 7. benevolence
  - **a.** cruelty
- **b.** charity
- **c.** disorder
- **d.** confusion

- 8. perplex
  - a. survive
- **b.** grab
- **c.** irritate
- **d.** clarify

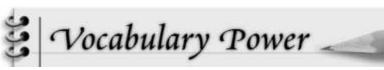
- 9. tact
  - **a.** plan
- **b.** rudeness
- c. atmosphere
- **d.** bravery

- 10. tactile
  - **a.** sensible
- **b.** material
- c. intangible
- d. unrelated

#### **EXERCISE B**

For each group of words, circle the word you would use to write about the boldfaced category.

- 1. problems: intact, succumb, enamored
- 2. songbirds: tangent, animated, sanguine
- 3. glue: tacky, perceptive, intangible
- **4. charity**: epiphany, altruistic, exhilaration
- **5. self-determination**: integral, chaos, introspection



#### **Test: Unit 9**

#### **PART A**

Circle the letter of the word that best completes each sentence.

		-		
1.	The information was o	only, so they nee	ded to look for books ma	ore directly related to the facts of the case
	a. tangible	<b>b</b> . tangential	<b>c.</b> tactile	d. perceptive
2	. Children were fascina	ated by the of i	mystery that surrounde	d the old house in the wooded area.
	a. aura	<b>b.</b> chaos		d. inquisitor
3	measured in dollars a	and cents.		ere and could not be
	a. tangential	<b>b.</b> intangible	<b>c.</b> tangible	d. tactile
4		<del>-</del>	· ·	e was recognized as a person of integrity
	a. perplex	<b>b.</b> vex	<b>c.</b> tackle	d. succumb
5	. In a dramatic	_, Selena realized the so	olution to the problem.	
	a. tact	<b>b</b> . epiphany	c. aura	d. chaos
6	. He felt only	as he bicycled across th	ne finish line ahead of $\epsilon$	everyone.
	<b>a.</b> comprehension	<b>b.</b> introspection	<b>c.</b> benevolence	d. exhilaration
7.	Because the teacher	was especially,	she knew something v	vas troubling the quiet student.
	a. vindictive	<b>b.</b> perceptive	c. tangent	d. animated
8	As the most effective significant sources.	on the comm	ission, Tina was appoin	ted to gather information from
	a. inquisitor	<b>b</b> . confidant	c. epiphany	d. aura
9	. Instead of directly an	swering our questions, E	Brad went off on a	about a related experience.
	a. benevolence	<b>b.</b> comprehension	c. epiphany	d. tangent
10	. The house was	after the tornado.		
	a. integral	<b>b.</b> tactile	c. intact	d. tangible
	ADT D			
	ART B cle the letter of the	word that is most ne	arly <i>opposite</i> in mea	ning to the boldfaced word.
1.	benevolence			
	a. generosity	<b>b</b> . evil	<b>c.</b> surprise	d. seriousness
2	. sanguine			
	<b>a.</b> understandable	<b>b</b> . complicated	<b>c.</b> optimistic	d. hopeless
3	. vex			
	a. defeat	<b>b</b> . bewilder	c. attack	d. please

## 3

### Vocabulary Power continued

- 4. enamored
  - a. praised
- **b.** fascinated
- **c.** unsure
- d. disgusted

- 5. intrigued
  - a. exhausted
- **b.** bored
- **c.** annoyed
- d. thrilled

#### PART C

Choose the letter of the word or phrase that best completes each of the following sentences.

- 1. An altruistic person would be known for \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. devoting her life to charity
  - **b.** having a lively personality
  - **c.** committing spiteful acts
  - d. creating disorder
- 2. An example of a futile act is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. running a marathon to raise money for charity
  - **b.** volunteering for a good cause
  - c. attempting to read an eight-hundred page book in one night
  - d. enjoying a sunset
- **3.** Detectives need something tangible, such as \_\_\_\_\_\_, for evidence.
  - a. fingerprints
  - **b.** bravery
  - c. suspicion
  - d. books
- **4.** A confidant would \_\_\_\_\_.
  - **a.** pester you with difficult questions
  - **b.** admire you from afar
  - c. turn against you
  - **d.** listen to you during a difficult time
- **5.** Introspection allows you to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. seek revenge
  - **b.** discover how you feel about an issue
  - **c.** share possessions with younger siblings
  - d. understand your own motivations

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Vocabulary Power

## Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 37 Using Synonyms**

Thoughts and ideas can be powerful. They can inspire people in positive ways, causing them to change, overcome obstacles, help others, and achieve great things. Ideas can also anger or frighten people, causing them to fight or to run and hide. Words in the following list relate to the different ways in which people act on ideas.

**Word List** 

buffer abstain grimace overwhelm adamant compromise grovel reprimand

bolster evade

#### **EXERCISE A** Synonyms

Each boldfaced vocabulary word below is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the meaning of the synonym. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write the meaning.

1. adamant : firm		
Dictionary definition		
2. compromise : agree		
Dictionary definition		
3. evade : avoid		
Dictionary definition		
4. reprimand : scold		
Dictionary definition		
5. grimace : sneer		
Dictionary definition		
6. abstain : refuse		
Dictionary definition		
7. bolster : encourage		
Dictionary definition		
8. buffer : cushion		
Dictionary definition		
9. overwhelm : overcome		
Dictionary definition		
10. grovel : obey		
Dictionary definition		

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### Vocabulary Power continued

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

### Draw a line through the italicized phrase. Above it, write the vocabulary word that can replace the phrase.

- **1.** Our state legislature will remain deadlocked unless representatives from the two political parties try to reach a middle ground for which both sides make sacrifices.
- **2.** If Jessica continues to *run and hide from* her responsibilities, people will think she is lazy and unreliable.
- 3. We tried to change Martin's mind, but he was determined and inflexible.
- **4.** I saw the cook *register an expression of disgust* at the crate of rotting vegetables.
- **5.** The stress of attending a new school and taking challenging classes seemed to *smother and give a complete sense of defeat to* my brother.
- **6.** Rodney is a modest, shy person, so we will have to *support and raise up* his confidence before his speech.
- **7.** This is the third time I've lost my house keys, so my parents are sure to *severely criticize* me for being disorganized.
- **8.** Grandpa wants to lower his cholesterol, so he is going to exercise and self-denial of a practice from fatty foods.
- **9.** To protect and cushion Larry against the unhappy news, I told him the good things that happened first.
- **10.** As soon as Lydia realized that her life was in danger, she began to *act pitifully apologetic and obedient* at Leonardo's feet for help.

#### **EXERCISE C** Usage

#### Choose the vocabulary word that best completes the sentence.

1.	The Greek roots <i>adamas</i> and <i>adamant</i> , referring to hard steel, diamond, or anything that cannot be changed or conquered, constitute the roots of this word
2.	The Modern English word comes from the Old French word <i>grimache,</i> which probably relates to <i>grima,</i> the Frankish word for <i>mask</i> .
3.	Knowing that the Latin prefixes <i>abs</i> - and <i>ab</i> - mean "away" and that the Latin base word <i>tenere</i> means "to hold" can help you understand the meaning of the English word
4.	The Latin prefix <i>com</i> - means "together," and the Latin infinitive <i>promittere</i> means "to promise"; together, they form a word that is related in meaning to our word
5.	Knowing that the Old Norse word <i>a grufu</i> meant "to face downwards" helps to explain the meaning of the Modern English word
6.	The Latin base word <i>vadere,</i> meaning "to go," is related to our word, which uses the prefix <i>e</i> -, meaning "away."

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# Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 38 The Word Root cogn**

The Latin root cogn can be found in a variety of words in Modern English. In most cases, as with these vocabulary words, cogn comes from cognoscere, a Latin word meaning "to know" or "to learn." You can use both your understanding of this word root and the sentence context to figure out the meanings of most cogn words. The list below features words containing the root *coan*.

**Word List** 

cognate cognizance incognizant recognizance cognition cognomen recognition recognize

cognitive incognito

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Use context clues, or clues from the surrounding text, to write the meaning of the boldfaced word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write the definition.

1. Exercise will assist his physical development, while studying will focus on his **cognitive** development.

	My definition
	Dictionary definition
2.	José has grown so much in the last year that I almost didn't <b>recognize</b> him when he walked through the door My definition
	Dictionary definition
3.	The actor decided to walk through the public park <b>incognito</b> —so she put on a wig and dark glasses.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
4.	Completely <b>incognizant</b> of the change in weather, Celia was caught in a thundershower without a coat.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
5.	Because he was so quiet and humble, many of his accomplishments received little public <b>recognition</b> .  My definition
	Dictionary definition
6.	The judge released her on her own <b>recognizance</b> because she promised to return for her court appearance.
	My definition
	Dictionary definition

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\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_

Several of the vocabulary words have more than one meaning. Using your understanding of these meanings, write the vocabulary word that best describes each of the following people or situations.

1. to acknowledge a city or country's independence politically	
2. attention you receive for an achievement	
3. the jurisdiction of a state trooper	
4. Antonius in the Roman name Julius Claudius Antonius	

#### **EXERCISE C** Word Etymologies

Although most of the cogn vocabulary words are closely related in origin, two have different origins. Try to guess which two words do not come from the Latin word cognoscere, but from two other Latin words. Check your response in a dictionary. On a separate sheet of paper, write the origins of the two words. These two words illustrate the importance of looking not only for recognizable word roots but also for meaning within context.

#### **Lesson 39 Prefixes Meaning "for" or "against"**

Familiar prefixes will often help you discover the meanings of unfamiliar words. For example prefixes such as anti-, op-, and ob- mean "against," while the prefix pro- means "for." Knowing this will help you define words that begin with these word parts. The following list contains words with prefixes meaning "for" or "against."

**Word List** 

antagonistic obstinate antihero oppose

profess proficient propel propensity

antipathy oppression

#### **EXERCISE A** Prefixes

Use your understanding of the prefixes meaning "for" or "against" to determine the meaning of each boldfaced word. Use a dictionary to check your understanding of each word. Then, write the dictionary meaning.

1. He was hoping that people would be open to his ideas; instead he was surprised by their antagonistic reactions.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

**2.** War broke out after years of **antipathy** between the country's two major ethnic groups.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

3. While one writer wrote about a woman with traditional heroic qualities, another writer wrote about an **antihero** who lacked these admirable qualities.

Dictionary definition

**4.** People are sure to **oppose** a new stadium because it will bring more noise into the neighborhood.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_

**5.** History books are full of stories of average people confronting **oppression** who have demanded their freedom and their basic human rights.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

**6.** The child had an **obstinate** nature, defying his mother at every turn.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

7. We believe that the team's strength and enthusiasm will **propel** them to victory.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

8. Most people in the courtroom believed the defendant should not be out on bail because of his propensity toward violence.

Dictionary definition \_\_\_\_\_

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### Vocabulary Power continued

- **9.** Because Maria was so **proficient** in algebra, she volunteered to tutor friends and classmates. Dictionary definition
- 10. They **profess** to understand our concerns, but their actions indicate otherwise.

Dictionary definition .

#### **EXERCISE B** Antonyms

Circle the letter of the word that is an antonym, or most nearly opposite, of each boldfaced word.

- 1. propel
  - a. deter
- **b.** launch
- **c.** support
- **d.** fight

- 2. antipathy
  - **a.** skill
- **b.** courage
- **c.** hate
- **d.** liking

- 3. oppression
  - **a.** education
- **b.** idealism
- c. justice
- **d.** grief

- 4. obstinate
  - a. stubborn
- **b.** helpless
- **c.** difficult
- **d.** agreeable

- 5. antagonistic
  - a. hateful
- **b.** supportive
- c. heroic
- d. weak

- 6. antihero
  - a. helper
- **b.** champion
- c. scoundrel
- d. fighter

- 7. profess
  - **a.** deny
- **b.** report
- c. argue
- d. assist

- 8. propensity
  - **a.** disagreement
- **b.** helplessness
- **c.** dislike
- **d.** honor

#### **EXERCISE C** Word Association

For each group of words, write the vocabulary word that belongs.

- 1. unfriendly, hostile, difficult
- 2. ill-will, hatred, distaste
- 3. failure, underdog, villain
- 4. claim, declare, announce
- 5. battle, revolt, fight
- **6.** cruelty, injustice, force
- 7. stubborn, firm, headstrong
- **8.** bent, leaning, tendency
- 9. drive, urge, start
- 10. accomplished, expert, skilled

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### **Lesson 40 Using Test-Taking Skills**

#### **Sentence Completion**

Many standardized vocabulary tests will ask you to answer sentence-completion questions. For this type of question, you must select a word or words to complete a sentence that has one or more words missing. Here are some strategies that can help you when you encounter this type of question.

- **A.** Read the sentence carefully. Concentrate on what the sentence is saying. Note any key words and phrases that indicate what word(s) is/are missing. For example, you might need to fill a blank with an action word, the name of a person or a place, or a word that indicates the size or appearance of something.
- **B.** Eliminate choices that are clearly incorrect. For example, some choices might be grammatically incorrect or they might contradict information in the sentence.
- **C.** Use logic and your understanding of the sentence to decide between reasonable choices. For example, two choices might correctly complete the sentence, but one might be slightly more accurate or more vivid than the other. Remember that you must choose the answer that *best* completes the sentence.
- **D.** Reread the sentence for meaning. Decide if your choice truly makes sense. If you are still unsure, move on to the next question and return to the difficult question later.

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word or words that best complete each of the following sentences.

1.	He felt that the article on the region's political history w of the noted scholars in the field.		al history was	as because the author failed to consult any	
	a. aggressive	<b>b.</b> riotous	<b>c.</b> unreliable	d. complete	
2.	new to the campaign	•	rrors an older and wise	with; many young politicians er person would have avoided.  d. anger	
3.		ciety, all children must l bservations	have decent education <b>c.</b> adequa	own children isn't; in order to al  Ite coordination	
4.	-	ritics admire their	enthusiasm for the <b>c.</b> analyze	by the press and by the public, eir cause. ed sweet d disgusted	
5.	•	e next two years abroad pected	l. <b>c.</b> anger .	the announcement that he tiring . insensitive	

# 3

## Vocabulary Power

#### **Review: Unit 10**

#### **EXERCISE A**

Circle the letter of the word that most clearly means the opposite of the boldfaced word.

- 1. evade
  - a. enjoy
- **b.** race
- c. approach
- **d.** escape

- 2. reprimand
  - a. praise
- **b.** assist
- **c.** criticize
- **d.** ignore

- 3. abstain
  - **a.** select
- **b.** order
- c. reject
- **d.** indulge

- 4. bolster
  - a. support
- **b.** discourage
- **c.** protect
- **d**. escape

- 5. cognizant
  - a. disinterested
- **b.** angry
- **c.** simple
- d. unaware

#### **EXERCISE B**

Choose the letter of the word or phrase that best completes each of the following sentences.

- **1.** To **compromise** is to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - **a.** argue your views

c. understand a problem

**b.** try to find common ground

- **d.** escape responsibility
- **2.** A person who is **adamant** is . .
  - a. unsure

c. hateful

**b.** stubbornly certain

d. cowardly

- **3.** An **antihero** is likely to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. support traditional values

**c.** help people

**b.** support an unworthy cause

- **d.** live a quiet life
- **4.** You might **grovel** when you feel \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. enthusiastic

c. guilty

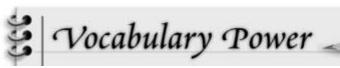
**b.** strong

- d. angry
- **5.** You would **reprimand** someone who \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. impressed you

**c.** frightened you

**b.** displeased you

**d**. supported you



#### **Test: Unit 10**

#### **PART A**

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1. As the doctor examin	ned the injured foot, the	e patient began to	with pain.
<b>a.</b> buffer	<b>b.</b> grimace	<b>c.</b> evade	d. oppose
2. They plan to	_ from voting because t	they do not agree with	the views of any of the candidates.
<b>a.</b> abstain	<b>b.</b> compromise	<b>c.</b> grovel	d. evade
<b>3</b> . The betwee	en the two rival teams m	nade for a game filled v	vith tension.
<b>a.</b> oppression	<b>b.</b> recognizance	<b>c.</b> recognition	<b>d.</b> antipathy
4. The child was	that he had seen a n	nonster in his closet, so	he refused to return to his room.
<b>a.</b> antagonistic	<b>b.</b> adamant	<b>c.</b> incognizant	d. incognito
<b>5.</b> Although she had m to police.	anaged to arre	st for many years, the o	criminal finally decided to turn herself in
•	<b>b.</b> oppose	c. evade	d. recognize
<b>6.</b> The blanket served a window.	ns a between h	er body and the frigid v	winds coming through the broken
<b>a.</b> buffer	<b>b.</b> bolster	<b>c.</b> cognate	d. grovel
7. Knowing she has a _	toward generos	sity, people often come	to Jillian with requests for money.
<b>a.</b> recognition	<b>b.</b> recognizance	<b>c.</b> propensity	d. cognomen
8. All the candidates	to know what is	best for the country; it	is up to voters to decide who is right.
<b>a.</b> propel	<b>b.</b> compromise	<b>c.</b> reprimand	<b>d.</b> profess
9. Ellen often hurts ped	ople's feelings with her a	ngry disposition and _	remarks.
<b>a.</b> cognizant	<b>b.</b> antagonistic	<b>c.</b> proficient	d. cognitive
	nd forth, they decided to	o: this week th	ney would see her friends;
next week, his. <b>a.</b> compromise	<b>b.</b> recognize	c. propel	d. profess

#### PART B

Circle the letter of the word that most clearly means the *opposite* of the boldfaced word.

- 1. reprimand
- **a.** enjoy
- **b.** puzzle
- **c.** select
- **d.** praise

- 2. bolster
  - **a.** insult
- **b.** encourage
- **c.** protect
- **d.** challenge

# 35

## Vocabulary Power continued

- 3. incognizant
  - **a.** aware
- **b.** ignorant
- c. forgetful
- **d.** stunning

- 4. recognize
  - a. praise
- **b.** argue
- c. fight
- **d.** forget

- 5. grovel
  - a. moan
- **b.** be proud
- **c.** surrender
- d. understand

#### **PART C**

Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best completes each of the following sentences.

- 1. A cognomen is a \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. word related to another word
  - **b.** name or label
  - c. disguise
  - d. facial expression
- 2. You might say someone is "obstinate as a \_\_\_\_\_\_."
  - a. kitten
  - **b.** hero
  - **c.** mule
  - d. house
- **3.** To propel something is to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. move it forward
  - b. stand against it
  - c. forget about it
  - d. state it clearly
- **4.** People experiencing oppression have no \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. courage
  - **b.** justice
  - c. friends
  - d. knowledge
- **5.** Recognizance refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - **a.** hatred between two groups
  - **b.** the understanding of a problem
  - c. a pledge to do something
  - d. fame and popularity

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#### **Lesson 41 Using Context Clues**

Much of what we understand about the world and about life is based on the wisdom of people who lived before us. Our ancestors' knowledge is transmitted to us in many ways. Sometimes we have to dig for it, and sometimes it's as close as a familiar saying. The words in this list have to do with learning about past generations.

Word List antiquity	epic	genealogy	petroglyph
archaeology	etymology	parable	relic
chronicle	fossil		

#### **EXERCISE A** Clues

My definition \_

Read each sentence below and use context clues to guess the meaning of the boldfaced vocabulary word. Write your definition. Then, look up the word and write the dictionary definition. If the dictionary lists more than one definition, choose the one that best fits the sentence.

1. The scientist carefully brushed dirt from the **fossil**, revealing the outline of a fish that had lived millions of years ago.

ļ	Dictionary definition
1	If you study the <b>etymology</b> of the word <i>octogenarian,</i> you can trace its origin to the Latin roots <i>octo,</i> meaning "eight," and <i>ginta,</i> meaning "ten times."  My definition
1	Dictionary definition
,	Thucydides' <i>History of the Peloponnesian War</i> is more than a <b>chronicle</b> of this ancient conflict between Athens and Sparta; the author also includes speeches about human nature.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
	The pyramids of Egypt are <b>relics</b> of a great civilization that existed long ago.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
	You can discover what qualities were admired in a culture by analyzing the heroes of an <b>epic</b> from that culture.  My definition
ļ	Dictionary definition
(	Lin has studied her <b>genealogy</b> and knows the names of some of her ancestors who lived during the Ming dynasty in seventeenth-century China.  My definition
	Dictionary definition

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3	Vocabulary Power continued
7.	Religious teachers through the ages have used <b>parables</b> to teach moral lessons because a simple story is easy to understand and remember.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
8.	The field of <b>archaeology</b> has always fascinated me because the objects that an ancient civilization leaves behind are like the pieces of a giant puzzle.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
9.	<b>Petroglyphs</b> carved into the walls of the ancient cave revealed that hunting bison played a central role in the lives of the people who created the drawings.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
10.	The end of <b>antiquity</b> and the start of the Middle Ages is sometimes dated A.D. 410 and sometimes A.D. 476. My definition
	Dictionary definition
Con	Sentence Completion  Inplete each of the following sentences, using the above definitions.  A plastic bottle buried under the ground cannot be called a fossil because
2.	You might have trouble reading a poem that was written in <b>antiquity</b> because
3.	A student of <b>archaeology</b> might want to explore a sunken ship because

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#### **EXERCISE C** Sentence Completion

Circle each word in parentheses that correctly completes the sentence.

- 1. The (archaeology, petroglyph, etymology) of a word will tell you its language of origin.
- **2.** The storyteller recited the (chronicle, parable, epic) adventures of a legendary hero.
- **3.** The (fossil, petroglyph, antiquity) showed the faint outline of a leaf buried for centuries.
- **4.** Information from birth records, marriage records, and tombstones can aid in the search of one's (etymology, chronicle, genealogy).

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#### **Lesson 42 Using Context Clues**

Learning about our ancestors can help us understand who we are and give us a feeling of pride. Sometimes we make discoveries about past generations in unexpected places. All the words in this list relate to the African Burial Ground that was recently discovered in the heart of New York City.

Word List			
artifact	familial	ritual	vehemently
defile	hallowed	uninhabitable	venerate
excavate	mortality		
	•		

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Read the passage and use context clues to guess the meaning of each boldfaced word. Write your definition of each word; then look up the word and write the dictionary definition.

In 1991, while digging the foundation for a new federal office building in lower Manhattan, construction workers rediscovered the African Burial Ground. In the 1640s, this area was considered **uninhabitable** because it was too wet and marshy to build houses there. It was, therefore, given to the city's enslaved Africans as a place to bury their dead. Three hundred and fifty years later, members of the African American community feared that the building project would **defile** the burial ground, a sacred part of their past. They protested **vehemently** and fought to preserve the burial ground. After many months, the government agreed to put the building somewhere else and allow scientists to carefully **excavate** human remains from the site. To date, 427 bodies have been removed from the burial ground, along with coffins, women's waistbeads, and other **artifacts** that people buried with their loved ones. Studying these artifacts has given clues to the **rituals** that enslaved Africans followed when burying their dead; many of these customs had been brought from cultures in Africa. For example, when a mother and child died at the same time, the mother might be buried with her baby cradled in her left arm. This custom emphasized the **familial** bonds of love and caring between mother and child.

Studying the bones of the dead has uncovered some disturbing facts. The rate of **mortality** for enslaved children was very high; about forty percent died by the age of twelve because of poor nutrition, anemia, and related diseases. About half of those who survived to adulthood died from work-related causes—they were simply worked to death. The African Burial Ground is now considered **hallowed** ground and will serve to honor the lives of those buried there. A memorial will be built to **venerate** the African ancestors who died while helping to build America's greatest city.

1. uninhabitable : my definition _		
Dictionary definition		
2. defile : my definition		
Dictionary definition		
<b>3. vehemently</b> : my definition		
Dictionary definition		
<b>4. excavate</b> : my definition		
Dictionary definition		

Vocabulary Power Unit 11, Lesson 42 103

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Vocabulary	Power	continued		
<b>5. artifact</b> : my definition				
Dictionary definition				
6. ritual: my definition				
Dictionary definition				
7. familial : my definition				
Dictionary definition				
8. mortality : my definition_				
Dictionary definition				
<b>9. hallowed</b> : my definition_				
Dictionary definition				
<b>10. venerate</b> : my definition				
Dictionary definition				
Read each sentence and dec word. Write <i>true</i> or <i>false</i> and 1. Two people who have been	nd briefly ex	plain your answer.	·	
2. A society that venerates na	ature would be	e likely to pollute the o	ocean and to cut down	forests.
<b>3.</b> A place with good soil for f	arming and p	lenty of fresh water wo	ould be <b>uninhabitable.</b>	
<b>4.</b> A bulldozer and a shovel a	re two tools th	nat can be used to <b>exc</b>	cavate.	
EXERCISE C Analo	_			
Complete each analogy belo sample pairs.	ow dy choosi	ing the word that ex	cpresses the relations	snip snown in the
1. hallowed : sacred :: vehem	ently:			
<b>a.</b> gently <b>b.</b> re	spectfully	c. strongly	<b>d.</b> cautiously	

c. archaeology

**c.** enjoy

**d.** culture

d. honor

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2. fossil: nature:: artifact:

**3.** venerate : disrespect :: defile :

**b.** age

**b.** ignore

a. ceremony

**a.** destroy



# Vocabulary Power

#### Lesson 43 The Prefixes sub-, super-

A prefix is a word part that appears at the beginning of a word and changes the meaning of the base word or root to which it is added. The prefix sub- means "below," "under," "beneath," or "secondary." The prefix supermeans "above," "over," or "superior in size, quality, number, or degree." Knowing these two prefixes can help you understand and remember the meanings of the words in this list.

**Word List** 

subside subjugate superficial superintend submissive subterranean superfluous supersede

subordinate supercilious

#### **EXERCISE A** Synonyms

Each boldfaced word below is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words or situations related to the meaning of the synonym and write your ideas. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. submissive : obedient
Dictionary definition
2. subordinate : secondary
Dictionary definition
3. subterranean : underground
Dictionary definition
4. subjugate : defeat
Dictionary definition
5. subside : decrease
Dictionary definition
6. supercilious : conceited
Dictionary definition
7. superficial : shallow
Dictionary definition
8. superfluous : extra
Dictionary definition
9. supersede : replace
Dictionary definition
10. superintend : oversee

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Dictionary definition \_

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## Vocabulary Power continued

#### **EXERCISE B** Sentence Completion

Choose the word that best completes each sentence.

- Fishers had to wait for the storm to \_\_\_\_\_\_ before going out in their boats.
   a. superintend
   b. subside
   c. subjugate
   d. supersede
- **2.** Trees receive nourishment from the soil through their roots.

  - a. superciliousb. subordinatec. superficiald. subterranean
- **3.** Our art teacher is \_\_\_\_\_ in using paper towels.
  - **a.** supersedes **b.** superfluous **c.** subjugates **d.** subsides
- **4.** Students admired the professor's knowledge and intelligence but did not like his \_\_\_\_\_\_ attitude.
  - **a.** subordinate **b.** superficial **c.** supercilious **d.** submissive
- 5. Maria's analysis of the movie was so \_\_\_\_\_ that I wondered if she might have just read a review.
  - a. submissive b. superfluous c. superficial d. subterranean

#### **EXERCISE C** Usage

#### Choose the best answer to each question.

- 1. What would be the best way to **subjugate** a rival soccer team that you knew had a weak defense?
  - **a.** use only offensive players
  - **b.** take advantage of this weakness with a strong offensive effort to win the game
  - c. offer to help them improve their defense by practicing with them
  - d. make things even by keeping some of your best defensive players out of the game
- **2.** If your teacher called the first draft of your book report **superficial**, what would you do?
  - a. feel confident that you were going to receive an A on the assignment
  - b. make your second draft simpler and less detailed
  - c. neatly type your final draft so that it is easier to read
  - **d.** add more details and in-depth analysis in your second draft

#### **EXERCISE D** Multiple-Meaning Words

Use a dictionary to find the definitions of the word *subordinate*. Write a sentence using each tense and definition of the word.

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#### **Review: Unit 11**

#### **EXERCISE A**

Choose the word that best completes each sentence.

1.	A person studying	might spend a lo	t of time digging up ob	jects left behind by past civilizations.
	<b>a.</b> mortality	<b>b.</b> genealogy	c. archaeology	d. etymology
2.	ties, such as	those between father a	nd son, are perhaps the	e strongest existing bonds.
	<b>a.</b> Familial	<b>b.</b> Subordinate	c. Ritual	d. Superficial
3.	The Roman Empire e	xisted in the period of h	istory known as	<u>_</u> .
	<b>a.</b> subterranean	<b>b.</b> epic	c. genealogy	d. antiquity
4.	Our French teacher is	giving the class a new	assignment that will	the one she gave us before.
	<b>a.</b> supersede	<b>b.</b> subside	<b>c.</b> superintend	d. subjugate
5.	Art historians believe	that the carved	d into walls of this ancie	ent building were once painted with
	bright colors.			
	a. petroglyphs	<b>b.</b> rituals	<b>c.</b> relics	d. fossils
6.	5. Society should the elderly; they have a wealth of knowledge to share.			
	<b>a.</b> subjugate	<b>b.</b> excavate	c. venerate	<b>d.</b> supersede
7.	A(n) is more	e than a good story; it a	lso teaches a moral less	son.
	a. epic	<b>b.</b> parable	<b>c.</b> artifact	<b>d.</b> chronicle
8.	A desert may appear	, but in fact ma	nny plants, animals, and	human societies have found ways to
	survive in such harsh	environments.		
	<b>a.</b> subordinate	<b>b.</b> hallowed	<b>c.</b> uninhabitable	d. superfluous
9.	The hero of this	faces adventures th	at test his intelligence,	bravery, and strength.
	<b>a.</b> chronicle			
10.	The third paragraph i	n your essay is	; it does not present ar	y details.
	<b>a.</b> superfluous	<b>b.</b> supercilious	<b>c.</b> submissive	d. superficial

#### **EXERCISE B**

Circle the word whose meaning is most nearly the same as that of the boldfaced word.

1. chronicle:	magazine	bone	history
2. ritual:	ceremony	story	grave
3. excavate:	examine	worship	dig



# Vocabulary Power

#### Test: Unit 11

#### Part A

#### Circle the word in parentheses that best completes each sentence.

- 1. Why would anyone want to (excavate, venerate, defile) a cemetery by painting graffiti on the gravestones?
- **2.** Pedro's (superfluous, subordinate, supercilious) comments gave the impression that he thought he was smarter than everyone else in the class.
- **3.** Shannon and her sister often argued, but their (superficial, familial, hallowed) bond was strong and they supported each other during difficult times.
- **4.** My grandmother's coffee grinder, which she operates by turning a hand crank, seems like a (relic, parable, ritual) from a past era, but she refuses to buy an electric model.
- **5.** A(n) (parable, chronicle, etymology) recorded by an unknown historian in the third century helped modern historians piece together the events that took place during that time.
- **6.** The scientists hoped to discover prehistoric (epics, rituals, petroglyphs) carved into the cave walls but, instead, they found a more recent message that said, "Dave loves Marlene."
- **7.** Most homes in the river valley were (subterranean, uninhabitable, superfluous) because they were under four feet of water.
- **8.** Harold is very (superficial, hallowed, submissive) and tends to go along with anything his older sister says.
- **9.** The (etymology, genealogy, archaeology) of the word *chronicle* reveals that it derives from the Greek root *chronos,* "time," and is related to the words *chronic* and *chronological*.
- **10.** In one culture we studied, people (subjugated, excavated, venerated) their ancestors by leaving small offerings for them each day.

#### Part B

#### For each boldfaced word, circle the word that is most nearly opposite in meaning.

<ol> <li>vehemently</li> </ol>
--------------------------------

a. passionately

**b.** foolishly

**c.** fully

**d.** weakly

2. superficial

**a.** friendly

**b**. deep

**c.** intelligent

d. sacred

3. hallowed

**a.** worshipped

**b.** disrespected

c. solid

d. ancient

4. subside

**a.** defeat

**b.** surrender

**c.** increase

**d.** admire

5. subordinate

**a.** superior

**b.** superfluous

**c**. tall

**d.** beautiful

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# Vocabulary Power continued

#### Part C

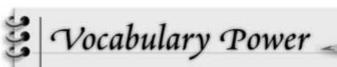
#### Circle the letter of the best answer to each question.

- 1. What is an **artifact** that could tell you something about a group of people?
  - a. a ceremony performed by the group each year to celebrate the end of winter
  - **b.** a recently published book about the group
  - c. a story created by the group and handed down from generation to generation
  - **d.** a tool that was used by the group to cultivate plants for food
- **2.** What is a good reason to tell someone a **parable**?
  - a. to make a complex moral argument for or against a certain behavior
  - b. to teach a moral or religious lesson
  - c. to describe the many adventures of a legendary hero
  - d. to tell the history of an ancient civilization
- 3. What could you learn by studying a fossil?
  - a. the social rules followed by a society that no longer exists
  - **b.** the techniques of stone carving used by a past civilization
  - c. the religious beliefs of the group that created the fossil
  - d. the physical structure of a plant that lived millions of years ago
- **4.** What is something you would *not* have found in antiquity?
  - a. ideas about right and wrong
  - **b.** writings about history
  - **c.** a ballpoint pen
  - **d.** coins
- **5.** What would an archaeologist excavate?
  - **a.** the basement of a new home
  - b. bones and pottery from an earthen mound
  - c. toothpaste, oranges, and paper
  - **d.** monkeys from the jungle

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Vocabulary Power

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#### **Lesson 44 Using Context Clues**

Imagine what it would be like if every movie you saw had the same characters, plot, and theme. You would most likely rather find unique characters, surprising plots, and thought-provoking themes. Variety adds richness to our lives. The words in this list have to do with variety.

<b>Word List</b>			
complementary	eclectic	profusion	unorthodox
confluence	heterogeneous	undeviating	xenophobia
diversity	plethora		

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

For each sentence below, use context clues to determine the meaning of the boldfaced word. Write your definition of the word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its definition.

	<ol> <li>Students in the middle school were required to be undeviating in their adherence to the dress code.</li> <li>My definition</li> </ol>
	Dictionary definition
2	2. The diversity of opinions at the student council meeting caused some initial arguments but finally led to a bold new course of action. My definition
	Dictionary definition
	3. The foreign-exchange student worried that he might encounter <b>xenophobia</b> at his new American school, but all the other students welcomed him and were interested to learn about his country and culture.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
4	4. Mikhail's <b>unorthodox</b> ideas encourage me to think about things in a new way.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
ļ	5. The musical interests in our chorus are <b>heterogeneous:</b> classical, gospel, and pop.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
(	6. The Fourth of July parade was a <b>confluence</b> of people from all age groups and walks of life.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
•	7. Gina and Natalia's <b>complementary</b> skills on the tennis court made them perfect doubles partners.  My definition
	Dictionary definition

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8.	The literary magazine published an <b>ecle</b> hip-hop lyrics.  My definition  Dictionary definition		
9.	When the kindergarten teacher asked he with a noisy <b>profusion</b> of ideas.  My definition	er class where they would like to go for	r a field trip, she was greeted
10.	Supermarkets offer such a <b>plethora</b> of diff My definition		·
	Sentence Compile the word in parentheses that best		
1.	A city known for (xenophobia, diversity,	plethora) would have residents from n	nany ethnic backgrounds.
2.	My father loves to cook, and fortunately to eat.	we have the (eclectic, heterogeneous, o	complementary) trait of liking
3.	A few years ago, we planted just a few fl xenophobia, profusion) of brilliant flowe	,	oy a (confluence,
4.	A politician with (undeviating, unorthodo in order to win the election, she eventual	, ,	
5.	Once your e-mail address gets on certain diversity, confluence) of electronic adver		ough a daily (plethora,
Som com dicti	MUITIPLE-Meaning words have more than one definition applementary and complement have more to locate and write the meaning applementary	on listed within a single dictionary e ultiple meanings related to different	fields of study. Use a

1. art			
<b>2</b> . math			
complement			
<b>3.</b> grammar			
<b>4.</b> music			
5. biochemistry			

Vocabulary Power

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#### **Lesson 45 Using Context Clues**

When you are searching for just the right word—a word with particular quality—why not just borrow a word from another language? Many words from other modern languages have made their way into English dictionaries. The list below contains a small sampling of these words.

Word List			
aficionado	fjord	rendezvous	tsunami
bungalow	novella	toboggan	zeitgeist
ennui	peccadillo		

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Read each sentence below and use context clues to guess the meaning of the boldfaced word. Write your definition, and then look up the word and write the dictionary definition that fits best in the sentence. Also, note the language from which each word was borrowed.

1.	I just read an interesting <b>novella</b> in which the main character, an American schoolteacher, falls in love during a summer in Italy.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
2.	The <b>ennui</b> of the people at the party was evident from their conversations.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
3.	Carlos thought that the <b>rendezvous</b> was set for 7 P.M., but none of his friends showed up.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
4.	<b>Aficionados</b> of women's soccer in the United States were overjoyed when their team won the World Cup in 1999. My definition
	Dictionary definition
5.	Meg was reprimanded for her <b>peccadillo</b> , but Ryan's offense was much worse, and he was suspended.  My definition
	Dictionary definition
6.	As our boat sailed through the narrow <b>fjord</b> , we admired the steep cliffs that rose on either side.  My definition
	Dictionary definition

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# Vocabulary Power continued

7. Native Americans invented the toboggap as a means of transporting goods over the spew in the	10000
7. Native Americans invented the toboggan as a means of transporting goods over the snow; in the Europeans adapted the toboggan for recreational use. My definition	I88US,
Dictionary definition	
<b>8.</b> An earthquake in the middle of the ocean can create a <b>tsunami</b> that builds to over one hundred to approaches the shore, where it finally crashes and can sweep away buildings and people.  My definition	eet as it
Dictionary definition	
<ol> <li>For our next vacation, we intend to visit a tropical location and rent a small bungalow near the ocean.</li> <li>My definition</li> </ol>	
Dictionary definition	
10. One way to measure the zeitgeist of a particular era is to study its art, literature, and music to see attitudes and feelings are represented. My definition	what
Dictionary definition	

#### **EXERCISE B** Word Association

For each group of words, write the vocabulary word that best fits.

- 1. meeting, date, appointment
- **2.** transgression, light offense, flaw
- 3. tornado, earthquake, flood
- **4.** mountain, canyon, waterfall
- 5. fan, devotee, follower
- **6.** story, poem, essay
- 7. listlessness, boredom, fatigue
- 8. sled, luge, sleigh
- **9.** spirit, climate, atmosphere
- 10. cottage, cabin, chalet

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**Vocabulary Power** 

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# Vocabulary Power

#### Lesson 46 The Suffixes -ent, -ence

Suffixes usually change the part of speech of the base words to which they are added. For example, the Greek suffix *-ent* means "performing or causing a specified action" or "being in a specified state or condition" and forms adjectives: *cohere* (verb) + *-ent* = *coherent* (adjective). The Latin suffix *-ence* means "state or condition" or "action" and forms nouns: *revere* (verb) + *-ence* = *reverence* (noun). The words in this list are formed with the suffixes *-ent* and *-ence*.

W	ord	List	ı
---	-----	------	---

complacent effervescent prevalent somnolence decadence evanescent prudence transient

divergent persistence

#### **EXERCISE A** Synomyms

Each boldfaced word below is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words or situations related to the meaning of the synonym and write your ideas on the line provided. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. complacent : content
Dictionary definition
2. transient : temporary
Dictionary definition
3. decadence : decay
Dictionary definition
4. divergent : scattered
Dictionary definition
5. prudence : caution
Dictionary definition
6. persistence : steadfastness
Dictionary definition
7. evanescent : disappearing
Dictionary definition
8. prevalent : common
Dictionary definition
9. effervescent : spirited
Dictionary definition
10. somnolence : sleepiness
Dictionary definition

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### Vocabulary Power continued

#### **EXERCISE B**

#### Circle the word in parentheses that best completes each sentence.

- 1. By late May, a feeling of excitement about the start of summer vacation was (prevalent, evanescent, transient) among the students.
- 2. The two sisters took (complacent, divergent, effervescent) paths when choosing their summer jobs; one worked in a restaurant and the other got an internship at a publishing company.
- 3. Martha made phone calls nearly every day to businesses that advertised summer jobs, and her (persistence, somnolence, decadence) paid off when she landed a great job.
- 4. The travel agent had such a(n) (evanescent, prevalent, effervescent) personality that we left his office feeling even more excited about our trip to the Bahamas.
- 5. (Prevalent, Divergent, Transient) summer visitors to this coastal town often don't care about keeping the beach free of trash as much as the permanent residents do.

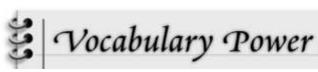
#### **EXERCISE C**

#### Circle the letter of the best answer to each question.

- **1.** What is one of the dangers of being too **complacent?** 
  - **a.** a good opportunity might pass you by while you're not paying attention
  - **b.** other people might find your bubbly personality a bit annoying
  - c. you might lose sleep because you're worrying about things too much
  - **d.** focusing on just one thing can make you forget that other things are important too
- **2.** How could a person show **prudence** while driving a car?
  - **a.** by using a cellular phone to accomplish two things at once
  - **b.** by driving very fast to avoid wasting time
  - c. by using turn signals and slowing down gradually before a turn
  - **d.** by stopping for gas every ten miles to make sure the tank does not run dry
- **3.** What might be a sign of **decadence** in a town?
  - a. there are many popular new stores in the downtown area
  - **b.** it's hard to make a dinner reservation because the restaurants are so busy
  - **c.** many young families with children are moving into the town
  - **d.** there are a lot of boarded-up shops and restaurants with "closed" signs
- **4.** What kind of atmosphere is most likely to cause **somnolence?** 
  - a. a crowded dance club with loud music
  - **b.** a comfortable living-room couch and a television showing an exciting football game
  - c. a romantic, candlelit restaurant where you're dining with an interesting date
  - d. a rainy Sunday afternoon when you have nothing to do

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**Review: Unit 12** 

#### **EXERCISE**

#### Circle the word in parentheses that best completes each sentence.

- 1. With cable television offering a variety of sports channels, baseball (bungalows, peccadilloes, aficionados) never have to miss a game, even if it's played far from home.
- **2.** (Xenophobia, Tsunami, Prudence) is sometimes based on a lack of understanding of cultures and people from other parts of the world.
- **3.** Adult education classes are often (undeviating, complacent, heterogeneous), including students of different ages and from different walks of life.
- **4.** While passing through the (fjord, tsunami, ennui), Henry wondered what natural forces had created the steep cliffs that rose from the water on both sides.
- **5.** Public radio stations usually air a(n) (unorthodox, evanescent, eclectic) mix of news, music, talk show, and entertainment programming.
- **6.** The history professor's boring lectures often produced (persistence, zeitgeist, somnolence) in her students, even those who were very interested in the topic.
- 7. When the librarian got back from vacation, she was not surprised to find a (novella, profusion, decadence) of books spilling over the top of the return box.
- **8.** The coffee shop in the center of town seemed to be a good place for a (bungalow, rendezvous, plethora), so we agreed to meet there at eight o'clock.
- **9.** Before skiing became popular in Europe, people entertained themselves by riding (tsunamis, peccadilloes, toboggans) down the mountains.
- **10.** The child hoped to get his way through (persistence, confluence, ennui), but his constant demands for candy only made his mother more determined to keep him on a healthful diet.

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#### **Test: Unit 12**

#### Part A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes each sentence.

••••	ne the letter of the	mora mac best comp	ictes caen sentence.		
1.	Marc was bored with of	school, with his friends	, and even with himself	; in short, he suffered an extreme case	
	a. xenophobia	<b>b.</b> profusion	<b>c.</b> ennui	d. prudence	
2.	Bea's views on the su <b>a.</b> evanescent		, and she kept them c. complementary	to herself to avoid arguments. <b>d.</b> unorthodox	
3.	the same math class,	and sitting next to her	on the first day of school		
	<b>a.</b> confluence	<b>b</b> . prudence	<b>c.</b> zeitgeist	d. somnolence	
4.		ers in Joan's hospital ro <b>b.</b> aficionado		eople cared about her.  d. rendezvous	
5.	Lou has so many wo	nderful qualities that it's	s easy to forgive his few	·	
	<b>a.</b> tsunamis	<b>b.</b> novellas	<b>c.</b> peccadilloes	d. plethoras	
6.	It's good not to be or study hard enough to	•	upcoming test, but, if yo	ou are too, you might not	
	a. complacent	<b>b.</b> transient	<b>c.</b> undeviating	d. eclectic	
7.	Before it was renovate and a leaky roof.	ted, the building was in	a state of, with	n broken windows, a rotting foundation,	
	<b>a.</b> profusion	<b>b.</b> decadence	<b>c.</b> diversity	d. xenophobia	
8.	8. Shall we arrange our for 7 P.M. at the public library?				
	a. bungalow	<b>b.</b> ennui	c. zeitgeist	d. rendezvous	
9.	Please usev	when operating the law	nmower so that no one	gets hurt.	
	a. somnolence	<b>b.</b> confluence	<b>c.</b> prudence	d. decadence	
10.	The of opin	ions among people at t	he meeting led to intere	esting debates.	
	<b>a.</b> persistence	<b>b.</b> diversity	<b>c.</b> rendezvous	d. xenophobia	
11.	of the rock	band started lining up b	pefore dawn on the day	concert tickets went on sale.	
	<b>a.</b> Peccadilloes	<b>b</b> . Fjords	<b>c.</b> Tsunamis	<b>d</b> . Aficionados	
12.	. Salvador did not und	lerstand the math probl	em at first, but through	stubborn and intense	
	concentration, he wa	s finally able to figure it	out.		
	<b>a.</b> persistence	<b>b</b> . plethora	<b>c</b> . zeitgeist	<b>d</b> . somnolence	

Vocabulary Power Unit 12 Test 117



# Vocabulary Power continued

13.	The remind	ed Tammy of the Grand	Canyon, but with the o	cean at the bottom.
	a. tsunami	<b>b.</b> fjord	c. toboggan	d. bungalow
14.	Solemn respect for G	od and fear of the devil	's influence were part o	f the of seventeenth-century
	Puritan New England			
	<b>a.</b> zeitgeist	<b>b.</b> diversity	<b>c.</b> decadence	d. ennui
15.	Some students might	believe they should be	assigned more homew	ork each night, but I doubt the attitude
	is throughout	ut the student body.		
	a. transient	<b>b.</b> heterogeneous	c. evanescent	d. prevalent

#### Part B

#### Circle the word whose meaning is most nearly the same as that of the boldfaced vocabulary word.

1. somnolence:	fear	sleepiness	disagreement
2. undeviating:	steady	undecided	open
3. heterogeneous:	smooth	forgetful	mixed
4. transient:	slow	passing	tired
5. plethora:	discussion	meeting	overabundance
6. peccadillo:	talent	flaw	fan
7. divergent:	parting	merging	loving
8. evanescent:	disappearing	careful	talkative
9. ennui:	contentment	energy	boredom
10. effervescent:	intelligent	lively	pretty

#### Part C

#### Complete each analogy below by choosing the word that creates the same relationship in the second pair that exists in the first.

1.	chair : sofa :: novella	:		
	a. encyclopedia	<b>b.</b> poem	c. novel	d. lamp
2.	skates : ice :: tobogga	n:		
	a. snow	<b>b.</b> wave	<b>c.</b> sled	<b>d.</b> transportation
3.	profusion : many :: e	clectic :		
	<b>a.</b> beautiful	<b>b.</b> various	c. wild	<b>d.</b> brief
4.	evanescent : vapor ::	effervescent :		
	a. water	<b>b.</b> volcano	c. song	<b>d.</b> bubbles
5.	prudence : wisdom ::	decadence :		
	a. hope	<b>b.</b> excitement	<b>c.</b> decay	<b>d.</b> zeitgeist

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abate ə bāt' abhor ab hôr' abstain ab stān' abstract ab'strakt acquiesce ak'wē es' adage ad'ii adamant ad'ə mənt adhere ad her' adherent ad hēr'ənt admonish ad mon'ish admonition ad'mə nish'ən adverse ad vurs' advocate ad'və kāt' aerospace ār'ō spās' affectation af 'ek tā'shən affront a frunt' aficionado ə fish 'ē ə nä 'dō aggression ə gresh'ən agitate aj'ə tāt' alacrity ə lak'rə tē alienated āl'yə nāt'id alleviate ə lē'vē āt' altruistic al'troo is' tik amateurish am'ə choor'ish amplify am'plə fi' anarchy an'ər kē animated an'ə mā'tid antagonistic an tag'ə nis'tik antihero an'ti hēr'ō antipathy an tip'ə thē antiquity an tik'wə tē apathy ap'ə thē appease ə pēz' appraise ə prāz' archaeology är 'kē ol'ə jē ardently ärd'ənt lē arduous är'joo əs artifact är'tə fakt' ascertain as 'ər tān' aspiration as 'pə rā'shən assiduous ə sij′oo əs assimilate ə sim'ə lāt' audaciously ô dā'shəs lē aura ôr'ə

averse ə vurs'

avocation av 'ə kā'shən award ə wôrd' awry ə rī' belittle bi lit'əl benefactor ben'ə fak'tər benevolence bə nev'ə ləns biennial bi en'ē əl bilingual bi ling 'qwəl binder bin'dər binocular bə nok'yə lər bizarre bi zär' bolster bol'stər bonanza bə nan'zə brazen brā'zən brevity brev'ə tē bric-a-brac brik'ə brak' broach broch brusque brusk buffer buf'ər bungalow bung'qə lō' capitulate kə pich 'ə lāt ' captivate kap 'tə vāt' carnage kär'nij censure sen'shar chaos kā'os chronicle kron'i kəl civility si vil'ə tē clear klēr clemency klem'ən sē cognate kog'nāt cognition kog nish 'ən cognitive kog'nə tiv cognizance kog'nə zəns cognomen kog nō'mən commandeer kom'ən der' commemorate kə mem'ə rāt' commentary kom'ən ter'ē commodity kə mod'ə tē compassion kəm pash'ən complacent kəm plā'sənt complementary kom pla men'tar ē complexity kəm plek'sə tē comprehension kom 'pri hen 'shən compromise kom' prə mīz' compulsory kəm pul'sər ē

Vocabulary Power Pronunciation Guide 119

# Vocabulary Power Pronunciation Guide

computerize kəm pū'tə rīz' conception kan sep'shan concurrent kan kur'ant confidant kon'fə dant' confiscate kon'fis kāt'

conflagration kon'fla grā'shan

confluence kon'floo əns congenial kən jēn'yəl consecrate kon'sə krāt' conspire kən spir' convene kən vēn'

conventional kan ven 'shan al cosmopolitan koz'mə pol'ə tən

creative krē ā'tiv credence krēd'əns database dā'tə bās decadence dek'əd əns deference def'ər əns

defile di fil' deluge del'ūj

demonstrative di mon'stra tiv

depravity di prav'ə tē desecrate des'ə krāt' didactic di dak'tik digital dij'it əl

dilapidate di lap'ə dāt'

din din

discern di surn'

discontinue dis 'kən tin'ū

discreet dis krēt' disheveled di shev'əld disparage dis par'ij dissemble di sem'bəl divergent di vur'jant diversity di vur'sə tē docile dos'əl

doubt dout

dwindle dwind'al eclectic ek lek'tik ecstatic ek stat'ik

effervescent ef 'ər ves'ənt elucidate i loo'sə dat'

elusive i loo'siv

emaciated i mā'shē āt'id emanate em'ə nāt'

embark em bärk' empathy em'pə thē emphatic em fat'ik enamored en am 'ərd enlighten en līt'ən ennui än wē'

enterprising en'tər pri'zing enumerate i noo'mə rāt'

epic ep'ik

epiphany i pif'ə nē epitome i pit'ə mē

equanimity ēk'wə nim'ə tē etymology et'ə mol'ə jē

evade i vād'

evanescent ev'ə nes'ənt evocative i vok'ə tiv

exalt ig zôlt'

excavate eks 'kə vāt ' exclusive iks kloo'siv exhilaration ig zil'ə rā'shən exorbitant ig zôr'bə tənt

exploit eks'ploit

extenuating iks ten'ū ā'ting

extricate eks'trə kāt' fabricate fab'rə kāt' falsify fôl'sə fī' familial fə mil'yəl fastidious fas tid'ē əs felicity fi lis'ə tē fervent fur'vənt fjord fyôrd flay flā

forbearance for bar 'ens

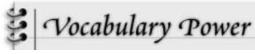
fossil fos'əl frantic fran'tik freakish fre 'kish futile fū'til

garrulous gar'ə ləs genealogy jē'nē ol'ə jē generalize jen'ər ə līz' geopolitics jē'ō pol'ə tiks

grimace grim'is grovel gruv'əl gusto qus'tō hallowed hal'od

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haughtiness hô'tē nəs

heterogeneous het 'ər ə jē'nē əs

hologram hō'lə gram'

hypocrisy hi pok'rə sē

imminent im'ə nənt

immortality im'ôr tal'ə tē

impassioned im pash'end

impassive im pas'iv

imperious im pēr'ē əs

impetuous im pech'oo əs

impish im'pish

impolitic im pol'a tik

impudence im'pyə dəns

incisive in sī'siv

incognito in 'kög nē'tō

incognizant in 'kög'nə zənt

indigenous in dij'ə nəs

indigent in 'di jənt

inevitable i nev'ə tə bəl

inflection in flek'shan

influential in 'floo en 'shəl

informant in fôr'mənt

iniquity in ik'wə tē

innocence in 'a sans

innocuous i nok'ū əs

inquisitor in kwiz'ə tər

instrumental in 'strə ment'əl

intact in takt'

intangible in tan'jə bəl

integral in 'tə grəl

integrity in teg'rə tē

intensify in ten'sə fi'

intonation in 'tō nā 'shən

intrigued in tread'

introspection in 'trə spek'shən

invoke in vok'

irreproachable ir'i prō'chə bəl

irrevocable i rev'ə kə bəl

jaunty jôn'tē

jeopardize jep'ər dīz'

jostle jos'əl

jovial jō'vē əl

legacy leg'ə sē

lithe līth

loathsome loath'səm

ludicrous loo'də krəs

lurch lurch

lustrous lus'tras

mammoth mam'əth

manifest man' ə fest'

megalopolis meg 'ə lop 'ə lis

mentor men'tər

mercurial mer kyoor 'ē əl

metropolitan met'rə pol'ə tən

misapprehension mis'ap ri hen'shən

misappropriate mis'ə pro'pre āt'

misbegotten mis bi got ən

miscreant mis 'krē ənt

misdemeanor mis'di mē'nər

misfortune mis fôr 'chən

misgiving mis giv'ing

misnomer mis nō'mər

misprize mis prīz'

misrepresent mis 'rep ri zent'

monitor mon'ə tər

monitory mon'ə tôr' ē

monotone mon'ə tōn'

morality mə ral'ə tē

moribund môr ' ə bund '

mortify môr'tə fi'

mulish mū'lish

myriad mir'ē əd

nocturnal nok turn'əl

nocuous nä'kū əs

novella no vel'a

noxious nok'shas

nutritious noo trish'es obliterate ə blit'e rāt'

obnoxious ob nok'shəs

obstinate ob'stə nit

odious ō'dē əs

onslaught ôn'slôt'

oppose ə pōz'

oppression ə presh'ən

oscillate os'ə lāt'

overwhelm ō'vər hwelm'

palatial pə lā'shəl

parable par'ə bəl

paradigm par'ə dim'

paragon par'ə gon'

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# Vocabulary Power Pronunciation Guide

passionate pash'ə nit passive pas'iv pathetic pə thet'ik pathology pə thol'ə jē pathos pā'thos patronage pā'trə nij peccadillo pek'ə dil'ō pentagon pen'tə gon' pentathlon pen tath'lən perceptive par sep'tiv perplex par pleks' persistence par sis 'tans petrified pet'rə fid petroglyph pet'rə glif placid plas'id plague plāg plausible plô'zə bəl plethora pleth'ər ə poignant poin 'yənt police pa les' policy pol'a sē politician pol'ə tish'ən politics pol'a tiks polity pol'a tē pollinate pol'a nāt' popularize pop'yə lə riz' portly pôrt'lē preamble prē'am'bəl predilection pred'əl ek'shən prelude prel'ūd premonition pre/ma nish/an preoccupy prē ok'yə pi' preponderance pri pon'dər əns prevail pri vāl' prevalent prev'ə lənt profess prə fes' proficient prə fish 'ənt profuse prə fūs' profusion prə fū'zhən propel propel' propensity propen'so te prosperity pros per'ə tē prostrate pros'trāt

protrude pro trood'

prudence prood'ens

quadrangle kwod'rang'gəl quadrant kwod'rənt quadruple kwo droo'pəl querulous kwer'ə ləs quintet kwin tet' quintuplet kwin tup'lit rabble rab'əl rancor rang'kər random ran'dəm rational rash'ən əl recession ri sesh'ən reciprocate ri sip'rə kāt' recognition rek əq nish'ən recognizance ri kog'nə zəns recognize rek'əq niz' reconcile rek'ən sil' rectitude rek'tə tood' redress ri dres' reflective ri flek 'tiv refugee ref'ū jē' rejuvenate ri joo'və nāt' relic rel'ik remnant rem'nənt rendezvous rän'də voo' repression ri presh'ən reprimand rep'rə mand' resonance rez'ə nəns restoration res'tə rā'shən revoke ri vok' ridicule rid'ə kūl' ritual rich 'oo əl rudiment roo'də mənt sacrilege sak'rə lij sanction sangk'shan sanguine sang'qwin sedate si dāt ' sedentary sed'ən ter'ē semiconductor sem 'ē kən duk 'tər severance sev'ər əns simulation sim'yə lā'shən skeptical skep'ti kəl solitude sol'ə tood'

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solve solv

solvent sol'vant

somnolence som'nə ləns

succumb sə kum' suffice sə fīs' supercilious soo'pər sil'ē əs superficial soo'par fish'al superfluous soo pur 'floo əs superintend soo'prin tend' supersede soo'pər sed' susceptible sə sep'tə bəl synthesizer sin'thə si'zər tackle tak'əl tacky tak'ē tact takt tactile tak'til tangent tan'jənt tangential tan jen'chəl tangible tan'jə bəl tantalizing tant'əl iz ing temporize tem'pə rīz' tenacious ti nā'shəs tenaciously ti nā'shəs lē tentative ten'tə tiv therapeutic ther 'ə pū'tik timorous tim'ər əs toboggan tə boq'ən torpor tôr'pər tranquillity trang kwil'ə tē transient tran'shant translucent trans loo'sənt traverse trav'ərs trivial triv'ē əl

tsunami tsoona'me turbulence tur'byə ləns

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soothsayer sooth'sa'ər

spendthrift spend'thrift'

standardize stan'dər diz'

spurn spurn

status stā'təs

stringent strin'jant

subjugate sub'jə gāt'

submissive sab mis'iv

subside sab sīd'

subjugation sub jə gā'shən

subordinate sə bôr'də nit

subsistence səb sis 'təns

subterranean sub 'tə rā'nē ən

turmoil tur'moil tutorial too tôr'e əl ulterior ul ter'e ər uncanny un kan'ē uncertain un surt'en undeviating un de 've a ting uninhabitable un in hab'ə tə bəl unorthodox un ôr'thə doks' usurpation ū'sər pā'shən vanguard van'gärd' vanquish vang'kwish variance vār'ē əns vehemently ve'a mant le venerable ven'ər ə bəl venerate ven'ə rāt' verify ver'ə fi' vertigo vur'tə gō' vex veks vindictive vin dik'tiv virtual reality vur'chōō əl rē al'ə tē vocation vo ka'shən vociferous vo sif 'er es volition vo lish 'en xenophobia zen'ə fō'bē ə zeitgeist tsīt'qīst'

zenith zē'nith

Vocabulary Power Pronunciation Guide 123

**\*\***studysync\*

# VOCABULARY POWER

TEACHER ANNOTATED EDITION

GRADE 11





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#### TEACHING AND ASSESSING VOCABULARY

Research shows that reading comprehension improves when students have a strong oral and print vocabulary. By providing students with word-study opportunities, you can encourage students to develop a love of language and an ongoing curiosity about words, their origins, and their multiple meanings and usages. The vocabulary word lists, skills-practice exercises, reviews, and tests provided in this *Vocabulary Power* workbook may be used for systematic vocabulary instruction, enabling students to expand their vocabularies, develop a deeper understanding of language, and improve their reading comprehension.

The vocabulary teaching, word lists, and exercise types in *Vocabulary Power* have been carefully selected on the basis of current research in word study. Sources such as *Teaching Reading Vocabulary* by Dale D. Johnson and P. David Pearson; *Teaching Vocabulary to Improve Reading Comprehension* by William E. Nagy; *The Living Word*, a national vocabulary inventory by Dale Edgar and Joseph O'Rourke; and various articles from the *Journal of Reading* have been used to help determine the course of instruction and to identify vocabulary words that students should know at each grade level. Therefore, the words selected for study in this workbook are developmentally appropriate and reflect the varied interests and vocabulary of today's students.

#### **Lesson Structure**

Each vocabulary lesson begins with a brief introduction focusing on a single vocabulary concept or principle or on a theme that ties together the words intended for study. In most lessons, the introduction is followed by a Word Bank, a list of vocabulary words that illustrate the introduction's main idea. (An alphabetized pronunciation guide for all vocabulary words may be found at the end of this workbook.) Since students build vocabulary with repeated encounters with new words, a set of exercises follows the Word Bank. These exercises give students opportunities to learn the words by predicting meaning and then searching for definitions in the dictionary; by analyzing context clues (such as synonyms, antonyms, definitions, and examples) and then using the words in context; and by unlocking the meanings of words through structural analysis of word parts (such as prefixes, suffixes, and roots).

#### Assessment

Frequent assessment is an integral part of vocabulary instruction. If you evaluate students' abilities before, during, and after a lesson or group of lessons, you can adjust your teaching to maximize classroom time. In addition, assessments provide students with real learning opportunities. Only through assessment can students discover what they already know, what they've mastered, and what they need to learn to ensure future success.

The Reviews and Tests provided in *Vocabulary Power* may be used in a variety of ways to assess student achievement. The following discussion provides several suggestions for how and when to administer them.

**Pretest** Before beginning a lesson or a unit, conduct a pretest to determine whether students already know some or all of the material and then set a course for your instruction on the basis of student performance. To conduct a pretest for any lesson in *Vocabulary Power*, choose one of these strategies:

- Read each word in the Word Bank aloud. Ask students to spell the word, write a definition, and use the word correctly in a sentence. You may wish to conduct this pretest orally, working with students one at a time.
- Use the Review as a pretest. Keep in mind, however, that each Review covers material presented in a unit rather than in a single lesson.

**Monitor Progress** Students should be encouraged to take responsibility for their own learning and to monitor their progress as they learn new vocabulary words and concepts. Students may monitor their progress in the following ways:

- After completing an exercise, students may meet with a peer to compare responses. Students should circle and then investigate those items that elicited different responses.
- Students may create and maintain a chart listing exercises and scores.
- Students may keep a log of troublesome vocabulary words. They can add to the log other vocabulary words that they encounter in their reading.

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You might ask students to give you periodic reports of their achievement. By keeping track of how students are faring, you can make accommodations in your teaching, accelerating the pace for some and slowing it down for those who need additional support. The following strategies may be used:

- Ask students to complete the lesson exercises in class or as homework; keep track of their scores and of the vocabulary words that give students the most difficulty. Review relevant concepts with individual students or with small groups.
- After students have completed the requisite number of lessons, ask them to complete the Review to see whether they are remembering the meaning and usage of the vocabulary words. Review or reteach as necessary.

**Posttest** At the end of a lesson or unit, conduct a posttest and record the final scores. You might assess student learning in the following ways:

- At the end of a unit, administer the Unit Test found in the workbook.
- Have students complete the Unit Review contained in the workbook.
- Administer an oral test by reading aloud the vocabulary words for a lesson or a unit. Have students spell each word on paper, write a definition, and write a sentence that uses the word correctly in context.
- Have students write one or more paragraphs that correctly use vocabulary words from the lessons.

#### **Record Keeping**

You may want to photocopy the Student Progress Chart on page vii so that you can maintain a chart for each student in your classroom. Whether you're using a single five-item exercise to monitor progress or an entire Review or Test as a final assessment, use the Scoring Scale on page viii to determine percentage scores. Transfer those scores to students' Progress Charts and then use the charts in conferences with parents and students. You may also wish to track students' scores and vocabulary achievement using the Theme Progress Charts available in the Unit Planning Guides for *The Reader's Choice* program.

Keep in mind that the Scoring Scale and Student Progress Chart are also available to students in their copies of this *Vocabulary Power* workbook. Students should be encouraged to use these forms to monitor their own progress as they complete and score lessons and learn the results of any formal assessments you may conduct.

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# **STUDENT PROGRESS CHART**

Fill in the chart below with a student's scores, using the scoring scale on the next page.

Name:	

	Lesson	Unit Review	Unit Test
1			
2			
3			
4			
Review			
Test			
5			
6			
7 8			
Review			
Test			
9			
10			
11			
12			
Review			
Test			
13			
14			
15			
16			
Review			
Test			
17			
18			
19			
20			
Review			
Test			
21			
22			
23 24			
Review			
Test			
25			
26			
27			
28			
Review			
Test			
29			
30			
31			
32			
Review			
Test			
33			
34			
35			
36			
Review			
Test			
37 38			
38	<del>                                     </del>		
40	<del>                                     </del>		
Review			
Test			
41			
42			
43			
Review			
Test			
44			
45			
46			
Review			
Test			

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**Vocabulary Power** Grade 11 vii

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#### **SCORING SCALE**

Use this scale to find a student's score. Line up the number of items with the number correct. For example, if 15 out of 16 items are correct, the score is 93.7 percent (see grayed area).

#### **Number Correct**

# Number of Items

				_				_												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	100																			
2	50	100																		-
3	33.3	66.7	100													_				
4	25	50	75	100																
5	20	40	60	80	100															
6	16.7	33.3	50	66.7	83.3	100										_				
7	14.3	28.6	42.9	57.1	71.4	85.7	100													
8	12.5	25	37.5	50	62.5	75	87.5	100												
9	11.1	22.2	33.3	44.4	55.6	66.7	77.8	88.9	100	400						_				
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	400									
11	9.1	18.1	27.2	36.3	45.4	54.5	63.6	72.7	81.8	90.9	100	400								
12	8.3	16.7	25	33.3	41.7	50	58.3	66.7	75	83.3	91.7	100	400							-
13	7.7	15.3	23.1	30.8	38.5	46.1	53.8	61.5	69.2	76.9	84.6	92.3	100	100		_				
14	7.1	14.3	21.4	28.6	35.7	42.8	50	57.1	64.3	71.4	78.5	85.7	92.8	100	100	-				
15	6.7	13.3	20	26.7	33.3	40	46.6	53.3	60	66.7	73.3	80	86.7	93.3	100	100				
16	6.3	12.5	18.8	25	31.2	37.5	43.7	50	56.2	62.5	68.7	75	81.2	87.5	93.7	100	100			
17	5.9	11.8	17.6	23.5	29.4	35.3	41.2	47	52.9	58.8	64.7	70.6	76.5	82.3	88.2	94.1	100	100		
18	5.6	11.1	16.7	22.2	27.8	33.3	38.9	44.4	50	55.5	61.1	66.7	72.2	77.8	83.3	88.9	94.4	100	100	
19 20	5.3	10.5	15.8 15	21.2	26.3 25	31.6	36.8 35	42.1 40	47.4 45	52.6 50	57.9 55	63.1 60	68.4 65	73.7 70	78.9 85	84.2	89.4 85	94.7	100 95	100
21	4.8	9.5	14.3	19	23.8	28.6	33.3	38.1	42.8	47.6	52.3	57.1	61.9	66.7	71.4	76.1	80.9	90 85.7	90.5	95.2
22	4.6	9.5	13.7	18.2	22.7	27.3	31.8	36.4	40.9	47.6	50	54.5	59.1	63.6	68.1	72.7	77.2	81.8	86.4	90.9
23	4.3	8.7	13.0	17.4	21.7	26.1	30.4	34.8	39.1	43.4	47.8	52.1	56.5	60.8	65.2	69.5	73.9	78.3	82.6	86.9
24	4.3	8.3	12.5	16.7	20.8	25	29.2	33.3	37.5	41.7	45.8	50	54.2	58.3	62.5	66.7	70.8	75	79.1	83.3
25	4.7	8	12.5	16.7	20.6	24	28	32	36	41.7	44	48	52	56	60	64	68	72	76	80
26	3.8	7.7	11.5	15.4	19.2	23.1	26.9	30.4	34.6	38.5	42.3	46.2	50	53.8	57.7	61.5	65.4	69.2	73.1	76.9
27	3.7	7.4	11.1	14.8	18.5	22.2	25.9	29.6	33.3	37	40.7	44.4	48.1	51.9	55.6	59.2	63	66.7	70.4	74.1
28	3.6	7.1	10.7	14.3	17.9	21.4	25	28.6	32.1	35.7	39.3	42.9	46.4	50	53.6	57.1	60.7	64.3	67.9	71.4
29	3.4	6.9	10.7	13.8	17.2	20.7	24.1	27.6	31	34.5	37.9	41.4	44.8	48.3	51.7	55.2	58.6	62.1	65.5	69
30	3.3	6.7	10.3	13.3	16.7	20.7	23.3	26.7	30	33.3	36.7	40	43.3	46.7	50	53.3	56.7	60	63.3	66.7
31	3.2	6.5	9.7	13	16.1	19.3	22.3	25.8	29.0	32.2	35.4	38.7	41.9	45.1	48.3	51.6	54.8	58	61.2	64.5
32	3.1	6.3	9.4	12.5	15.6		21.9	25	28.1	31.3	34.4	37.5	40.6	43.8	46.9	50	53.1	56.2	59.4	62.5
33	3	6	9	12.0	15.1	18.1	21.2	24.2	27.2	30.3	33	36.3	39.3	42.4	45.4	48.4	51.5	54.5	57.5	60.6
34	2.9	5.9	8.8	11.8	14.7	17.6	20.6	23.5	26.5	29.4	32.4	35.3	38.2	41.2	44.1	47.1	50	52.9	55.9	58.8
35	2.9	5.7	8.6	11.4	14.3	17.1	20	22.9	25.7	28.6	31.4	34.3	37.1	40	42.9	45.7	48.6	51.4	54.3	57.1
36	2.8	5.6	8.3	11.1	13.9	16.7	19.4	22.2	25	27.8	30.6	33.3	36.1	38.9	41.7	44.4	47.2	50	52.7	55.6
37	2.7	5.4	8.1	10.8	13.5	17.1	18.9	21.6	24.3	27	29.7	32.4	35.1	37.8	40	43.2	45.9	48.6	51.4	54
38	2.6	5.3	7.9	10.5	13.2	15.8	18.4	21.1	23.7	26.3	28.9	31.6	34.2	36.8	39.5	42.1	44.7	47.4	50	52.6
39	2.6	5.3	7.7	10.3	12.8	15.4	17.9	20.5	23.1	25.6	28.2	30.8	33.3	35.9	38.5	41.0	43.6	46.2	48.7	51.3
40	2.5	5	7.5	10.0	12.5	15	17.5	20	22.5	25	27.5	30	32.5	35	37.5	40	42.5	45	47.5	50
					,		1						1 3		1					

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#### **Number Correct**

# Number of Items

	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
1																				
2																				
3																				
4																				
5																				
6																				
7																				
8																				
9																				
10																				
11																				
12																				
13																				
14																				
15																				
16																				
17																				
18																				
19																				
20																				
21	100																			
22	95.4	100																		
23	91.3	95.6	100																	
24	87.5	91.6	95.8	100																
25	84	88	92	96	100															
26	80.8	84.6	88.5	92.3	96.2	100														
27	77.8	81.5	85.2	88.9	92.6	96.3	100													
28	75	78.6	82.1	85.7	89.3	92.9	96.4	100												
29	72.4	75.9	79.3	82.8	86.2	89.7	93.1	96.6	100											
30	70	73.3	76.7	80	83.3	86.7	90	93.3	96.7	100										
31	67.7	70.9	74.2	77.4	80.6	83.9	87.1	90.3	93.5	96.7	100	400								
32	65.6	68.8	71.9	75	78.1	81.2	84.4	87.5	90.6	93.8	96.9	100	400							
33	63.6	66.7	69.7	72.7	75.8	78.8	81.8	84.8	87.8	90.9	93.9	96.9	100	400						
34	61.8	64.7	67.6	70.6	73.5	76.5	79.3	82.4	85.3	88.2	91.2	94.1	97.1	100	400					
35	60	62.9	65.7	68.9	71.4	74.3	77.1	80	82.9	85.7	88.6	91.4	94.3	97.1	100	400				
36	58.3	61.1	63.8	66.7	69.4	72.2	75	77.8	80.6	85.7	86.1	88.9	91.7	94.9	97.2	100	100			
37	56.8	59.5	62.2	64.9	67.6	70.3	72.9	75.7	78.4	81.1	83.8	86.5	89.2	91.9	94.6	97.3	100	400		
38	55.3	57.9	60.5	63.2	65.8	68.4	71.2	73.7	76.3	78.9	81.6	84.2	86.8	89.5	92.1	94.7	97.3	100	100	
39	53.8	56.4	58.9	61.5	64.1	66.7	69.2	71.8	74.4	76.9	79.5	82.1	84.6	87.2	89.7	92.3	94.9	97.4	100	100
40	52.5	55	57.5	60	62.5	65	67.5	70	72.5	75	77.5	80	82.5	85	87.5	90	92.5	95	97.5	100

Vocabulary Power Grade 11 ix



# Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 1 Using Synonyms**

Maybe you've heard someone say, "The only thing constant is change." This might puzzle you but if you understand that things are always changing, the meaning is clearer. In this lesson, you'll learn some words to help you examine the changes in your life.

**Word List** 

abate haughtiness plausible solitude inevitable reconcile turbulence discern

embark mentor

#### **EXERCISE A** Synonyms

Synonyms are words with similar meanings. Each boldfaced vocabulary word below is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the meaning of the synonym and write your ideas on the line provided. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning. Sample synonyms and dictionary definitions are provided.

1. haughtiness: arrogance conceit, arrogance, vanity, snobbishness
--------------------------------------------------------------------

Dictionary definition <u>haughtiness</u>: scornful pride

decrease, get smaller, decline, fade, fall off 2. abate : lessen

abate: to reduce in amount, degree, or intensity Dictionary definition

violence, agitation, excitement, tumult, roughness **3. turbulence** : disturbance

turbulence: unrest, violence, or disturbance Dictionary definition

4. plausible : believable <u>likely, possible, could happen, sounds reasonable</u>

plausible: seemingly or apparently valid Dictionary definition

isolation, being alone, loneliness, privacy, exile, seclusion 5. solitude: aloneness

solitude: state of being apart from others Dictionary definition

tell the difference, notice, see, understand **6. discern** : detect

discern: to perceive as being different Dictionary definition

guide, role model **7. mentor** : coach

Dictionary definition \_\_mentor: counselor; wise and trusted counselor or teacher

8. reconcile: bring together again \_\_reestablish, resolve, harmonize, settle a disagreement

Dictionary definition <u>reconcile: to</u> reestablish a close relationship

determined, fixed, ordained **9. inevitable**: unavoidable

Dictionary definition <u>inevitable: impossible to avoid or prevent</u>

ame	Date	Class
Vocabulary Por	WET continued	
10. embark : startgo, take off, get or		
Dictionary definition <u>embark: to g</u>	get on a ship or plane, to begin a venture	
EXERCISE B Usage		
rite the vocabulary word that bes	st completes the sentence.	
1. The king's <u>haughtiness</u> v	will cause his subjects to turn against him one d	ay.
2. The sailors hoped that the winds w	ould not <u>abate</u> so they could s	sail home.
3. The expert was unable to discern	the difference between the two c	liamonds.
4. The emotional <u>turbulence</u>	the refugees suffered equaled their physical	hardships.
5. The ship's whistle blasted loudly just	st as we were preparing to <u>embark</u>	
EXERCISE C Word Mean	inas	
nswer each question. Sample ar	_	
1. What is one benefit of solitude?		
getting away from TV, radio, and	other distractions to think and take stock of you	r life
2. If you could choose any person to	be your <b>mentor</b> , who would it be? Why?	
Mother Teresa, because she had s	such strength of character and devotion to duty	

no, because some people will not have the interest, money, or knowledge to own one

by getting them together and asking each one to explain his or her side of the misunderstanding

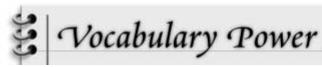
4. How can you reconcile two friends who've had a misunderstanding?

military aircraft flying on secret missions that the government cannot reveal

**5.** What is one **plausible** explanation for the sighting of UFOs?

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Name	Dato
Name	Date



### **Lesson 2 Base Words and Word Roots**

In this lesson, you'll learn ten useful English words that are based on Latin roots. Knowing the meanings of base words and word roots can help you guess the meaning of a new word. Sometimes, however, the exact meaning isn't clear from the root. It's always safer to look up new words in a dictionary.

Word List			
brevity	equanimity	stringent	tenacious
carnage	incisive	temporize	verify
credence	legacy		

EXERCISE A Latin Roots Students may not arrive at the exact meaning based on the clues. Accept any reasonable answers. Students will look up the correct definitions in Write the probable definition of each vocabulary word on the line provided. the next exercise.

1. Ver is a Latin root meaning "truth." The Latin suffix -ify or -fy means "to make or cause something to become." Verify probably means
2. <i>Cred</i> is a Latin root meaning "belief." The Latin suffix <i>-ence</i> means "state" or "condition." <b>Credence</b> probably means something you believe, belief
<b>3.</b> Equa is a Latin root meaning "level" or "even." The Latin suffix -ity means "state or condition." <b>Equanimity</b> probably meansbeing even, staying calm
<b>4.</b> <i>String</i> or <i>strict</i> is a Latin root meaning "to tie." The Latin suffix <i>-ent</i> means "to cause a condition or action."  Stringent probably means
5. Carn is a Latin root that means "flesh." Carnage probably means having to do with flesh or bodies
6. Brev is a Latin root that means "short." Brevity probably means being short or brief
7. Incis is a Latin root meaning "to cut." Incisive probably means
8. Leg is a Latin root meaning "law." Legacy probably meansa gift or bequest covered by the law; an inheritance
9. Tene is a Latin root that means "to hold." The French and Latin suffix -ious means "full of." Tenacious probably means holding tightly
10. <i>Temp</i> is a Latin root meaning "time." The Greek suffix <i>-ize</i> makes a word a verb. <b>Temporize</b> probably means to make time: to suit or pass the time

Vocabulary Power

Class

# 5

# Vocabulary Power continued

### **EXERCISE B** Dictionary Definitions

Check your definition in Exercise A by looking up each vocabulary word in a dictionary. Write the meaning. How close did you come to the correct meaning?

1. verify verify: determine the truth or accuracy by testing or investigating
2. credence credence: belief
3. equanimity equanimity: quality of being calm and even-tempered
4. stringent stringent: severe, imposing tough standards
5. carnage: a slaughter or massacre
6. brevity brevity: quality of being brief
7. incisive incisive: penetrating, clear, sharp
8. legacy legacy: money or property given to another by a will, something handed down to another
9. tenacious: tending to hold on to something firmly and stubbornly
10. temporizetemporize: act in a way to gain time or find excuses
iu. temporize

### **EXERCISE C** Synonyms

Write the vocabulary word that corresponds to the expression in italics.

1. Jason said he liked the play because of its <i>short duration!</i>	brevity
, ,	

- 2. The bloody slaughter on the battlefield sickened the soldiers. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
- **3.** She approached the courtroom with *evenness of mind*. equanimity
- 4. The new teacher announced that she would enforce *strict* anticheating rules. <u>stringent</u>
- 5. Lucia's *stubborn* and firm nature helped her become the leading scorer on the soccer team. <u>tenacious</u>

### **EXERCISE D** Root Families

On a separate sheet of paper, create word webs for three of the vocabulary words in this lesson. Draw a circle with the word in the center; then, add as many words as you can that have the same root. Quiz a partner about the meanings of the words you add to your web.

Student answers will vary.

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#### **Lesson 3** The Prefixes com- and con-

A prefix is a syllable placed before a root word to change or add to its meaning. The Latin prefixes com- and con- mean "together with" or "jointly." Be careful, though. Not all words that begin with these letters have the meanings of the prefixes. When in doubt, check in a dictionary.

**Word List** 

commandeer compassion concurrent congenial commemorate compulsory confiscate convene

commodity conception

### **EXERCISE A** Dictionary Definitions

Underline the prefix in each vocabulary word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

- compassion: pity, deep sympathy, desire to help suffering 1. compassion
- commodity: product, especially agricultural or mineral, that can be traded 2. commodity \_
- 3. conception <u>conception:</u> mental plan, idea, design, thought
- convene: to cause to come together for an official purpose 4. convene
- congenial: pleasant, friendly, sociable 5. congenial
- confiscate: to seize private property for public use 6. confiscate
- concurrent: happening at the same time as something else 7. concurrent
- commandeer: to take by force, especially for military use 8. commandeer
- 9. commemorate <u>commemorate</u>: to honor the memory of something or someone with a ceremony
- compulsory: required 10. compulsory \_

#### **EXERCISE B** Context Clues

Write the vocabulary word that matches the clue.

- 1. In many states, driver's education is this if young people want to get an operator's license. compulsory
- 2. To serve these kinds of terms on two committees could represent a conflict of interest. <u>concurrent</u>
- **3.** When the delegates meet, they do this. Convene
- **4.** This is a personal quality needed by doctors and nurses. **compassion**
- 5. Cabin attendants on passenger jets need this kind of personality. congenial

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Vocabulary Power

Unit 1, Lesson 3 5

# Vocabulary Power continued

- **6.** Examples of this are gold, oil, soybeans, beef, and aluminum. <u>commodity</u>
- 7. When we recognize Independence Day by observing a national holiday, we do this. <u>commemorate</u>
- 8. Customs agents will do this to any goods prohibited for importation. <u>confiscate</u>
- 9. Engineers always have this about something they want to build. <u>conception</u>
- 10. Pirates did this to many sailing vessels on the high seas. \_\_commandeer

### **EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words

Many words in English have more than one meaning. Each meaning, however, is based on the meaning of the root word. The word *conception*, for example, is from the Latin root *conceptus*, meaning "the state of being conceived." Use a dictionary to help you write the precise definition of *conception* as it is used in each sentence below. Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

1. Doctors can determine the exact time of concept	ion.
----------------------------------------------------	------

Dictionary definition the act of becoming pregnant

**2.** His **conception** of the black-hole theory was erroneous.

Dictionary definition <u>general idea;</u> concept

**3.** Her novel **conception** of abstract art attracted the attention of mainstream artists.

Dictionary definition \_a complex product of abstract or reflective thinking

**4.** Campbell's **conception** of the role of myth throughout history is available on videotape.

Dictionary definition the sum of a person's ideas concerning something

#### **EXERCISE D** Prefixes

Words that begin with the prefixes *com*- and *con*- appear often in newspapers and magazines. On a separate sheet of paper, make a list of words you find containing these prefixes. After each word, write a definition of the word, using its context or checking in a dictionary.

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# **Lesson 4 Using Reading Skills**

**Learning from Context: Definitions** 

The context of a word is the sentence or paragraph in which it appears. You can use clues from the context to discover the meaning of an unknown word. Look for key words that define a word.

#### **EXERCISE A**

Use the context to find the meaning of the boldfaced word. First, underline key words in the sentence that help you define the vocabulary word. Then, write the word's probable meaning.

- 1. I have always considered Tony Gwynn to be the **epitome** of a great baseball hitter and a true gentleman. a typical or ideal example
- **2.** Sarah is always **jovial**; in fact, she is the most cheerful person I know. happy, jolly, good-natured
- **3.** Richard's dog had grown **portly** because of lack of exercise and a diet of table scraps.
- **4.** The **indigent** person lacked housing, money, and food.
- **5.** This hotel room will **suffice**; it has everything we might need during our stay. meets needs
- **6.** The man raced after the bus, his hair **disheveled** and his shirt untucked. messed up
- **7.** The burning sun increased our **torpor** so much that we could barely move. laziness, sluggishness
- **8.** The judge showed **clemency** to the convicted man because she felt sympathy for him. mercy
- **9**. Did Mikayla drop the class of her own **volition**, or was she coerced? will, conscious choice, free choice
- **10.** To **affront** someone on the street like that is dangerous.

#### **EXERCISE B**

Double-check your definition in a dictionary. Then, use each word in a sentence of your own. Write on a separate sheet of paper, if necessary.

Students' sentences should demonstrate the correct use of each word.

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# Vocabulary Power

### **Review: Unit 1**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word that can best replace the word or words in italics.

- 1. Each student will be assigned a coach from the senior class for the first six weeks.
- (a.) mentor
- **b.** commodity
- **c.** carnage
- d. credence
- 2. The movie's short running time kept the plot alive and interesting.
  - a. legacy
- **(b.)** brevity
- c. commodity
- d. turbulence
- **3.** John's excuse that his pet raccoon ate his homework did not sound *believable* to his teacher.
  - a. inevitable
- **b.** cumpulsory
- **c.** congenial
- (d.) plausible
- 4. Mother Teresa was memorable for her sympathy toward the poor and dying.
  - **a.** equanimity
- **b.** brevity
- c. compassion
- **d.** haughtiness
- 5. Did you determine the truth of what you read, or did you just accept it without question?
  - (a.) verify
- b. abate
- **c.** embark
- **d.** reconcile
- **6.** The judge could *tell* right away which witness was telling the truth.
  - (a.) discern
- **b.** embark
- c. temporize
- **d.** confiscate
- 7. Two years of math is *required* for anyone majoring in engineering.
  - a. inevitable
- **b.** plausible
- **c.** compulsory
- **d.** stringent
- 8. His carelessness made it certain to happen that he would misplace something important before too long.
  - a. stringent
- **b.** inevitable
- **c.** concurrent
- d. congenial
- 9. Marcus stuck to his own ideas in such a stubborn way.
  - a. concurrent
- **b.** congenial
- c. incisive
- **d.**)tenacious

- 10. Henry David Thoreau valued being alone.
  - a. legacy
- **(b.)**solitude
- **c.** brevity
- **d.** equanimity



## **Test: Unit 1**

#### Part A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1. My heart raced as t	he airplane hit a patch	of	
<b>a.</b> solitude	<b>b.</b> equanimity	<b>c.</b> turbulence	<b>d.</b> brevity
	_	r oil can skyrocket under <b>c.</b> conception	
	<u>=</u>	the Civil War battl	-
-	ed the at the l <b>b.</b> credence	c carnage	d. mentor
_		rould their diffe	rences and cease fighting <b>d.</b> embark
		r that Ms. Hatcher is goi	
•	ed to until the <b>b.</b> abate	e deadline is past. C temporize	<b>d.</b> suffice
8. Brad sat sadly on the a. abate	•	c. reconcile	d for the rain to  d. affront
<ol><li>The support progra</li><li>a. volition</li></ol>		c. mentor	
<b>10.</b> The police officer w <b>a.</b> discern	_	he nearest car to chase t c. verify	

#### Part B

Circle the letter of the word that is most nearly opposite the boldfaced word.

- 1. stringent (b) laid-back **a.** glad **c.** strict **d.** portly 2. compulsory (a.) optional **b.** required **c.** demanding **d.** humorous 3. plausible
- **(c.)** unbelievable a. inevitable **b.** believable d. treatable

# 3

# Vocabulary Power continued

4. congenial

- a. clever
- **b.** happy
- **c.**) grumpy
- d. forgetful

5. haughtiness

- **a.** pride
- (b.) humility
- **c.** hypocrisy
- **d.** thoughtfulness

#### Part C

Circle the letter of the word that is similar in meaning to the boldfaced word.

- 1. tenacious
  - a. jolly
- b. easy-going
- **c.** stubborn
- **d.** steep

- 2. incisive
- (a.) sharp
- **b.** stupid
- c. strict
- **d.** narrow

- 3. embark
  - (a.) board
- **b.** exit
- c. cut down
- **d.** locate

- 4. inevitable
  - a. excited
- b. unlikely
- **c.** unavoidable
- **d.** farsighted

- 5. compassion
  - a. disgust
- **b.** sympathy
- **c.** loneliness
- d. curiosity

- 6. brevity
  - a. ability
- **b.** extension
- **c.** color
- **d.** briefness

- 7. mentor
  - a. actor
- **b.** guide
- c. author
- d. officer

- 8. equanimity
- **a.** composure
- **b.** illness
- **c.** intelligence
- **d.** stress

- 9. confiscate
  - a. bring
- **b.** allow
- c. give
- **d.** take

- 10. convene
  - **a.** scatter
- b. win
- **c.** assemble
- **d.** lose



1. extricate : untangle <u>get out of, release, escape from</u>

# **Lesson 5 Using Synonyms**

For some people, freedom means the opportunity to do new things. For others, freedom means being free from negative things. Freedom also implies responsibility—the responsibility to make the most of your freedom. In this lesson, you'll learn words that relate to the idea of freedom.

Word List			
alleviate	disparage	loathsome	subjugation
arduous	emphatic	onslaught	usurpation
belittle	extricate		

### **EXERCISE A** Synonyms Sample synonyms and dictionary definitions are provided.

Each boldfaced word is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the meaning of the synonym and write your ideas on the line provided. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

Dictionary definition extricate: to release from a difficulty
2. arduous : difficult hard, challenging
Dictionary definition <u>arduous: demanding of great effort</u>
3. subjugation : slavery enslavement, defeat, being conquered or subdued
Dictionary definition <u>subjugation: condition of being under control or enslaved</u>
4. onslaught : attack charge, battle
Dictionary definitiononslaught: a violent attack
5. alleviate : relievelighten, make easier, reduce pain
Dictionary definitionalleviate: to make pain more bearable
Dictionary definition
6. disparage : criticize disparage: to slight verbally  Dictionary definition disparage: to slight verbally
7. usurpation: takeover <u>act of taking without permission</u> , stealing, occupation
Dictionary definition <u>usurpation</u> : act of wrongful seizure
8. belittle : make light of condemn, make fun of, minimize, or devalue
Dictionary definitionbelittle: to speak of something as small or unimportant
9. emphatic : forceful standing out, striking, clearly defined
Dictionary definition emphatic: done with emphasis

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Class

Name	Date	Class



# Vocabulary Power continued

10. loathsome : disgusting horrible, awful, repulsive, revolting

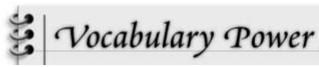
Dictionary definition loathsome: offensive to the senses

### **EXERCISE B** Usage Sample answers are provided.

Based on your understanding of the boldfaced vocabulary word, answer each question.

- 1. What sale item is likely to cause an **onslaught** of customers? beanie toys
- 2. Name something about which you are **emphatic** in your approval.
- **3.** Which one of your classes requires the most **arduous** preparation? **algebra**
- **4.** How would you feel if someone were to **belittle** an accomplishment of which you were proud? **unjustly criticized**
- **5.** Name an animal that you feel is especially **loathsome**. rattlesnake
- **6.** What are your feelings about the **subjugation** of ethnic groups in various countries? that they should be able to live freely
- 7. Why is it not acceptable to disparage other people's accomplishments? because such criticism might discourage them from developing a talent or interest
- **8.** How might people **extricate** themselves from awkward conversations? by saying that they have to do homework or other tasks
- **9.** What is the best way for leaders to avoid the **usurpation** of their rule? to lead wisely; to respect the will of the people
- 10. What is a technique you use to alleviate stress?
  thinking calming thoughts, doing stretches, jogging, or playing basketball

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### **Lesson 6 Word Families**

Word families are groups of words that contain the same roots or base words. Base words are roots that are complete words. The root or base word gives a word its main meaning. A prefix or suffix combined with the root or base word gives the word a different meaning. In this lesson, you'll learn words in the same word families.

Word List			
consecrate	irrevocable	revoke	vocation
desecrate	moribund	sacrilege	vociferous
immortality	mortify		

**EXERCISE A** Root and Base Words Sample dictionary definitions are provided. Look up each boldfaced word in a dictionary and write its meaning. Use the dictionary entry to underline the root or base word. Then, on the line provided, write a sentence using the word.

1.	sacrilege	Dictionary definition	<u>sacrillege</u> : offense against something sacred or holy
2.	desecrate	Dictionary definition	de <u>secr</u> ate: to violate the sacredness of something holy
3.	consecrate	Dictionary definition	con <u>secr</u> ate: to declare something sacred
4.	mortify	Dictionary definition	mortify: to cause someone to experience deep shame, to humiliate
5.	moribund	Dictionary definition	moribund: about to die, become obsolete
6.	immortality	Dictionary definition	im <u>mort</u> ality: endless life or existence, fame
7.	vocation	Dictionary definition	vocation: job for which a person is especially well suited, calling
8.	revoke	Dictionary definition	re <u>vok</u> e: to cancel or make invalid
9.	irrevocable	Dictionary definition	irrevocable: not able to be canceled or impossible to change
10.	vociferous	Dictionary definition	vociferous: noisy, offensively loud

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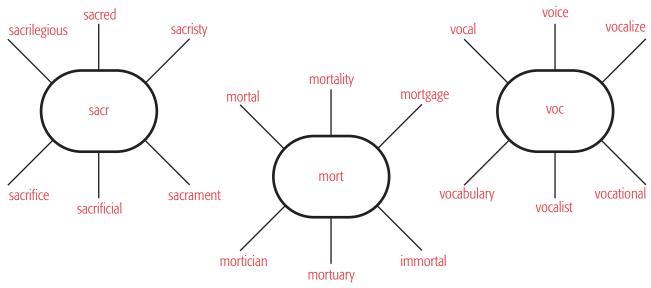
**Vocabulary Power** 

Class \_

# Vocabulary Power continued

### **EXERCISE B** Word Webs

Use the following three webs to note other words in the word families in this lesson. First, write the three roots, one in each center circle. Then, add other words that contain the same root to each web. Underline the root in each new word. Use a dictionary to find words in the word families. Possible answers are provided.



### **EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words

Many words in English have more than one meaning. Each meaning, however, is based on the root word. The word exploit, for example, is from the Latin root explicitum. As a noun, exploit means "an achievement, a feat, or a great or heroic deed." As a verb, exploit has both favorable and unfavorable connotations. Use a dictionary to help you write sentences for the noun and the verb.

Students' sentences will vary but should clearly indicate their understanding of the
connotations of each word.

### **EXERCISE D** Sentence Composition

On a separate sheet of paper, write a sentence for each boldfaced vocabulary word in this lesson.

Sentences will vary.

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	Name	Date
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### **Lesson 7 Connotation and Denotation**

Many words have both connotations and denotations. A word's denotation is its dictionary meaning. The word's emotional overtones are its connotation. For example, if you are writing about a flower or a perfume, you might choose the word fragrance, since that word is associated with pleasant smells. If you are writing about a barnyard or garbage dump, however, you might choose the word odor, a word associated with unpleasant smells. A word like smell is neutral. Both flowers and barnyards smell. In this lesson, you'll learn about the connotations and denotations of words.

Word List			
acquiesce	ecstatic	mammoth	spurn
captivate	exploit	petrified	tantalizing
conspire	ludicrous		

#### **EXERCISE A** Denotations

Look up each boldfaced vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning. Then, on the line provided, write a sentence using the word. Sample definitions are provided. Students' sentences will vary.

1. C	aptivate	Dictionary definition .	captivate: to attract and hold by charm, wit, or beauty
2. a	cquiesce	Dictionary definition .	acquiesce: to consent without protest
3. lu	udicrous	Dictionary definition .	ludicrous: ridiculous
4. c	onspire	Dictionary definition .	conspire: to plot secretly to commit an illegal or wrongful act
5. e	cstatic	Dictionary definition .	ecstatic: marked by delight, excited in a happy way
6. e	xploit	Dictionary definition .	exploit: to make use of someone or something for selfish reasons
7. m	nammoth	Dictionary definition .	mammoth: gigantic
8. ta	antalizing	Dictionary definition .	tantalizing: tempting
9. s	purn	Dictionary definition .	spurn: to reject

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Vocabulary Power

Unit 2, Lesson 7 15

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). petrified	Dictionary definition <u>petrified: terrified, as if turned to stone</u>
XERCISE	Suggested synonyms and connotations are provided. (Note: 1, 2, and X markings may differ.)
e a dictiona ove the syn	ary to help you find several synonyms for each word below. Write a <i>plus</i> sign (+) nonym if you feel it has a positive connotation. Write a <i>minus</i> sign (—) above it if you negative connotation. If you feel the word is neutral, with <i>neither</i> a positive <i>nor</i> a
gative conn	otation, write an X above it.
•	captivate: charm, enchant, entrance, fascinate (+), bewitch, beguile (-), attract (X)
. acquiesce	acquiesce: assent (+), comply (-), agree, consent, concur (X)
. ludicrous _	ludicrous: foolish, silly, ridiculous, preposterous (—), absurd (X)
. conspire _	conspire: cooperate (+), collude, plot, intrigue (-), plan, act together (X)
. ecstatic <u>e</u>	ecstatic: elated, joyous, excited, happy (+), ebullient, entranced (-), excited, aroused (X)
s. exploit <u>ex</u>	exploit: manipulate, take advantage of $(-)$ , use, utilize, make use of $(X)$
. mammoth	mammoth: gross (—), huge, large, big, titanic, immense, enormous, gargantuan (X)
. tantalizing	tantalizing: fascinating, charming, appealing, alluring $(+)$ , bewitching, beguiling $(-)$ , interesting
. spurn <del>Spl</del>	urn : scorn, disdain (—), reject, decline, say no (X)
•	petrified: horrified, paralyzed with fear (—), frightened, scared, alarmed (X)

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# **Lesson 8 Using Reference Skills**

#### **Using a Dictionary: Word Origins**

Many English words have their origins in other languages. In the dictionary, the origin of a word is usually given in brackets at the beginning or end of the definition. Here are several dictionary entries.

bonanza	(bə nan' zə) <i>n.</i> [Spanish <i>bonanza</i> , calm sea] : 1. a rich mine or pocket of ore 2. source of great wealth or prosperity
bric-a-brac	(brik' ə brak') n. [French <i>bric-a-brac,</i> expression signifying confusion] : small ornamental objects prized for their age, rarity, or sentimental value
flay	(flā) v. [from Old Norse fle, to whip]: 1. to strip off the bark or skin 2. to whip 3. to harshly criticize
hypocrisy	(hi pok' rə sē) n. [from Greek <i>hupokrinesthai</i> , to play a part, pretend] : professing beliefs, feelings, or virtues that one does not really have
lithe	(līth) adj. [from Old English lithe, flexible, mild]: 1. easily bent, supple 2. marked by effortless grace
mercurial	(mər kyoor' ē əl) <i>adj.</i> [from the Latin <i>Mercurius,</i> of the god Mercury] : 1. having characteristics associated with the Roman god Mercury: shrewdness, swiftness, and thievishness 2. quick and changeable in temperament
rectitude	(rek' tə tōod') n. [from Latin rectus, straight] : moral uprightness, honesty

#### **EXERCISE**

#### Use the sample entries above to answer each question.

- 1. Which word comes from the name of a Roman god? What can you infer about this god's personality from the modern meaning of the word? \_\_mercurial; quick-tempered, changeable, clever, witty, difficult to pin down
- **2.** How does the meaning of **hypocrisy** relate to the ancient Greek word on which it is based? Someone who practices hypocrisy merely pretends to have beliefs he or she does not really have.
- **3**. How might a collection of **bric-à-brac** relate to the original meaning of the French phrase? A display of bric-à-brac on a shelf could appear to be a mass of confusion.
- 4. How has the meaning of the Latin word rectus been expanded in the English word based on it? Someone with rectitude is symbolically or metaphorically straight.

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Vocabulary Power

Unit 2, Lesson 8 17



### **Review: Unit 2**

### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word that is most similar to the boldfaced word.

- 1. disgusting
  - **a.** irrevocable
- **(b.)** loathsome
- c. moribund
- **d**. ludicrous

- 2. terrified
  - a. ecstatic
- **b.** vociferous
- c. arduous
- **(d.)** petrified

- 3. lighten
- (a.) alleviate
- **b.** spurn
- c. exploit
- **d.** revoke

- 4. declare to be sacred
  - a. mortify
- **b.** desecrate
- (c.)consecrate
- d. extricate

- 5. ridiculous
  - a. emphatic
- **b.** vociferous
- **(c.)**ludicrous
- d. arduous

- 6. demanding
  - a. emphatic
- **b.** arduous
- c. tantalizing
- d. loathsome

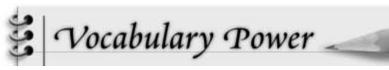
- 7. almost dead or obsolete
  - a. moribund
- b. loathsome
- c. vociferous
- **d.** irrevocable

- 8. reject
  - a. desecrate
- **b.** exploit
- c. belittle
- **d.** spurn

- 9. slavery
  - **a.** subjugation
- **b.** onslaught
- c. immortality
- d. usurpation

- 10. fascinate
  - a. alleviate
- **b.** mortify
- **(c.)** captivate
- d. acquiesce

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# **Test: Unit 2**

#### Part A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1.	The president laid a <b>a.</b> desecrate	wreath on the grave of <b>b.</b> extricate	the murdered civil right <b>c.</b> consecrate	s leader to the site d. captivate
	The general will neve	er to such a ris	sky attempt to rescue the c. captivate	e hostages.  d. extricate
3.	Shawn agreed that g a. ecstatic	etting summer jobs at l	Disney World was a(n) _ <b>c.</b> irrevocable	d. moribund
4.	I shuddered when sh a. emphatic	ne picked up the slimy <b>b.</b> vociferous	rock and exposed at leas	st a dozen insects.  d. ecstatic
	_	she was, she stampe b. moribund		d. vociferous
6.	It's not helpful when <b>a.</b> extricate	people simply b. consecrate	_ an idea; they should s c)belittle	uggest an alternative. <b>d.</b> desecrate
7.	" my wishe  a. Alleviate	s only at great risk to yo <b>b.</b> Extricate	our well-being!" cackled <b>c</b> . Captivate	the wicked witch. <b>d.</b> Spurn
8.	Few choices in life an <b>a.</b> arduous	re; you can re <b>(b.</b> )irrevocable	econsider most of them <b>c.</b> ludicrous	
9.	_	ity rebuild his house he	elped Lee's sor c. revoke	row. <b>d.</b> exploit
	The chess grandmas  a. exploit		her position on the ches	ssboard. <b>d.</b> disparage
11.	For Jason to suggest <b>a.</b> ecstatic	that he is good enough <b>b.</b> moribund	n to play in the NBA is _ Coludicrous	
			eople who the c. extricate	
13.		_	of the small Asiar	
14.			has never been more ce	

# Vocabulary Power continued

15. When those guys put their heads together, I'm sure they're planning to \_\_\_\_\_ against me.

- (a.) conspire
- **b.** exploit
- c. acquiesce
- **d.** extricate

**16.** The fire fighters took an hour to \_\_\_\_\_ the dog's head from between the fence posts.

- **a.** mortify
- **b.** revoke
- (c.) extricate
- d. exploit

17. The monks considered it \_\_\_\_\_ when she refused to take off her shoes before entering the temple.

- **a.** onslaught
- **b.** usurpation
- **c.** subjugation
- (d.) sacrilege

**18.** My hopes for saving money to buy a stereo were just about \_\_\_ after I had to pay \$450 to fix my car.

- a. petrified
- **b.** vociferous
- **c.** emphatic
- (d.) moribund

**19.** Having to wear that ridiculous costume in public would certainly \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ Jenny.

- **a.** disparage
- **(b.)** mortify
- c. conspire
- **d.** captivate

**20**. The crowd at the soccer game was extremely when the home team won.

- (a.) vociferous
- **b.** petrified
- **c.** irrevocable
- d. ludicrous

#### Part B

#### Circle the letter of the word that is *most nearly opposite* the boldfaced word.

- 1. disparage
  - a. choose
- **(b.)** praise
- c. criticize
- d. detract

- 2. captivate
  - **a.** charm
- **b.** free
- (c.)repel
- **d.** fascinate

- 3. subjugation
- (a.) liberty
- **b.** slavery
- **c.** boredom
- **d.** mastery

- 4. revoke
  - a. receive
- **b.** repeal
- **c.** steal
- (d.) grant

- 5. ecstatic
  - **a.** excited
- **(b.)** bored
- **c.** uncertain
- **d.** uplifted



# **Lesson 9 Word Usage**

Having an insight can seem like suddenly being able to read a secret language. In a flash, you're able to see in to the heart of something, get beyond its surface meanings. The words you study in this lesson will help you talk about and understand the meaning of insight.

Word List			
alacrity	irreproachable	skeptical	tranquillity
discreet	myriad	timorous	vertigo
impudence	rudiment		

Class .

### **EXERCISE A** Synonyms Sample synonyms and dictionary definitions are provided.

1. impudence: boldness\_sassy, impertinent, lippy, insolent, obnoxious

Each boldfaced vocabulary word below is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the meaning of the synonym. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

Dictionary definition <u>Impudence: the quality of being offensively bold</u>
2. alacrity : swiftness speed, quickness
Dictionary definition <u>alacrity: speed, quickness</u>
3. vertigo : dizziness giddiness, bewilderment, lightheadedness
Dictionary definition vertigo: sensation of dizziness
4. discreet: modestprudent, restrained, free from showiness
Dictionary definitiondiscreet: showing prudence and wise self-restraint
5. timorous : timidfearful, shy, without self-confidence, hesitant, not bold
Dictionary definitiontimorous: timid, easily frightened
6. irreproachable: faultless perfect, without faults, blameless
Dictionary definition <u>irreproachable: perfect, blameless</u>
7. skeptical : doubting suspicious, not trusting, questioning
Dictionary definition <u>skeptical</u> : given to doubt
8. tranquillity: calmness_peacefulness, serenity, lack of excitement, undisturbed, free from tension
Dictionary definition tranquillity: peacefulness
9. rudiment : basic principle fundamental thing, basic element, first thing to learn

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Dictionary definition <u>rudiment: fundamental element, principle, or skill</u>

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Name		Date	Class
🕏 Vocabula	ry Power continued		
10. myriad : many lots, v		things	
<b>EXERCISE B</b> Usa Answer each question.	age Sample answers are provided.		

- Name a rudiment of your elementary education. reading, because it is a key to open up other doors
- **2.** Describe a scene that communicates feelings of **tranquillity**. floating in a canoe on a calm lake
- **3.** Do you know someone who has an almost **irreproachable** character? Explain. my grandmother, who never says anything bad about anyone and always tries to see the best in people
- **4.** Can **impudence** ever cool off a tense situation? Why or why not? no, because it is likely to annoy other people and make things worse
- 5. Why do you think so many people are **skeptical** of politicians today?

  because so many politicians have been caught lying to the voters and doing questionable things that

  people have lost faith in politicians' ability to do anything positive

## **EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words

Many words in English have more than one meaning. Each meaning, however, is based on the original meaning of the root word. The word *discreet*, for example, is from the Middle English, which is derived from the Middle French *discret* and, before that, from the Latin past participle *discretus*; and from the Latin infinitive *discernere*, meaning "to separate or distinguish between." Use a dictionary to help you write the precise definition of *discreet* as it is used in each sentence.

- I confided my secret to Maria, the most discreet friend I have. having good judgment in conduct and speech
- **2.** The child kept a **discreet** distance from the barking dog. prudent, cautious
- **3.** The members observed a **discreet** moment after the outbreak of tempers. capable of preserving a prudent silence
- **4.** The CEO's fine, functional furniture gave the office a look of **discreet** elegance. unpretentious or modest

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### Lesson 10 The Word Roots mon and moni, noc and nox

The Latin root mon, moni means "warn, remind, or advise." The Latin root noc, nox means "harm." The vocabulary words in this lesson all have one of these roots. The root part of a word carries the word's main meaning. In most of these words, a prefix (at the beginning) or suffix (at the end) has been added to the root word to modify its meaning. Many of the words are noun, adjective, and verb forms of the same idea, all based on the same Latin root part.

Word List			
admonish	innocuous	nocuous	obnoxious
admonition	monitor	noxious	premonition
innocence	monitory		

#### **EXERCISE A** Word Roots

Write the root part of each boldfaced vocabulary word on the line provided. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. monitor <u>moni</u>	
	to check, test, direct, or keep close watch over
2. admonish <u>moni</u>	
Dictionary definition	to caution, remind, or give advice in a kindly manner
3. admonition moni	
	mild and kind advice or warning
4. monitory moni	
	containing a warning
5. premonition moni	
-	a warning in advance, often as a vision of the future
6. noxious	
Dictionary definition .	harmful or injurious to living things or to their minds or behavior
7. innocuous <u>noc</u>	
Dictionary definition	harmless, inoffensive
8. innocence	
Dictionary definition	freedom from guilt, lack of sophistication
9. obnoxious nox	
Dictionary definition .	highly offensive

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Name	Date	Class
Vocabulary Power	ontinued	
10. nocuous		
Dictionary definition harmful		
<b>EXERCISE B</b> Usage Sample answ Answer each question based on your under		abulary word.
Describe an instance when you had to admost My little brother ran out into traffic without.		
2. Should trucks carrying <b>noxious</b> chemicals be No, the danger of spills is too great.	allowed to travel city streets? Why	or why not?
3. Is it possible for someone to have a <b>premor</b> Yes, it could be based on subtle physical or	o i	or actions.
4. Some people argue that the Confederate flag is think?  It is not innocuous because it offends a large	, ,	ree strongly. What do you
5. Do you believe the United States military shown Yes, it is our duty to help promote peace in		n countries? Why or why not?
EXERCISE C Usage Sample answ Write a sentence for each boldfaced word.  1. obnoxious	vers are provided.	
The comic's humor was so obnoxious that	we left.	
2. admonition  Robert took the scoutmaster's kindly admo	nition in a humble way.	
3. monitory We carefully read the monitory label on the	e weed killer before using it.	
4. noxious  Chlorofluorocarbons are nocuous to the oz	vone laver	

5. innocence

A newborn lamb is a perfect symbol of innocence.

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N	ar	ne
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Date

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# Vocabulary Power

### Lesson 11 The Prefix mis-

Knowing the meaning of prefixes can help you discover the meanings of unknown words. The prefix mis-, partly from Old English and partly from Old French, shows the negative and means "bad, badly, wrong, failure, or lack of." Be careful, though. Not all words that begin with these letter combinations have the meaning of the prefix. When in doubt, look up the word in a dictionary.

#### **Word List**

misapprehension miscreant misgiving misprize misappropriate misdemeanor misnomer misrepresent

misbegotten misfortune

**EXERCISE A** Prefixes Student answers will vary. Sample dictionary definitions are provided. Use the context clues to write a probable meaning of each boldfaced word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. The root creant comes from the Middle French word for "believing" In the Middle Ages, many people felt that followers of other religions—those who "misbelieved"—were evildoers. The English word miscreant evildoer probably means

Dictionary definition <u>villain</u>, <u>criminal</u>

2. The Old English root bigietan comes from the thirteenth-century idea of being the father of a child. Today, the root indicates "producing as an effect." Misbegotten probably means <u>a failure in producing</u>

Dictionary definition <u>ill-conceived</u> or illegitimate

3. The Old English verb *qive* has many meanings today, from "yielding a product" to "presenting in a public performance." When you have a misgiving about an event, what might you be having? <u>suspicion or</u> problem

doubt, distrust, or apprehension Dictionary definition \_

4. The French root *nommer* means "to name something." The English word **misnomer** probably means wrong name

Dictionary definition <u>a name not suited to what it names</u>, a mistake in naming a person, place, or thing

**5.** A person's demeanor is the way he or she behaves. What kind of activity is a **misdemeanor**? <u>a crime or</u> bad behavior

Dictionary definition <u>a less-serious crime</u>

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# Vocabulary Power continued

The Latin root <i>repraesentare</i> means "to present again." The English word <b>misrepresent</b> probably means to present badly
Dictionary definitionto serve badly as a representative
The Latin word <i>fortuna</i> means "luck" or "chance" and appears in many English words. The English word misfortune probably means bad luck
Dictionary definitionevent that causes a bad result, bad luck
The Latin root <i>proprius</i> means "one's own," as in "my own," or "your own." To appropriate a thing is to take it for one's own use. The English word <b>misappropriate</b> probably means
Dictionary definitionto appropriate wrongly, as by theft or embezzlement
To apprehend something is to understand it. The English word <b>misapprehension</b> probably meansnot understand or grasp something correctly
Dictionary definitionmisunderstand, apprehend wrongly
To prize an object is to value it highly. The word <b>misprize</b> probably means <u>undervalue</u>
Dictionary definition despise or undervalue
WERCISE B Usage wer each question. Sample answers are provided.

- **1.** Do you believe in **misfortune?** Why or why not? no, because I believe in carefulness or carelessness, but not in blind fate or luck
- 2. What is an example of a misnomer you have read or heard? a short guy named Mr. Big
- 3. Can a pet be a miscreant? Why or why not? not really, because a pet doesn't think about biting someone; it just does it
- 4. Give an example of a misdemeanor. speeding
- **5.** What do you think is the biggest **misapprehension** among adults about people your age? that we are not concerned with the future

#### **EXERCISE C** Prefixes

Words that begin with the prefix mis- appear often in newspapers and magazines. On a separate sheet of paper, make a list of words you have found containing this prefix. After each word, use context or the dictionary to write a definition of the word. **Student answers will vary.** 

# **Lesson 12 Using Reading Skills**

#### **Learning from Context: Examples**

The context of a word is the other words in the sentence or paragraph in which it appears. You can use the context to find the meaning of an unknown word. Look for key words in the sentence that give examples to help you define the word.

#### **EXERCISE A** Sample definitions are provided.

Use the context to find the meaning of the boldfaced word. Jot down the words in the sentence that help you define the vocabulary word. Then, write the word's probable meaning.

- 1. For many historians, Abraham Lincoln serves as the **paragon** of presidential greatness. Abraham Lincoln; presidential greatness; model of perfection
- **2.** The mayor raged against **iniquity**, including gambling, drug abuse, and gang activity. including gambling, drug abuse, and gang activity; criminal or wicked acts
- **3.** The **venerable** eighty-year-old chief justice greeted the president with a smile. eighty-vegr-old chief justice: respected for age and character
- 4. Mrs. De Pietro became a beloved **benefactor** because of her gifts to charities and her work for good causes. her gifts to charities; person who gives gifts to and works for good causes
- **5.** Grandma called me a **spendthrift** after I bought six pairs of shoes and four pairs of sunglasses. bought six pairs of shoes and four pairs of sunglasses; person who spends wastefully
- **6.** Tigers and elephants are not **indigenous** to Minnesota, but deer, moose, and beavers are. Minnesota; deer, moose, and beavers; living or occurring naturally in a particular environment
- 7. The big-city **din** from honking horns, shouting pedestrians, and construction sites overwhelmed me. honking horns, shouting pedestrians, and construction sites; loud, continuous noise
- **8.** The **remnant** of fans after the defeat were a few parents, two sad cheerleaders, and one lost dog. a few parents, two sad cheerleaders, and one lost dog; small part or trace remaining
- **9.** The most famous **soothsaver** ever was Nostradamus (1503–1566), who predicted many future events. *Nostradamus, who predicted many future events;* person who predicts the future
- **10.** Once you lose your **integrity** by lying or cheating, it is difficult to regain it. *lying or cheating;* sticking to moral values

#### **EXERCISE B** Samples definitions are provided.

Check your definitions in a dictionary. Write the dictionary definitions on a separate sheet of paper. Then, use each word in a sentence of your own.

1. model of excellence and perfection; 2. wickedness and sin; 3. deserving of respect because of age or character; 4. one who makes a gift or does a service; 5. person who spends wastefully or foolishly; 6. native, having been born or produced in a particular place; 7. loud, constant noise; 8. small piece, part, member, or trace remaining; 9. person who predicts the future; 10. honesty, high moral values

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# Vocabulary Power

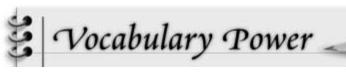
# **Review: Unit 3**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word that can best replace the expression in italics.

- 1. The minister's reputation was above scandal.
  - a. innocuous
- **(b.)** irreproachable
- c. skeptical
- d. monitory
- 2. My cat Rudy cornered the *frightened* mouse in the garage.
  - a. discreet
- **b.** noxious
- (c.)timorous
- d. miscreant
- 3. After the accident, Mr. Lopez was charged with only a minor crime.
- (a.) misdemeanor
- **b.** misnomer
- c. misapprehension
- d. misfortune
- 4. People were forced to leave their homes because poisonous fumes were leaking from the wrecked truck.
  - a. timorous
- (b.) noxious
- c. discreet
- **d.** monitory
- **5.** The *innumerable* laws are contained in 136 volumes in the library.
  - **a.** irreproachable
- **b.** monitory
- (c.) myriad
- **d.** timorous
- 6. Sally's anonymous person who confers a benefit helped her pay tuition throughout her first year at college.
  - (a.) benefactor
- **b.** remnant
- c. soothsayer
- **d.** rudiment
- 7. Losing his wallet was just the latest example of his recent bad luck.
  - a. innocence
- b. admonition
- **c.** vertigo
- **d.** misfortune
- 8. Middle ear infections sometimes cause dizziness.
  - **a.** alacrity
- **b.** monitor
- **c.** tranquillity
- (d.) vertigo
- 9. Although she was doubtful the herb would be useful, she gave it a try.
  - a. nocuous
- (b.) skeptical
- c. obnoxious
- d. timorous
- 10. The banker said he was forced to *steal* the money because he was broke.
  - (a.) misappropriate
- **b.** monitor
- c. admonish
- **d.** misprize

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### **Test: Unit 3**

#### Part A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

	rall a tax increase a tax "a  (b.) misnomer	•	d misfortune
	oks like a picture of		
	<b>b.</b> impudence		
	b. misrepresent		led the neighbor's flower garden.  d.) admonish
	oir, Sarah had the b. misapprehension		
	y of the speaker's voice ob. indigenous	_	
<ul><li>6. In most cities, jaywa</li><li>a. rudiment</li></ul>	alking is only a, <b>b.</b> misnomer	even though it can be <b>c.</b> remnant	
-	erce, the black snake is re <b>b.</b> discreet		<b>d.</b> venerable
	to certain areas of S <b>b.</b> timorous		<b>d</b> indigenous
	use works is a(n) <b>b.</b> misfortune	_	
	started a program to b monitor	•	

#### Part B

Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best answers each question.

Who is *most* likely to end up in jail?

 a. a soothsayer
 b. a spendthrift
 c. a miscreant
 d. a benefactor

 An irreproachable character would be required for a job as a(n)\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 a. bank teller
 b. editor
 c. lawyer
 d. telephone repair person

 What would an English professor be most likely to correct?

 a. a misnomer
 b. an admonition
 c. a rudiment
 d. a paragon

# Vocabulary Power continued

**4.** How would you flee a bear that was chasing you from your campsite?

- **a.** with impudence **(b.)** with alacrity
- **c.** with tranquillity
- **d.** with integrity

**5.** Who is most likely to receive an admonition?

a. a sweepstakes winner

(c.) a child who runs out into the street

b. an honor roll student

**d.** a driver who has just won the Indianapolis 500

**6.** To which kind of person would you prefer to tell a secret?

- a. timorous
- **b.** noxious
- c. monitory
- (d.) discreet

7. What might you feel riding the world's largest and fastest roller coaster?

- a. misapprehension (b.) vertigo
- c. tranquillity
- **d.** integrity

8. What kind of feeling would you have floating down a river on a raft?

- (a.) tranquillity
- **b.** misfortune
- **c.** innocence
- **d.** iniquity

**9.** What is a soothsayer most likely to have?

- a. vertigo
- **(b)** a premonition
- c. a misgiving
- d. a misdemeanor

**10.** How would you feel if someone tried to sell you a new car for fifty dollars?

- (a.) skeptical
- **b.** irreproachable
- c. innocuous
- d. venerable

11. This could be just a long string of bad luck.

- **a.** integrity
- **b.** misapprehension
- c. misgiving
- **(d.)** misfortune

**12.** Which word is the opposite of "a few"?

- a. rudiment
- **b.** misnomer
- (c.) myriad
- d. remnant

13. If someone took your basketball without asking, they would \_ it.

- (a.) misappropriate
- **b.** monitor
- c. misprize
- **d.** misrepresent

14. What would you consider a rude person to be?

- a. indigenous
- **b.** skeptical
- c. misbegotten
- (d.) obnoxious

15. Special tanker trucks are needed to carry this kind of liquid, gas, or other material.

- **a.** innocuous
- (b) noxious
- c. discreet
- d. venerable



# **Lesson 13 Using Synonyms**

1. ieopardize : endanger

Individuals face personal challenges every day. Many of these issues affect our behavior. For example, we may find ourselves at odds with a close friend about some issue. The vocabulary words in this lesson relate to opposition, whether personal or on a wider scale.

Word List			
aggression	capitulate	obliterate	ridicule
agitate	informant	rancor	vanquish
anarchy	jeopardize		

### **EXERCISE A** Synonyms Sample synonyms and dictionary definitions are provided.

Each boldfaced word is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the meaning of the synonym and write your ideas on the line provided. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

Dictionary definition	jeopardize: to expose to danger
<b>2. obliterate</b> : destroy _	
	obliterate: to destroy completely
<b>3. agitate</b> : inflame <u>ar</u>	nnoy
Dictionary definition	agitate: to stir up public discussion
4. anarchy : confusion	
Dictionary definition	anarchy: absence of government, often creating chaos
<b>5. capitulate</b> : surrende	
Dictionary definition	capitulate: to stop resisting and surrender
<b>6. ridicule</b> : deride <u>te</u>	
	ridicule: to make fun of
<b>7. informant</b> : advisor _	
Dictionary definition	informant: one who gives information
8. rancor : bitterness _	
Dictionary definition	rancor: bitter, deep-seated ill will
9. vanquish : defeat	
	vanquish: to defeat in a conflict, contest, or battle

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Vocabulary Power continued		
10. aggression : hostility_belligerence		
Dictionary definition <u>aggression: hostile or destructive beha</u>	vior or attitude	
Sentences will vary but sho word with correct grammar circle the word in each set of parentheses that best complementence with that vocabulary word.		
1. The army's plan was to (obliterate, agitate, capitulate) the tov	vnspeople to revolt	
2. The occupying forces banned organized meetings, which could	(ridicule, vanquish, <mark>(</mark>	eopardize) their control.
3. We watched the daily shelling (capitulate, ridicule, obliterate)	the elegant historic	buildings of our town.
4. Finally, our military leaders decided to (jeopardize, obliterate, ca	pitulate) rather than	endure further destruction
5. Frankly, we were caught unaware by the intense and unyield enemy.	ing (anarchy, <mark>aggre</mark>	ssion,)agitation) of our
EXERCISE C Context Clues  Write the vocabulary word that best matches each clue		
Vrite the vocabulary word that best matches each clue.	informant	
EXERCISE C Context Clues  Vrite the vocabulary word that best matches each clue.  1. A spy is an example, and a journalist could use one.  2. The overthrow of a government could create this condition.	informant anarchy	
Vrite the vocabulary word that best matches each clue.  1. A spy is an example, and a journalist could use one.		
<ol> <li>A spy is an example, and a journalist could use one.</li> <li>The overthrow of a government could create this condition.</li> </ol>	anarchy	

### **EXERCISE D** Usage

On a separate sheet of paper, use at least five vocabulary words to write a news brief, a journal account, or a letter set during the Civil War.

Responses will vary but should include at least five vocabulary words used with correct grammar in meaningful contexts.

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# Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 14 Suffixes That Form Nouns**

Suffixes, word parts added to base words or word roots, sometimes can change a word's part of speech as well as its meaning. The noun suffixes -ity and -ence/-ance, which mean "the quality or state of," form nouns when added to base words or word roots. Study the examples below before completing the lesson.

familiar + -ity = familiarity: the state of being familiar with someone or something **annoy + -ance = annoyance**: the quality of feeling annoyed

**Word List** 

civility depravity prosperity subsistence felicity variance complexity severance

deference forbearance

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Write what you think each boldfaced word means in context. Then, complete the vocabulary equation to create and define the word. When necessary, use the clues in parentheses.

1.	The infection	in Cyril's leg wou	nd led to the <b>se</b>	verance of his leg	below the k	(nee.

cutting

sever (cut) + -ance = \_\_severance \_\_\_\_; definition \_\_act or process of removing or cutting

**2.** This war has been marked by shocking acts of **depravity**.

nastiness

depraved (corrupt) + -ity = \_\_depravity \_\_\_\_\_; definition \_\_the state of being corrupt or evil

**3**. The **complexity** of the directions made the swing set difficult to assemble.

hard to understand

 $complex + -ity = \underline{complexity}$ ; definition  $\underline{\underline{state of being complicated or hard to solve}}$ 

4. Once the shooting stopped, we were generally impressed by the civility of the conquering soldiers toward us. pleasantness

civil + -ity = \_\_civility \_\_\_\_\_\_; definition \_\_quality of being courteous or polite

**5.** Sam's **felicity** was obvious as he grinned and whistled his way down the street.

happiness

felic (happy) + -ity = felicity ; definition \_\_state of being happy

**6.** The general showed great **forbearance** when confronted by his subordinate's failure to win the strategic site.

restraint

forbear (hold back) + -ance = forbearance ; definition quality of being patient

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# Vocabulary Power continued

7. Meanwhile, the army was barely surviving on a **subsistence** diet of dried beef and a small daily ration of water. minimal

subsist (live) + -ence = subsistence ; definition minimum necessary to maintain life

**8.** The yearly **variance** in crops makes farming an economically challenging business. differences

vary + -ance = variance ; definition state of being variant or different

**9.** In **deference** to the honorable service of the troops, the president insisted on a respectful silence from the crowd. respect

defer (honor) + -ence = \_\_deference \_\_\_\_; definition \_\_respect and esteem due to another

**10.** After the Civil War, the South struggled for years to regain **prosperity**. success

prosper + -ity = prosperity; definition condition of being successful or thriving

### **EXERCISE B** Antonyms

Write the vocabulary word that is most nearly opposite in meaning.

- 1. simplicity complexity 6. misery felicity
- 2. rudeness <u>civility</u> 7. decency <u>depravity</u>
- 3. connection severance 8. poverty prosperity
- 4. abundance
   subsistence

   9. impatience
   forbearance
- 5. disrespect deference 10. unanimity variance

# **EXERCISE C** Usage

Answer each question. Possible answers are provided.

- 1. What is one thing you could do to show your **deference** for returning war veterans? visit war memorials, support veterans' programs
- 2. What is something you might buy during a time of **prosperity?**any luxury item
- **3.** How might strangers show **civility** toward each other? by shaking hands, using formal address
- **4.** What is one situation in which parents could show **forbearance** to their children? when the children are misbehaving
- **5.** What is one tactic people at **variance** with each other might use? recognize and respect differences

# **Lesson 15 Prefixes That Show Time and Space:** pro-, re-, pre-

Prefixes, word parts added to the beginning of a base word or word root, can modify a word's meaning in many different ways. For example, all the vocabulary words in this lesson contain prefixes showing time or space. The box contains three of these time and space prefixes, their meanings, and an example of each.

Prefix	Meaning	Example
pro-	in front of	project
re-	back	recall
pre-	before	pretest

**Word List** preamble preponderance recession refugee restoration prelude prostrate redress preoccupy protrude

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Read the paragraph below, paying close attention to the context of the boldfaced words. Then, use your understanding of the prefixes explained above to choose the word that correctly matches the definition.

Last week, our class took a field trip to a Civil War battle site where historians have created a highly realistic restoration of the battle scene. As a prelude to the tour, we attended a lecture outlining the battle events. The preponderance of battle casualties were Confederate troops. As the battle continued, refugees fleeing the violence were driven off the road by the urgent recession of the Confederate cavalry seeking to avoid capture. Though the civilians left all their possessions behind, they were promised redress of their grievances against the Union army. At the gate entering the battle site, historians had posted a copy of the **Preamble** to the U.S. Constitution to remind us of the war's heart-wrenching impact on the nation. I was horrified by the battle imagery. Half-buried guns **protruded** from the ground and wounded soldiers lay **prostrate** as far as the eye could see. Even now, a week after our visit, the terrible images **preoccupy** my thoughts.

protruded	<b>1.</b> stuck out	restoration	<b>6.</b> reconstruction
redress	2. compensation	refugees	7. people fleeing
preoccupy	3. engage interest	recession	<b>8.</b> withdrawing
prelude	4. introductory event	preponderance	9. superiority in power
prostrate	<b>5.</b> stretched out	preamble	<b>10</b> . introduction to a law

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Vocabulary Power

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# Vocabulary Power continued

### **EXERCISE B** Usage

If the boldfaced word is correctly used in the sentence, write *correct* above it. If it is not, draw a line through the word and write the correct vocabulary word above it.

correct

1. The **Preamble** to the Constitution summarizes the nation's most important goals.

redress

**2.** Anyone wanting a refund can seek **preponderance** of their complaints after the session.

preoccupy

- Until security is significantly improved, concern for student safety will redress the entire faculty. correct
- **4.** Full **restoration** of privileges will occur only after the perpetrators write apologies to the victims.
- 5. Our class chose a Beatles song for the recession at our graduation ceremony.

refugees

**6.** The organization has a fund for the support of **preludes** from war-torn countries.

correct

- 7. Overcome by the heat, the victim lay **prostrate** on the floor. preponderance
- 8. There is a prelude of evidence to show that the defendant was a spy for the opposing army.
- **9.** Poverty left scores of malnourished children with shoulder blades that **protrude** sharply from their shirts. prelude
- 10. The Battle at Fort Sumter proved to be only the **restoration** to a long and bitter war.

#### **EXERCISE C** Word Association

For each group of words, write the vocabulary word that best fits.

1. compensate, amend, remedy, redress

**5.** prone, horizontal, flat, prostrate

2. withdrawal, removal, regression, recession

**6.** importance, superiority, majority, <u>preponderance</u>

3. repair, renewal, renovation, <u>restoration</u>

7. overture, beginning, curtain raiser, <u>prelude</u>

**4.** bulge, jut, overhang, <u>protrude</u>

**8.** engage, absorb, engross, preoccupy

### **EXERCISE D** Multiple-Meaning Words

Many words in English have more than one meaning. Each meaning, however, is based on the meaning of the root word. The word *recession*, for example, is from the Latin root *recessus*, meaning "to go back." On a separate sheet of paper, write the dictionary definition of *recession* as it is used in each sentence.

- 1. The nation suffered a **recession** after the output of the goods and services declined. a period of reduced economic productivity
- 2. The bank's recession of the deed was final. act of withdrawing
- **3. Recession** of hairlines constitutes a problem for many men. act of growing less or smaller
- **4.** The president and his aides filed out of the chamber in a dignified **recession**. a departing procession

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# **Lesson 16 Using Reference Skills**

#### **Using a Thesaurus: Synonyms and Antonyms**

A thesaurus, which lists both synonyms and antonyms, is a useful reference source. With a thesaurus, you can locate words with similar meanings (synonyms) and often words with opposite meanings (antonyms). You can use these options to ensure that you say exactly what you mean. Below is a sample thesaurus entry.

**profuse** *adj.* **1.** generous, extravagant, lavish, prodigal, openhanded, excessive **2.** teeming, abounding, plentiful, abundant, limitless, overflowing, ample

**Antonym:** 1. stingy, miserly, mean, selfish 2. thin, meager, sparse, scarce, inadequate

**EXERCISE A**Sentences will vary but should include an antonym for *profuse* used grammatically in a meaningful context. Possible answers are given for the *profuse* synonyms.

Replace *profuse* in each sentence below with a synonym. Then, using an antonym from the sample entry above, write a new sentence on the line.

- 1. The wedding was a gala affair, with **profuse** decorations filling all the rooms.
- **2.** All around me in the clear, blue-green waters were **profuse** schools of tiny, brilliantly colored fish. teeming
- **3.** She so overwhelmed him with her **profuse** apologies that he began to blush. excessive

### **EXERCISE B** Possible answers are provided for synonyms and antonyms.

For each boldfaced word, use a thesaurus to write an antonym and a synonym.

1. ardently	antonym _	indifferently	synonym _	eagerly
2. audaciously	antonym _	timidly	synonym <sub>-</sub>	daringly
3. censure	antonym _	approval	synonym _	
4. imperious	antonym _	humble	synonym <sub>-</sub>	lordly
5. placid			synonym _	
6. uncertain	antonym _		synonym _	
7. fastidious	antonym		synonym _	
8. docile	antonym _		synonym _	
9. brusque	antonym <sub>-</sub>		synonym <sub>-</sub>	

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Vocabulary Power

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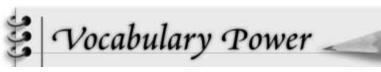
#### **Review: Unit 4**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best completes each sentence.

- **1.** An informant is \_\_\_\_\_. **a.** a special kind of diet (b.) someone who provides facts 2. You would expect to hear a preamble \_\_\_\_\_ (a.) at the beginning of a speech **b.** at the end of a speech 3. If I am prostrate, I am \_\_\_\_\_\_. **b.** sitting cross-legged (c.)lying face down **a.** lying face up **4.** If I treat you with civility, I \_\_\_\_ . a. insult you and call you names **b.** ignore you when you speak **5.** During a time of prosperity, people \_\_\_\_\_. (a.) can often save extra money **b.** may not have enough to eat **6.** When a building is obliterated, it \_\_\_\_\_. a. has been rebuilt **(b.)** is totally destroyed 7. If I have vanguished the other player, I have \_\_\_ (a.) achieved total victory **b.** held my own but lost the game **8.** If I meet refugees on the road, they are most likely to be a. bringing food supplies to wounded soldiers **b**. repairing their racing bikes 9. If I show forbearance, I \_\_\_\_\_\_. (a.) patiently hide my annoyance
  - c. someone who sings songs
  - **d.** a state of chaos
  - **c.** in the middle of a speech
  - **d.** three times during a speech
  - d. standing up
    - c. can't remember your name
  - (d.) inquire if you've been well
  - c. cannot find jobs
  - **d.** have greater purchasing power
  - c. has just been completed
  - **d.** is in the planning stages
  - c. played terribly and lost badly
  - **d.** met my match and struggled to a close victory
- - **b.** feel no emotions at all
- **10.** When there is anarchy, the government \_\_\_
  - a. strictly controls people's lives
  - **b.** is faced with a peaceful transition

- (c.) fleeing for their lives
- d. selling lemonade to passersby
- **c.** yell and scream at everyone
- d. don't understand what's being said to me
- (c.) does not exist
- d. is ruled by a king or queen



#### **Test: Unit 4**

#### PART A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

	·	le and a song so she wo	
	e of the movie, the hero <b>b.</b> ridicule		pressures him to  d. agitate
<ul><li>3. Sheila's large boxes</li><li>a. redress</li></ul>	from the trunk b protrude	of her red car. <b>c.</b> jeopardize	d. agitate
<ul><li>4. The human rights gro</li><li>a. felicity</li></ul>		ne they had see C. depravity	n in the impoverished area.  d. restoration
<ul><li>5. Because of unemplo</li><li>a. restoration</li></ul>	· _	of the community is living c. forbearance	-
<ul><li>6. You must not allow</li><li>a. redress</li></ul>	these anxieties to <b>b.</b> protrude		d. censure
	hows that strong aroma <b>b.</b> variance	s repel deer. c. deference	d. complexity
<ul><li>8. The governor's</li><li>a. forbearance</li></ul>		ons hurt his political part C. censure	
<ul><li>9. We must dismiss so</li><li>a. variance</li></ul>	_	pay a full four weeks of <b>c.</b> aggression	pay to each of you. <b>d.</b> forbearance
•	reliable was use <b>b.</b> prelude	ed to write this newspap Cinformant	

#### PART B

Circle the letter of the word that means most nearly the opposite.

prostrate

 a. horizontal
 b. erect
 c. reclining
 d. prone

 recession

 a. withdrawal
 b. removal
 c. procession
 d. depression

 restoration

 a. decline
 b. renovation
 c. detailing
 d. comeback

### Vocabulary Power continued

4. ridicule

- a. laughter
- **b.** derision
- c. pollution
- (d.) respect

5. jeopardize

- (a.) secure
- b. endanger
- c. risk
- d. interrupt

6. rancor

- (a.) kindness
- **b.** loudness
- **c.** hostility
- d. calmness

7. obliterate

- **a.** exterminate
- **b.** delete
- c. pulverize
- (d.) construct

8. aggression

- a. hostility
- **b.** violence
- (c.) friendliness
- d. excitement

9. preamble

- (a.) epilogue
- **b.** preface
- c. introduction
- d. prediction

10. forbearance

- a. understanding
- **b.** knowledge
- c. background
- **d.** ruthlessness

#### PART C

#### Circle the word that best completes the sentence.

- 1. A state of (civility, anarchy, restoration) pervades the war-torn country.
- 2. I admire the way you show (deference) severance, aggression) to your grandfather.
- 3. The Marcineks celebrated thirty years of marriage in (felicity, recession, preponderance).
- **4.** Vote for me on election day, and I guarantee to bring back high-paying jobs and (censure, recession, (prosperity)).
- 5. We have signed an agreement that promises to (jeopardize, agitate, redress) our grievances.
- **6.** Though Pam had practiced for months, most listeners found the (preponderance, prelude, prosperity) was flawed.
- 7. As a(n) (refugee,) informant, forbearance), I come to this country with a desire to escape persecution.
- 8. We have seen a significant (recession, rancor, variance) in opinion on these critical election-year issues.
- 9. The school has issued new behavior codes as we feel that basic (civility) ridicule, subsistence) is important.
- 10. Cindy was (imperious, placid, uncertain) about which classes she should take next year.

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#### **Lesson 17 Using Context Clues**

When you listen to someone speak, you hear both the words and the vocal clues. Both these factors help create what we think of as a person's "voice." The vocabulary words in this lesson explore these different aspects of voice.

Word List			
commentary	fervent	invoke	monotone
elucidate	inflection	lustrous	resonance
evocative	intonation		

**EXERCISE A** Context Clues Possible word meanings and dictionary definitions are given. Use the context to find the probable meaning of the boldfaced word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning. Make sure to use the definition that matches the context.

1.	Fearlessly, Marlene delivered her <b>commentary</b> against the injustices of the penal system. commentary: opinion
	Dictionary definition an expression of opinion
2.	The lecturer's <b>monotone</b> detracted from the importance of his message.  monotone: boring quality
	Dictionary definitiontedious sameness
3.	She used vocal <b>inflection</b> effectively to keep the attention of the audience. inflection: voice change
	Dictionary definition <u>change in pitch or loudness of the voice</u>
4.	Chandra's long black hair fell in rich, <b>lustrous</b> waves.  lustrous: full, deep, flowing
	Dictionary definition <u>radiant</u>
5.	Danielle issued a <b>fervent</b> plea for aid over the airwaves.  fervent: intense
	Dictionary definition marked by great feeling
6.	The <b>evocative</b> words of William Wordsworth inspired the audience. <b>evocative</b> : producing emotion
	Dictionary definitioncalling forth or bringing to mind memories or emotions
7.	The mayor had to <b>invoke</b> the city's drought-control regulations to reduce water consumption. invoke: activate
	Dictionary definition put into effect or operation

Vocabulary Power Unit 5, Lesson 17 41

### Vocabulary Power continued

**8.** The underwater **resonance** chambers recorded the vibrations from the earthquake.

resonance: echoing

Dictionary definition \_quality of echoing or continuing to sound

**9.** Changing the **intonation** in your speech can indicate an exclamation or a question.

intonation: tone of voice

Dictionary definition \_\_rise and fall in pitch of the voice in speech

**10.** She has tried to **elucidate** her position, but her constituents still do not understand her. **elucidate**: **explain** 

Dictionary definition give a clarifying explanation

#### **EXERCISE B** Synonyms

Circle the letter of the word that is most similar in meaning to the vocabulary word.

- 1. invoke
  - a. stimulate
- **b.** relate
- (c.)summon
- d. overpower

- 2. elucidate
  - a. obscure
- **b.** clarify
- **c.** confuse
- **d.** equivocate

- 3. lustrous
- (a.) glistening
- **b.** drab
- **c.** barren
- d. clumsy

- 4. fervent
  - **a.** detached
- **b.** enclosed
- (c.) ardent
- d. cool

- 5. evocative
- a. arousing
- **b.** temporary
- **c.** forgetful
- $\boldsymbol{d.} \ \text{aggravating}$

- 6. resonance
  - **a.** monotone
- **b.** silence
- **c.** vibration
- **d.** preponderance

#### **EXERCISE C** Context Clues

Write the vocabulary word that best matches the clue.

1. A newspaper editorial is one.

commentary

2. What changes about your voice when you ask a question?

inflection

3. Which word could describe the ringing of a bell?

resonance

**4.** Which word could describe the effects of your favorite song?

evocative

**5.** A sequined dress could be described this way.

lustrous

6. People in positions of power can do this with policies.

invoke

### Vocabulary Power

#### Lesson 18 The Word Roots path, pathy, and pass

Word roots are the building blocks around which thousands of words are constructed. Recognizing these word roots and knowing their basic meanings will help you to construct meanings for unfamiliar words. The Greek roots *path*, *pathy*, and the Latin root *pass* mean "feel" or "suffer." All the vocabulary words in this lesson contain one of these roots. Think about how each word can relate to "feeling" or "suffering."

antipathy impassioned passive pathology apathy impassive pathetic pathos

empathy passionate

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Read the paragraph below, studying the context of the boldfaced words. On the lines, write each word in the order it appears in the paragraph. Then, circle the word roots—path, pathy, or pass. Finally, from the list at the right, choose the best definition for each word and write the letter of that definition next to the word. Underlined letters indicate letters that should be circled.

When our psychology class was studying the nature of emotions, each of us role-played an emotion. Ed opted for **apathy** because he doesn't care about anything. Joanna played an **impassive** person because she doesn't show her feelings, even though we think she has them. Sadly, Addie volunteered to be **pathetic** because she knows we all feel sorry for her. Chris always shows sympathy to her, so we named him **pathos**. Maria jumped in excitedly, shouting that she had to take the role of **impassioned**. That posed a problem for Reanne, who also feels every emotion intensely. We gave her **passionate**. Rich said he'd take whatever role we said, so, of course, he became **passive**. Keith hated the whole exercise, so we assigned him **antipathy**. I played **empathy** because I did such a good job of understanding everyone else's concerns. After the role-playing, Mrs. Suarez said that next we'd study **pathology**, which focuses on the causes of physical problems.

	. 1.	υ ————
im <u>pass</u> ive	2.	<u>i</u>
<u>path</u> etic	3.	f
<u>path</u> os	4.	a
im <u>pass</u> ioned	5.	j
<u>pass</u> ionate	6.	g
<u>pass</u> ive	7.	h
anti <u>pathy</u>	8.	С
empathy	9	d

10. e

- a. an emotion of sympathetic pity
- b. lack of feeling or emotion
- c. dislike
- d. capacity for participation in another's feelings or ideas
- e. study of the nature of diseases
- f. able to move one to pity
- g. capable of, affected by, or expressing intense feeling
- h. lacking energy or will
- i. giving no sign of feeling or emotion
- **i.** filled with passion or zeal

anathy

Vocabulary Power

<u>path</u>ology

Unit 5, Lesson 18 43

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### Vocabulary Power continued

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

Draw a line through the word in parentheses that *cannot* be used to complete the sentence.

**1.** The politically minded students were engaged in a(n) (impassioned, passionate, passive) debate about the future of Puerto Rico.

Date

- **2.** Jason is a (passionate, pathetic, passive) student; he never participates.
- **3.** Our nation was founded by (impassioned, passionate, impassive) patriots.
- **4.** Because of the president's admirable accomplishments, voters view him as (impassioned, passionate, pathetic).
- **5.** I feel nothing but (antipathy, pathos, empathy) toward these victims whose lives have been shattered by violence.

#### **EXERCISE C** Usage

Circle the letter of the expression that best completes each statement.

1. When you feel <b>empathy</b> toward people, you might _	
a. yell at them	c. understand them
b. stare at them	d. ignore them
2. If you study <b>pathology</b> , you will learn	
a.) what causes diseases	c. about people's religious ideas
<b>b.</b> why people cry	d. the history of U.S. politics
3. As a passionate person, you might	
a. sit at home most nights	c. exercise once a week
(b.) devote yourself to causes	d. sleep a lot
<b>4.</b> Hearing an <b>impassioned</b> speech could make you	
a. sleepy	c. respond eagerly
<b>b.</b> confused	<b>d.</b> counterproductive
5. If you seem <b>pathetic</b> to me, I	
a. admire you	c. despise you
<b>b.</b> look like you	d. feel sorry for you
6. If I am passive, I	
(a.) will do whatever you want	c. won't let you push me around
b. have very strong ideas	d. feel emotions deeply

#### **EXERCISE D** Short Essay

Choose a topic about which you feel strongly. On a separate sheet of paper, write a few sentences telling about the topic and about how you and others feel about it. Use at least three vocabulary words.

Sentences should use at least three Lesson 18 vocabulary words in a grammatically correct, meaningful context.

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#### Lesson 19 Prefixes That Show Quantity or Size: bi-, quadr-, pent-, quint-

Prefixes are word parts affixed to the beginning of base words or word roots to change their meaning. All the words in this lesson contain prefixes relating to quantity or size. When you encounter them at the beginning of words, they provide clues to meaning. Study the boxed definitions, particularly noting that pent- and quint- have the same meaning, although *pent*- comes from Greek and *quint*- from Latin.

Prefix	Meaning	Example	Prefix	Meaning	Example
bi-	two	bicycle	quadr-	four	quarter
pent-	five	pentagon	quint-	five	quintet

#### **Word List**

biennial pentagon quadrant quintet bilingual pentathlon quadruple quintuplet

binocular quadrangle

#### **EXERCISE A** Prefixes Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Use the prefixes defined above and the contexts of the following sentences to speculate on the definition of each word. Then, draw a line through the italicized expression and, above it, write a vocabulary word to replace that word or phrase. Verify your choices by looking up each vocabulary word in a dictionary and writing that definition on the line provided.

- 1. Suzanne had trained hard for months, determined to win the athletic competition featuring five events. Dictionary definition \_\_pentathlon: athletic context in which contestants compete in five events
- 2. To help them remember the name of the last one of five children born to the same mother from the same pregnancy, my friend's parents named him Quentin.

Dictionary definition <u>quintuplet</u>: one of five offspring born at one birth

- 3. We tremendously enjoyed last night's concert, which featured a band of five musicians called Merry Madness. Dictionary definition <u>quintet</u>: group or set of five
- 4. I guarantee that, if you adopt my long-range plan, sales will double, maybe even multiply times four within five years.

Dictionary definition <u>quadruple:</u> to make four times as great or numerous

- **5.** The London square, famous for its gardens, is divided into *four equal sections* marked by brick paths. Dictionary definition \_\_quadrants: four quarters into which something is divided by real or imaginary lines
- **6.** Meet me after the lecture at the entrance to the *four-sided plaza* surrounded by buildings. Dictionary definition <u>quadrangle</u>: a four-sided enclosure, especially when surrounded by buildings

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3	Vocabula	ry Power continued		
7.		efense uses a famous five-sided shape pentagon: polygon of five angles and		
8.	the other's weakness.	is through both eyes, which can mean binocular: relating to the use of both		on compensates for
9.	As a result of immigrativenty years ago.	ation patterns, many more Americans t bilingual: using or able to use two lar	oday are <i>able to speak two</i>	o languages than
10.	Although this year we	really enjoy the <i>printed every two years</i> biennial: occurring every two years		eading it next year.
	(ERCISE B Us	age ord that matches the clue or ques	ition.	
1.	Which common nour	n is frequently used as a proper noun?	pentagon	
2.	Someone with four b	rothers or sisters sharing the same birt	hday could be one. <u>quint</u>	uplet
3.	Which word might de	escribe an Olympic event? <u>pentathlon</u>		
4.	When you increase 2	0 to 80, this happens to 20. <u>quadrup</u> l	le	
5.	One quarter of a map	pped area could be called this. <u>quadr</u>	ant	
Fill the	word's meaning.	ymology yord that best completes each sent on word <i>annus</i> means "year" and the L	•	•
	determine the meani	•	·	сан негр уоч
2.	lingua means "tongu	uess the meaning of <u>bilingual</u> e" and often refers to languages. "bi-" changes the word to refer to two	when you know that languages.	the Latin word root
3.	Once you determine Explanation Adding	that the Latin root <i>oculus</i> relates to eye "bi-" focuses the word on two eyes.	es, you can easily define the	e word <u>binocular</u>
4.	The Latin word <i>athlor</i> Explanation The pre	n, meaning "contest," is related to the vertix "pent-" expands the word to mean	word _pentathlon five contests.	<u>-</u> -

Unit 5, Lesson 19 Vocabulary Power



#### **Lesson 20 Using Reference Skills**

#### **Using a Dictionary: Multiple Meanings**

Sometimes you'll read or hear a word that won't make any sense to you, even though you think you know what the word means. This may be because it's being used differently from the one you know. Some words have multiple meanings. A dictionary can help you match definitions to the correct context. Study the numbered definitions in a dictionary entry to see how they differ from one another in meaning, part of speech, or usage. Look at the sample entry below.

**binder** [bin der] n 1. a person that binds something (as books) 2. a. something used in binding b. a usually detachable cover (as for holding sheets of paper) c. the sheet of tobacco that binds the filler in a cigar 3. something (as tar or cement) that binds or holds together a loosely assembled substance 4. a receipt for money paid to secure the right to purchase real estate on agreed terms

**Word List** 

abstract fabricate sanction patronage assimilate instrumental rabble status

binder manifest

#### **EXERCISE A**

Use the sample entry above to decide which meaning of binder is used in each sentence.

- 1. Only a well-trained **binder** can possibly repair this damage.
- 2. We sold the cigar factory enough binder to last through the rest of the year, so we can't understand the lag in production. <sup>2c</sup>
- **3.** You can use low-fat yogurt instead of high-fat sour cream as a **binder** in most dressings or sauces. <sup>3</sup>
- 4. We rushed our binder check down to the agent at 8 o'clock last night because we were afraid of losing the apartment if we waited until the next morning. 4
- **5.** My teacher insisted that we have a separate **binder** for each school subject. <sup>2b</sup>

Sentences should use one definition of each word, used grammatically in a meaningful context. Two possible definitions are provided; accept any two that can be verified in **EXERCISE B** a dictionary.

Use a dictionary to find at least two definitions for the remaining vocabulary words. Record the definitions on a separate sheet of paper. Then, write a sentence using one meaning of each word.

- 1. abstract: difficult to understand: removed, separated

- abstract: difficult to understand; removed, separated
   assimilate: to take in and appropriate as nourishment; to absorb into the cultural tradition of a group
   fabricate: to construct from diverse and usually standardized parts; to make up for the purpose of deception
   instrumental: serving as a means, agent, or tool; relating to, composed for, or performed on a musical instrument
   manifest: to make evident, obvious; list of passengers or cargo for a ship or plane
   patronage: support or influence of a patron; kindness done with an air of superiority
   rabble: disorganized or confused collection of things; the lowest class of people
   sanction: a formal decree; an economic or military coercive measure adopted usually by several nations in concert for forcing a nation violating international law to desist forcing a nation violating international law to desist
- 9. status: condition of a person or thing in the eyes of the law; state of affairs

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**Review: Unit 5** 

#### **EXERCISE A**

For each group of words, circle the letter of the word that best fits.

- 1. psychology, biology, physiology, \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. antipathy
- **b.** empathy
- c. pathos
- (d.) pathology

- 2. triangle, square, diamond, \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. quintet
- **b.** pentagon
- c. binocular
- d. monotone

- 3. bright, glossy, dazzling, \_\_\_\_\_
- (a.) lustrous
- **b.** evocative
- **c.** fervent
- **d.** passionate

- **4.** editorial, opinion, explanation, \_\_\_\_
  - a. inflection
- **b.** apathy
- c. binocular
- **d.** commentary

- 5. annual, biannual, perennial, \_\_\_\_\_
  - **a.** bilingual
- **b.** antipathy
- (c.) biennial
- d. quintuplet

#### **EXERCISE B**

Circle the letter of the vocabulary word that best completes each sentence.

- 1. Dr. Fredericks has developed a highly experimental surgical approach to restore \_\_\_\_\_\_ vision.
  - a. bilingual
- **b.** biennial
- **c.** binocular
- **d.** monotone
- 2. Auditions for the world-famous Chicago \_\_\_\_\_ will begin next Monday.
  - **a.** quadrangle
- **(b.)** quintet
- **c.** pentagon
- **d.** pentathlon
- 3. Without \_\_\_\_\_, no leader can truly appreciate the needs of his or her supporters.
  - a. patronage
- **b.** inflection
- **(c.)**empathy
- **d.** status
- **4.** Because of the urgency of the message, the network broadcast the family's \_\_\_\_\_ request for a heart donor.
  - **a.** passionate
- **b.** impassive
- **c.** lustrous
- **d.** abstract
- **5.** Stan was forced to \_\_\_\_\_ the no-trade clause in his contract.
  - **a.** fabricate
- **b.** manifest
- c. assimilate
- d. invoke



#### **Test: Unit 5**

#### PART A

Circle the letter of the word that most nearly means the opposite of the boldfaced word.

- 1. impassive
  - a. reserved
- **(b.)** responsive
- c. self-contained
- **d.** stolid

- 2. impassioned
  - a. fervent
- **b.** animated
- c. intense
- (d.) reserved

- 3. apathy
  - **a.** coldness
- **b.** poise
- **c.** enthusiasm
- **d.** shock

- 4. abstract
  - **a.** withdraw
- (b.) concrete
- c. separate
- **d.** detach

- 5. antipathy
- (a.) love
- **b.** pity
- c. apathy
- d. passion

- 6. passive
  - a. modest
- **b.** dull
- (c.) energetic
- d. humble

#### PART B

Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

- 1. In our historic district, the zoning board will deny the application for a \_\_\_\_\_\_-shaped residence.
  - a. quadrangle
- **b.** quintet
- **c.** pentagon
- **d.** quadrant
- 2. According to the article in today's paper, one \_\_\_\_\_\_ faces life-threatening health problems and may not survive.
  - (a.) quintuplet
    - **b.** pentathlon
- **c.** quadruple
- **d.** quintet
- 3. She won the ice-cream eating contest with a final effort by devouring a \_\_\_\_\_-scoop of chocolate.
  - a. monotone
- **b.** passionate
- **c.** quadruple
- d. bilingual
- **4.** The southeast \_\_\_\_\_ of the mine can be reached only through a series of dangerous tunnels.
  - a. pentagon
- **b.** quintuplet
- **c.** commentary
- **d.**) quadrant
- **5.** Change the \_\_\_\_\_ of your voice when you reach the second major point in your speech.
  - a. pathology
- **b.** commentary
- (c.)intonation
- d. quadrangle
- **6.** They described a \_\_\_\_\_ scene of homelessness and hunger.
  - **a.** passive
- (b.) pathetic
- **c.** lustrous
- **d.** fervent
- 7. In her moving portrayal of Sarah Bernhardt, the actress communicated great \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. status
- **b.** inflection
- (c.) pathos
- d. apathy

### Vocabulary Power continued

**8.** After studying Spanish for years, Noah is certain to be an asset to a \_\_\_\_\_ firm.

- a. binocular
- **b.** monotone
- **c.** lustrous
- **d.** bilingual

**9.** Many different elements can stimulate a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ response; for example, the visual arts.

- a. passive
- **(b.)** evocative
- c. monotone
- d. impassive

10. Without Lee's \_\_\_\_\_ commitment to poor children, few of these youngsters would have succeeded.

- **a.** passionate
- **b.** lustrous
- **c.** pathetic
- d. biennial

#### PART C

#### Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

- 1. If elections were biennial, they \_\_\_\_\_
- (a.) took place in 1988 and 1990

c. were outlawed

b. happened every four years

- d. were unfairly administered
- 2. Without pathology, doctors \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. wouldn't get paid

- c. would only be men
- **b.** would have to mix their own medicines
- (d.) wouldn't know the causes of disease
- 3. Empathy would be an especially important job skill for \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a.) a counselor

**c.** a race car driver

b. a construction worker

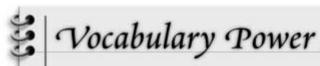
- d. an airplane pilot
- 4. A car might look lustrous after \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. a bad accident

(c.) it's been waxed

**b.** it's been sold

**d.** a hailstorm

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#### **Lesson 21 Using Synonyms**

What's your life like? What do you think life is like for a teenager in Africa, Russia, or France? Life differs for each person, depending on such things as location, age, daily tasks, and health. The words in this lesson all apply to understanding or describing someone's life.

Word List conflagration emaciated nutritious repression conventional enterprising prevail turmoil deluge gusto
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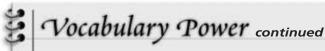
#### **EXERCISE A** Synonyms Sample synonyms and dictionary definitions are provided.

Synonyms are words with similar meanings. Each boldfaced word is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the synonym and write them on the line provided. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. conflagration : wildfire a fire, an inferno
Dictionary definition <u>conflagration</u> : a large, disastrous fire
2. deluge : flood heavy rain
Dictionary definition deluge: overflowing of the land by water
3. enterprising : inventivereadiness to risk or experiment
Dictionary definition <u>enterprising</u> : marked by an independent and adventurous spirit
4. repression: tyranny process of holding down or excluding
Dictionary definition repression: the state of being kept down by force
5. prevail : triumphovercome, win, conquer
Dictionary definitionprevail: to gain power or victory through strength or superiority
6. conventional : ordinary regular, set, stock, usual
Dictionary definition <u>conventional</u> : formed by general agreement, traditional
7. emaciated : gauntdecreased, withered, wasted, shrunk
Dictionary definition <u>emaciated</u> : to waste away physically
8. nutritious : healthful nourishing, health-giving, providing nutrients, restorative
Dictionary definitionnutritious: providing life-sustaining foods or other substances
9. gusto : zestnerve, excitability, heartiness, zeal
Dictionary definition _gusto: enthusiastic and vigorous enjoyment or appreciation

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Name	Date	Class



10. turmoil : commotion <u>agitation, confusion, disorder, chaos</u>

Dictionary definition \_\_turmoil: an utterly confused or agitated state or condition

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

#### Draw a line through the italicized expression and replace it with the correct vocabulary word.

conflagration

- 1. Since yesterday, the *huge and terrible fire* had flared out of control, requiring even more firefighters.
- 2. All the juniors agreed that it was too *commonplace* to hold the prom in the gym. emaciated
- 3. In Ethiopia, *painfully thin*-people are often seen trying to survive in the desert.
- **4.** Shelley brought her own personal excitement and enthusiasm to every task.
- 5. Andrew's *inventive and adventurous* approach to corporate business transformed the stuffy old company.
- **6.** Torrential rains threatened to *flood water across* farms and homes in the river valley.

repression

- 7. America wishes China would stop the *holding down by force* of dissenting political views.
- **8.** Everyone should start the day with a *healthy, sustaining* breakfast.

turmoi

**9.** Fortunately, the sensational trial is nearly over and the daily *commetion* will subside.

preva

10. Give the trial one more day, and I'm certain our lawyers will defeat the opponent.

#### **EXERCISE C** Antonyms

#### Circle the letter of the word that is opposite in meaning to the boldfaced word.

- 1. deluge
  - a. flood
- **b.** mountain
- (c.) drought
- **d.** ice cap

- 2. enterprising
- (a.) cautious
- b. ambitious
- c. improved
- d. animated

- 3. repression
  - a. control
- **b.** duplication
- (c.) liberation
- **d.** repetition

- 4. prevail
- **a.** surrender
- **b.** conquer
- **c.** avert
- d. instigate

- 5. turmoil
  - **a.** chaos
- **b.** strife
- c. anger
- **d**. peace

- 6. gusto
  - a. appreciation
- **b.** anger
- c. misery
- **d.** laziness

- 7. emaciated
- (a.) obese
- **b.** haggard
- **c.** restrained
- **d.** decorated

- 8. conventional
  - **a.** worldly
- **b.** commonplace
- (c.) extraordinary
- d. immense

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#### Lesson 22 Suffixes That Form Verbs: -ize, -ate, -ify

A suffix is usually a syllable placed at the end of a root word to change or add to its meaning. Some suffixes also change a word's part of speech. For example, all the vocabulary words in this lesson are verbs, created by adding the suffixes -ize, -ify, and -ate to root words. Look at the following definitions:

-ize + visual = visualize (to make visual)
 -ate + active = activate (to make active)
 -ify + beauty = beautify (to make beautiful)

Word List			
advocate	falsify	pollinate	rejuvenate
amplify	generalize	popularize	standardize
computerize	intensify		
1			

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Study the context of each boldfaced word. Write what you think the word means. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its definition. Possible synonyms and dictionary definitions are given.

1. You must **intensify** your efforts to master soccer if you want to make the team.

Dictionary definition <u>amplify: to make loud</u>er, to make larger or greater

deepen, strengthen, magnify	
Dictionary definition <u>intensify</u> : to strengthen, increase; to make more intense or concer	ntrated
2. We've hired a firm to <b>standardize</b> all of our business systems so that everything runs sm classify, arrange, order	noothly.
Dictionary definition <u>standardize</u> : organize; to make standard or predictable	
3. People who want to <b>generalize</b> about the customs of another culture may not have all the derive a general perception, to conclude from particulars	facts.
Dictionary definitiongeneralize: to make a general conclusion, to make a larger assump	otion based on select examples
<b>4</b> . Owners who wanted to <b>computerize</b> their businesses waited until the Y2K problem had buy a computer	been resolved.
Dictionary definitioncomputerize: to equip with computers, to transfer operations to c	computers
<b>5.</b> Bees are useful creatures because they <b>pollinate</b> many crops and help flowers and trees spread the microspores from one plant to another	s to reproduce.
Dictionary definitionpollinate: to fertilize; to place pollen on the stigma of a plant	
<b>6.</b> Speakers located in every hospital room <b>amplify</b> calls for help. expand, increase, enlarge	

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### Vocabulary Power continued

**7.** Jamal refuses to wear leather shoes because he likes to **advocate** for animal rights. support

Dictionary definition advocate: to plead in favor of

**8.** Many experts believe Apple's Macintosh computer was the first to **popularize** home computers. win attention, capture the public's fancy

Dictionary definition \_\_popularize: to make popular; to present in generally understandable form

**9.** People who fled Nazi Germany often had to **falsify** identification papers or use fake exit visas. lead astray, lead into error, misstate

Dictionary definition \_\_falsify: to make fake versions of; to make false by addition or change

**10.** A change of schedule and time off can **rejuvenate** a weary worker.

regenerate, refresh, revivify, endow with a second youth

Dictionary definition <u>rejuvenate</u>: to repair; to restore to an original or new state

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

Circle the word in parentheses that can be used to complete the sentence.

- 1. Some scientists are working on alternative ways to (computerize, pollinate,) generalize) field crops.
- 2. Americans have managed to (amplify, advocate, popularize) blue jeans all around the world.
- **3.** The euro is a way to (intensify, falsify, standardize) the many different money systems in Europe.

#### **EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words

Many words have more than one meaning. Use a dictionary to help you write the exact meaning of each boldfaced word as it is used in the sentence below.

1. After reading several books and articles, Kwan began to **generalize** about the use of mythological characters in computer games.

Definition to draw a general conclusion

2. Although Jock had never met a Hindu, he thought he could **generalize** about them.

Definition \_to make vague or indefinite statements

3. Jorges started to amplify his speech with clever stories about his life.

Definition \_to expand by the use of detail, illustration, or clever analysis

**4.** Although the new speakers on my computer are tiny, they greatly **amplify** the sound.

Definition to make louder

**5.** To **amplify** the oxygen in the air, she added a number of large plants.

Definition \_\_to increase the amount of



#### **Lesson 23 Words from Technology**

In our busy lives, many of us rely more and more on technology. This reliance has created both new words and new uses for old words. The vocabulary words in this lesson reflect our increased use of technology.

**Word List** 

aerospace hologram simulation tutorial

database oscillate synthesizer virtual reality

digital semiconductor

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

In the paragraph below, study the context of the boldfaced words. Then, look at the meanings that are given at the end of the exercise and choose the letter of the expression that best explains the word. Finally, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write the definition that fits the context.

You've seen a **digital** clock that shows the time in numerals, but did you know there are digital computers also? Computers are one of many modern machines, such as **synthesizers**, which musicians use to generate a variety of sounds. The **aerospace** industry uses computers throughout its rockets and space shuttles, especially when running a training **simulation** of launches or other situations. It also uses computers to keep a **database** filled with information like climatic conditions and rocket functioning. Some computers now feature **virtual reality**, which makes you feel that you can almost step into the program's images. Think of the images as a **hologram**, or laser-produced image, brought to life. Of course, you'd need a **tutorial** to learn how to use these programs. All of these new machines use electricity in some way. The current may flow through a **semiconductor** or in waves that **oscillate** back and forth. **Sample definitions are provided.** 

	1. digital
	Dictionary definition using or giving information as a series of digits
<u>i</u>	2. synthesizer Dictionary definitionmachine that duplicates the sounds of musical instruments
e	3. aerospace  Dictionary definition relating to the space comprising Earth's atmosphere and the space beyond
<u>d</u>	4. simulation  Dictionary definitionimitation of one system's functioning by using a second system
h	5. database Dictionary definition a large collection of data organized for rapid search
С	6. virtual reality Dictionary definition an artificial environment provided by a computer in which one's actions determine

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Vocabulary Power

what happens in the environment

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Ь	7. hologram  Dictionary definition a three-dimer	nsional image produced by a laser	
g	<b>8. tutorial</b> Dictionary definitioninstruction for	using certain computer software	
a	9. semiconductor  Dictionary definition a solid whose	electrical conductivity is less than a cond	luctor's but more than an insulator's
<u>j</u>	<b>10. oscillate</b> Dictionary definition to move back	and forth about a central position	
a.	electrical conductor	f. shown with numerals	
b.	projected visual image	g. teaching program	
C.	computer program that seems real	h. collection of information	
d.	imitation	i. machine that creates mu	ISIC
e.	relating to space	j. moving in wave-like mo	tion

#### **EXERCISE B** Word Association

Write the vocabulary word that best fits each group.

1. vibrate, pulse, alternate,	OSCIIIdle	
2. reproduction, dry run, model,	simulation	
<b>3.</b> practice, training, guided lesson,	tutorial	
4. records, information files, accounts,	databases	
5. piano, violin, tuba,	synthesizer	

#### **EXERCISE C** Usage

If the boldfaced word is used correctly, write *correct* above it. If not, draw a line through the word and write the correct vocabulary word above it.

correct

- **1.** I watched the pendulum inside my family's grandfather clock **oscillate** slowly.
- synthesizer
- 2. Audiences appreciate the musical sounds that the storyteller produces with his database.
- **3.** The **virtual reality** industry took many years to recover from the Challenger space-shuttle disaster.

database

- **4.** The power outage locked the information inside my computer's **hologram** and slowed my work.
- 5. Children in our family cannot have a digital clock until they can tell time on a traditional clock.

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# Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 24 Using Reading Skills**

#### **Learning from Context: Comparison and Contrast**

Some context clues to unfamiliar words are in the form of comparison or contrast. For example, the sentence may contain other words or phrases that are either similar to or different from the unfamiliar word. Signal words such as similarly, likewise, and also may indicate comparison clues. Words such as unlike, but, and whereas can point out contrast clues.

Word	List
------	------

dilapidated nocturnal sedate uncanny elusive odious translucent zenith

**auerulous** garrulous

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the clue word that indicates comparison or contrast. Then, write the meaning of the boldfaced word. Consult a dictionary to confirm your answers. Sample definitions are provided.

- 1. Like Belfont, which has also become run-down, our neighborhood's buildings are quite dilapidated. dilapidated: run down, in disrepair
- 2. I sniffed the elusive fragrance of the flowers and the equally unidentifiable aroma wafting from the kitchen. elusive: hard to identify
- **3.** The man is absolutely **odious**, unlike Mr. Detrick who couldn't be more delightful. odious: unpleasant
- **4.** Jill has an **uncanny** ability to detect lies, whereas Mark has only ordinary ways of spotting dishonesty. uncanny: extraordinary, not quite normal
- **5.** I'd never met anyone as **garrulous** as Nancy, except for Luis, who is also very talkative. garrulous: chatty
- **6.** Mrs. Brown became **querulous** late in the day (just as) a child gets cranky when it's nap time. querulous: cranky
- 7. The actress was at the **zenith** of her career, (unlike) her husband, who couldn't find a job. zenith: highest point, peak
- **8.**(Like) a see-through gauze curtain, the **translucent** lampshade let light spread across the room. translucent: letting light through
- **9.** European badgers are **nocturnal** animals (but) American badgers often leave their nests during the day. nocturnal: awake at night and asleep in the day
- 10. I think of Quay as a sedate person who loves reading, but she can be outgoing in the right company. sedate: calm and unflappable

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# Vocabulary Power

#### **Review: Unit 6**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the expression that best completes each sentence.

- 1. If I standardize tests, I \_\_\_\_\_.
- (a.) make them the same
- b. organize them alphabetically
- 2. A tutorial program would primarily \_\_\_\_
  - a. store information
  - **b.** generate new documents
- **3.** If Andy is emaciated, he looks \_\_\_\_
  - a. overweight
- **(b.)** scrawny
- c. angry
- **d.** eager

c. steak and sour cream

(d.) chicken and salad

(c.) instruct users in software use

**c.** create individual tests

**d.** rank them by difficulty

d. send e-mail letters

- 4. One example of a nutritious meal might be \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. chips and soda
  - b. a hot dog and bun
- **5.** At a conflagration, you could possibly \_
  - **a.** get burned **b.**
- **b.** see a movie **c.** meet nev
- **c.** meet new friends **d.** get fired from your job
- **6.** To intensify my studies, I might \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. put them on hold
  - **b.** quit school entirely
- 7. When bees pollinate flowers, they \_\_\_\_\_
- a. chew on the stems to create pollen
  - **b.** destroy all the pollen
- 8. An idea that you popularize becomes \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. less well-known than before
  - **(b.)** familiar to many people
- 9. You might experience turmoil \_\_\_\_\_
- (a.) during exam week at school
- **b.** while watching a lazy snowstorm
- 10. In a deluge, you'd probably \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. want sunscreen to protect your skin
  - **b.** feel exhausted from the altitude

- c. continue my existing schedule
- d.)increase my school hours
- c. eat holes in the pollen leaves
- (d.) put pollen into the flower
- c. off-limits to everyone but experts
- d. extremely expensive to manufacture
- c. while lying in the sun reading a book
- d. during a choir concert
- (c.) need sandbags to hold back the water
- d. crave sweet foods and pickles



#### **Test: Unit 6**

#### PART A

Circle the letter of the word that is a synonym, or similar in meaning.

- 1. standardize
  - a. terrify
- (b.) regulate
- c. develop
- **d.** amplify

- 2. rejuvenate
  - (a.) energize
- **b.** exhaust
- c. organize
- **d.** prevail

- 3. falsify
  - **a.** reveal
- **b.** mystify
- **c.** disguise
- **d.** realize

- 4. oscillate
  - a. regularize
- **b.** intensify
- **c.** alternate
- **d.** satisfy

- 5. enterprising
  - a. cautious
- **b.** absurd
- c. gigantic
- (d.) resourceful

- 6. nutritious
- (a.) wholesome
- **b.** unhealthy
- c. religious
- d. delicious

- 7. conflagration
  - a. meeting
- **b.** inferno
- **c.** challenge
- **d.** torment

- 8. amplify
  - a. enrage
- **b.** strengthen
- **c.** mutilate
- **d.** terminate

- 9. prevail
  - a. collapse
- **b.** awaken
- **c.** censor
- **d.** overcome

- 10. intensify
  - **a.** escalate
- **b.** minimize
- **c.** unify
- d. intercept

#### PART B

Circle the letter of the vocabulary word that best completes each sentence.

- 1. After working for hours without eating, we ate with \_\_\_\_\_.
- **(b.)** gusto **c.** turmoil
- **d.** simulation
- 2. Many electronic devices now include \_\_\_\_\_ components to help them deliver clearer sounds and images.
- (a.) digital
- **b.** conventional
- **c.** nutritious
- **d.** elusive
- 3. There is tremendous competition among the astronomers in the \_\_\_\_\_ industry.
  - a. synthesizer

a. repression

- **b.** database
- **(c.)**aerospace
- **d.** zenith



### Vocabulary Power continued

	nanged the way electror <b>b</b> . conflagration	•	therefore, the way businesses function. <b>d.</b> simulation
-	eorgia tourist board, the <b>b</b> . emaciated	•	emely and sophisticated.  d. cosmopolitan
	the athletes, the so	•	
•	their policies, the <b>b.</b> amplify		-
	ped develop the laser te	0.	
· ·	r frequently to a <b>b.</b> hologram		light times and seating charts.  d database
<u> </u>	•	as must be on guard ag	ainst tidal surges that threaten to
their comr	nunities. <b>b.</b> amplify	c rounnenate	d nollinato
(a.) 000090	<b>u.</b> amuniv	C. Teluvellale	u. Dominale

#### PART C

#### Circle the word that best completes the sentence.

- 1. This aircraft has special systems that will allow us to computerize sedate, amplify) our flight plan and keep the air controllers informed.
- 2. After fifteen years of living under the (hologram, zenith, repression) of China's government, Professor Wang was thrilled to be in America.
- **3.** (Conflagration, Virtual reality, Advocate) opens up new possibilities for people with disabilities.
- **4.** Through (simulation) repression, databases), we can teach brain surgery to new doctors without risking the lives of patients.
- **5.** A public person such as an athlete or entertainer can adopt a particular clothing style and easily (pollinate, popularize) falsify) it throughout the country.

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Class

#### **Lesson 25 Using Context Clues**

Given the vast number of words and phrases devoted to giving, taking, and searching for new directions, it is not surprising to encounter literature that reflects this pursuit. Phrases such as put on the right track, point in the right direction, strike out for, set one's compass for, see which way the wind blows, as the crow flies, and straight as an arrow are just a few of the ways people describe the road that leads to a distant place. The words in this vocabulary lesson will help you express the different directions that you encounter, whether they are in literature or in real life.

**Word List** 

dissemble plague reciprocate impetuous dwindle predilection iostle traverse

imminent lurch

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues

Write the vocabulary word that best matches each clue below.

- 1. Medieval Europe experienced a deadly outbreak of disease often referred to as this. <a href="Plague">plague</a>
- 2. You might do this zigzag action on a ski slope to help you get up or down more easily. traverse
- 3. You might experience this action on a crowded street where people push or elbow others out of their way. jostle
- **4.** Something that is about to occur is often described by this adjective. \_ imminent
- 5. A person whose birthday you might celebrate might do this on your birthday. reciprocate
- **6.** A teenager in danger of being grounded for a curfew violation might do this. dissemble
- 7. The movement of a ship on water may cause you to do this if the deck rolls or pitches suddenly. lurch
- **8.** If your savings have decreased, you might say that the money has done this. dwindle
- **9.** A person who acts in an unexpected and surprisingly spontaneous manner can be described as this. impetuous
- **10.** If you have a preference for pizza, you have this for it. **predilection**

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

Circle the word in parentheses that best completes the sentence.

- 1. In a(n) (imminent,(impetuous,)reciprocating) mood, Sal decided to quit his job, sell his house and car, and move to Australia, where he thought he might pilot scuba-diving boats out to the Great Barrier Reef.
- 2. Zuleika dreamed that a (traverse, predilection, plague) of locusts consumed all of the crops in the Great Plains.

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### Vocabulary Power continued

- 3. Unable to (dissemble) dwindle, jostle) any longer, Sue admitted to writing the mystery letter.
- 4. To raise money for charity this summer, Karin plans to (reciprocate, traverse) lurch) the state on her bicycle.
- **5.** After an hour's wait for the band, interest in the concert began to (dwindle,)lurch, reciprocate).
- 6. Stan had to (lurch jostle) dwindle) his packages around in order to get to the door.
- 7. As the plane hit an air pocket, the flight attendant began to (jostle, dissemble, (urch)) down the aisle, trying to hold onto the trays of drinks.
- **8.** Polly has few helpers for the tag sale because she is reluctant to (reciprocate, plague, traverse) favors.
- 9. Gary's (traverse, predilection,) plague) for science fiction movies is well-known among his friends.
- 10. The old tenement was condemned because it was in (imminent,) impetuous, lurching) danger of collapse.

#### **EXERCISE C** Synonyms

Circle the letter of the word that is most similar in meaning.

1.	impetuou	
	2	halpful

helpful	b.	stimulatin

c. sarcastic

**d.**) impulsive

#### 2. plague

(a.)	harass
------	--------

**b.** celebrate

c. rotate

d. restore

#### 3. dissemble

	1	1	1 1	
2	h	0	М	
a.	ш	U	u	

**b.** slip

$\sim$	
(c)	conceal
( C.)	COLICCA

d. claim

#### 4. reciprocate

a.	exchange
----	----------

d. honor

#### 5. imminent

- **a.** delinquent
- **b.** misshapen
- **c.** resulting
- **d.** impending

#### 6. traverse

- a. strain
- **b.** retire
- **c.** cross
- **d.** share

#### 7. predilection

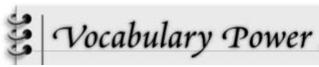
- **a.** bias
- **b.** embarrassment
- c. avoidance
- d. disgust

#### **EXERCISE D** Multiple-Meaning Words

On a separate sheet of paper, write an adventure tale for elementary school children, featuring a conflict and the characters who resolve it. Your tale can be realistic or fantastic, but it should communicate a relevant theme to its young audience. Use at least five of the vocabulary words. However, use each vocabulary word twice (if it has more than one meaning) so the first usage conveys a different meaning from the second. Students' tales will vary but should contain a conflict, believable characters, and a relevant theme. They should use at least five of the vocabulary words.

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#### **Lesson 26 Word Usage**

People have many different characteristics. Some people are flexible and optimistic; others are rigid and negative. Most successful people are willing to meet the unexpected with a positive approach. The words in this lesson deal with ways people respond to new situations.

word List			
ascertain	bizarre	tentative	ulterior

susceptible awry

broach

#### **EXERCISE A** Usage

aspiration

Read the sentences below. Then, circle the letter of the correct definition of the boldfaced word.

- 1. Tina is so mentally and physically exhausted that a two-week vacation is a **therapeutic** necessity if she is to complete her project.
  - **a.** seemingly virtuous

**c.** conforming to a standard

therapeutic

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vanguard

- **b.** not associated or connected with others
- (d.) exhibiting healing powers
- 2. Especially **susceptible** to compliments, Edgar can easily be diverted from his goals.
- (a.) easily influenced or affected by

c. threatening harm or evil

**b.** that produces the desired effect

- d. that which can be sacrificed
- 3. Mrs. Heller pursues her aspiration of becoming a world-class weight lifter by working out daily with a personal trainer.
  - a. release from an obligation

c. a secluded, little used path

**(b.)** strong desire or ambition

- **d.** a sudden, widespread increase
- **4.** In a **bizarre** twist, the storm turned inland.
  - **a.** indistinct

(c.) strikingly odd

**b.** carefree

- **d.** urgent
- 5. Before the Dantes decide about installing a sprinkler system, they must ascertain whether their well can handle the additional water demands.
  - **a.** avoid by cleverness

- c. make liable for
- **b.** strengthen by supporting the weight of
- **(d.)** discover with certainty
- 6. Chris made only tentative plans for hiking tomorrow because the temperature is supposed to be one hundred degrees.
  - (a.) not fully worked out or agreed on
- **c.** concerned with only the obvious

**b.** tending to rise again

**d.** favoring basic change



### Vocabulary Power continued

- 7. I hate to **broach** the subject, but isn't that the weekend you promised to clean the garage and the attic?
  - a. show plainly

c. turn to for aid or information

**b.** bring up for discussion

- d. lead into error or misconduct
- **8.** Something always goes **awry** with Leslie's car after she takes it to the dealer for its maintenance checkup.
  - a. upside down

(c.)wrong

b. causing dissension

- d. against custom or habit
- **9.** Bella Abzug, Gloria Steinem, and Germaine Greer made up the **vanguard** of the women's liberation movement in the 1960s and 1970s.
  - a. case to which a rule does not apply
- c. a support system for a weak group

**b.** a shared characteristic

- (d.) leading position in a movement
- **10.** The director may have had an **ulterior** motive in inviting drama critics to the dress rehearsal, but his tactic obviously backfired; they all hated the play and gave it terrible reviews.
  - (a.) intentionally concealing so as to deceive
- c. deeply sorry for having done wrong
- **b.** logically connected and intelligible
- **d.** having interruptions or gaps

#### **EXERCISE B** Usage

If the boldfaced word is correctly used in the sentence, write *correct* above it. If not, draw a line through the word and write the correct vocabulary word above it.

aspirations

- 1. Lenny had somewhat limited vanguards; his goal for the next marking period was to pass all his classes.
- March was a bizarre month: Phoenix, Arizona, had several inches of snow while Freeport, Maine, experienced summerlike temperatures.

correct

- **3.** Interviewing witnesses and examining physical evidence are two ways that detectives **ascertain** the facts in a case. susceptible
- **4.** Senior citizens, young children, and asthmatics are **tentative** to the heat and humidity.
- Afraid to ascertain the subject of the senior trip with his parents, Lyle kept postponing the discussion until it was almost too late.
  - correct
- **6.** Music, especially classical, can often have a **therapeutic** effect.
  - ulterior
- **7.** Terry has no **tentative** motive for offering a ride to voters without transportation.
  - correct
- **8.** Something went **awry** with the recipe because the dough never rose.

tentative

- **9.** Yesterday, the union and the managers reached a **susceptible** agreement on the new contract.
  - correct
- **10.** Egmont Arens, an industrial and packaging designer during the 1930s, was in the **vanguard** of engineers who believed that improved design could increase product sales.



# Lesson 27 Prefixes That Show Direction or Position: ex-, e-, ab-, a-, abs-, ad-

Three basic Latin prefixes and their variant spellings provide us with information regarding direction and help us understand the meaning of many different vocabulary words. Study the way the following prefixes interact with roots; then, apply what you have learned about these prefixes in the exercises that follow.

Prefix	Meaning	Root	Meaning	Word	Definition
e-, ex-	out, out from	mittere	to send	emit	to send out
		cavare	to hollow	excavate	to hollow out
ab-, a-, abs-	away, away from	ducere	to lead	abduct	to carry away by force
		vertere	to turn	avert	to turn away, prevent
		esse	to be	absent	not present
ad-, a-	to, toward	vocare	to call	advocate	one who argues for a cause
		figere	to fasten	affix	to attach

<b>Word List</b>			
abhor	appease	avocation	enumerate
adherent	appraise	emanate	exorbitant
adverse	averse		

#### **EXERCISE** Context Clues Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Dictionary definition \_\_excessive, exceeding customary limits

Choose the word from the word list that best matches each clue. On the lines provided, write your own definition of the word. Then, look the word up in a dictionary and write its definition.

1.	This word comes from the prefix <i>ad</i> - and the root <i>pais</i> , meaning "peace." Mothers might do this to their
	children so that they don't have temper tantrums in the supermarket. appease
	My definition
	Dictionary definitionto pacify, to bring to a state of peace and calm
	This word is built from the prefix ex- and the root orbita, meaning "path" or "track." You might use this
	word to describe the price of expensive athletic shoes. <u>exorbitant</u>
	My definition

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### Vocabulary Power continued

**3.** This verb comes from the prefix *ab*- added to the root *horrere*, meaning "to shudder." You might use it to describe how you feel about a bad person, place, or thing. <u>abhor</u> My definition \_ Dictionary definition <u>to loathe or hate</u> 4. This noun comes from the prefix ad- and the root haerere, meaning "to stick." This kind of person could support your cause. adherent My definition \_\_\_ Dictionary definition <u>a believer in a particular idea</u> 5. This verb combines the prefix e- with the root *numerare*, meaning "number." You might do this if you were listing all the people going on the class field trip. enumerate My definition \_ Dictionary definition to count, to specify one after another **6.** This noun combines the prefix *ab*- and the root *vocare*, meaning "to call." A synonym for this word is hobby. avocation My definition \_\_\_ Dictionary definition <u>a secondary occupation pursued especially for enjoyment, hobby</u> 7. This verb comes from the prefix ad- and the root versus, meaning "turning." If you live in an area where winter's temperatures are below freezing, the winter climate conditions are considered this. <u>adverse</u> My definition \_ Dictionary definition hostile, unfavorable, harmful 8. This verb is built from the prefix ex- and the root manare, meaning "to flow." Loud voices and laughter might do this from a room. emanate My definition \_ Dictionary definition \_\_to come out from a source, to emit **9.** When the prefix *ad-* is added to the root *pretium*, meaning "price," this verb is created. You might seek an expert to do this if you think you have something valuable to sell. \_ appraise My definition \_ Dictionary definition \_\_to set a value on, to estimate the worth, significance, or status of 10. This adjective comes from the prefix ab- and the root vertere, meaning "to turn." If you feel like this about someone or something, you are likely to avoid the person or thing. \_\_averse My definition \_ Dictionary definition \_\_to turn away in avoidance, to ward off

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#### **Lesson 28 Using Reading Skills**

#### **Learning from Context: Cause and Effect**

Every time you read, you probably discover new words. Instead of stopping to look up their definitions in a dictionary, you can often figure out their meaning from the context, or the words around them. One type of context clue describes causes or effects that hint at the meanings of other words in the sentence. In the following sentence, a clue word can help you determine the meaning of *equivocal*.

Television's contribution to family life has been an equivocal one because, while it has kept members of the family from dispersing, it has not served to bring them together.

The word *because* signals that the example sentence makes a cause-and-effect statement. Using the clue word, you can figure out that television has not hurt family life, but it also has not helped it. Therefore, you can conclude that it has had an ambiguous, uncertain, or equivocal effect. Other examples of clue words and phrases that relate to cause and effect are *since*, *as a result*, *therefore*, *consequently*, *so*, *accordingly*, and *thus*.

#### **EXERCISE** Dictionary definitions are provided.

Use the clue words in the following sentences to figure out the meaning of the boldfaced words. On the lines provided, write your definition of the word, then the dictionary definition.

1. Because of Mona's **sedentary** job, she tries to exercise before and after work.

	My definition
	Dictionary definition <u>sedentary: marked by much sitting</u>
	<ul><li>2. Darrell received a substantial raise after only three months at his new job as a result of being a dedicated and assiduous worker.</li><li>My definition</li></ul>
	Dictionary definition <u>assiduous: diligent</u>
1	3. Since the owner didn't have to borrow money to get started and since business was good from the beginning, the restaurant was <b>solvent</b> immediately.  My definition
	Dictionary definition solvent: able to pay all one's debts
	4. The jury felt that there were <b>extenuating</b> circumstances surrounding the crime; thus, they found the defendant not guilty.  My definition
	Dictionary definitionextenuating: lessening the seriousness of
	<ul><li>5. The wide receiver clung to the football tenaciously because a fumble would have cost his team the game and the championship.</li><li>My definition</li></ul>
	Dictionary definitiontenaciously: firmly

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# 🕏 Vocabulary Power 🚤

#### **Review: Unit 7**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the expression that best explains the boldfaced word.

1. A person <b>susceptible</b> to flattery might be e	expected to		
a. ignore compliments	c. be calmed by reassuring comments		
<b>(b.)</b> believe insincere praise	<b>d.</b> have everything he or she needs		
2. An impetuous person			
a. is indispensable	c. changes other people's beliefs		
<b>b.</b> is a loyal friend	d. tends to make sudden decisions		
3. When you appraise an item, you			
a. raise it in rank or importance	c. blame it on someone		
<b>(b)</b> estimate quality or size	d. avoid all questions		
4. Someone who reciprocates			
(a) will return a favor	c. will get well again		
<b>b.</b> will mediate differences	d. acknowledges worth		
<b>5.</b> A detective who <b>ascertains</b> the facts will _			
a. refuse to comply with them	c. suppress them		
<b>b.</b> state them clearly and directly	d. discover them through detailed examination		
<b>6.</b> If tantalizing smells <b>emanate</b> from the kitcl	hen,		
a. they cause burning eyes	c. they are counteracted by air fresheners		
<b>b.</b> they penetrate the walls	d. they flow or come forth		
7. If you jostle someone, he or she may	<del></del> :		
(a.) expect an apology	c. make a bow of greeting or respect		
<b>b.</b> act out the incident	d. laugh uncontrollably		
8. If your agreement with a friend's plan is te	<b>ntative</b> , it is		
<b>a.</b> planned carefully	c. sure to have an important outcome		
<b>b</b> provisional until details are complete	d. long overdue		
<b>9.</b> A <b>sedentary</b> lifestyle can cause			
<b>a.</b> dilated pupils <b>b.</b> uncertainty	<b>c.</b> heart disease <b>d.</b> small noses		
10. A in spring would be considered	adverse weather conditions.		
a. blizzard	c. dry spell		
<b>b.</b> rain storm	<b>d.</b> cloudy sky		



# 🕏 Vocabulary Power 🚤

#### **Test: Unit 7**

#### PART A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1. His for a a a. vanguard		ugar to every cup of coff	ee was wreaking havoc on his teeth. <b>d.</b> adherent
Michele could not     a. awry	· ·	g had gone on c. exorbitant	her birthday from beginning to end. d. traverse
<b>3.</b> Climbing down th		s simple as it looked bec	ause a series of switchbacks forced us to
<b>a.</b> dissemble	<b>b.</b> dwindle	<b>c.</b> appease	d.)traverse
because he hated	conflict.	·	retail complex on Boston Post Road
a. ascertain	<b>b.</b> appraise	<b>c.</b> broach	d. appease
<b>5.</b> Some people expe		ting to retirement becaus	se they lack a(n) that will keep
<b>a.</b> adherent	<b>b.</b> avocation	<b>c.</b> vanguard	<b>d</b> . predilection
6. The scientists worke	ed diligently, trying to	whether healthy ce	lls could withstand the invasion of the disease
<b>a.</b> abhor	<b>b.</b> ascertain	<b>c.</b> broach	d. jostle
7. I hoped no one w	ould the hos	tess's arm; she had a tra	y full of drinks.
(a.) jostle	<b>b.</b> dwindle		
8. During the interview	ew, Ms. Burnham bega	an to the prosp	ective job applicant.
<b>a.</b> appease		<b>c.</b> traverse	d appraise
<b>9.</b> A dank, sour smel	l started to fr	om the abandoned well.	
	<b>b.</b> reciprocate	_	d. dissemble
<b>10.</b> Lucy is not	to becoming a ped	iatrician, but she would p	prefer to become a veterinarian.
•	<b>b.</b> exorbitant	•	d. impetuous
11. People who are or appropriately.	n a tight budget will of	iten not attend parties be	ecause they believe they cannot
a. traverse	<b>(b.)</b> reciprocate	c. jostle	d. emanate
12. To help his young	er brother improve his	basketball skills, David _	the steps for improvement.
<b>a.</b> abhorred	<b>b.</b> dissembled	<b>c.</b> dwindled	(d.) enumerated

### Vocabulary Power continued

- **13.** After finishing her last exam, Eve thought a day at the beach would be \_\_\_\_\_\_ but instead, she got a severe sunburn.
  - (a.) therapeutic
- **b.** bizarre
- c. susceptible
- d. tentative
- 14. The librarian is so suspicious that she believes a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ motive is behind any offer of help.
  - a. exorbitant
- **b.** imminent
- **(c.)**ulterior
- **d.** averse
- **15.** During medieval battles, soldiers wielding bows and arrows were often in the \_\_\_\_\_\_, ahead of those with swords and shields.
  - a. aspiration
- **b.** adherent
- **C.** vanguard
- **d.** predilection

#### PART B

Decide which word has the meaning that is the same as (a synonym) or opposite to (an antonym) that of the vocabulary word. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

- <u>d</u> 1. susceptible (synonym):
  - a. hesitant
- **b.** artful
- **c.** depressed
- d. vulnerable

- 2. appease (antonym):
  - a. agitate
- **b.** postpone
- **c.** possess
- **d.** propose

- **5.** bizarre (synonym):
  - a. sentimental
- **b.** odd
- **c.** disdainful
- **d.** ancient

- <u>d</u> **4.** lurch (antonym):
  - **a.** hop
- **b.** levitate
- **c.** burst
- d. glide

- **\_\_\_\_ 5.** adherent (synonym):
  - **a.** escape
- **b.** colleague
- c. supporter
- **d.** alien

- b \_\_\_\_ 6. adverse (antonym):
  - **a.** opposed
- **b.** supportive
- **c.** discredit
- **d.** negative

- **a** 7. impetuous (synonym):
  - **a.** impulsive
- **b.** skeletal
- **c.** sadistic
- d. creased

- **d 8.** dwindle (antonym):
  - a. delete
- **b.** question
- **c.** chomp
- d. escalate

- **9**. aspiration (synonym):
  - **a.** gratitude
- **b.** encouragement
- **c.** ambition
- **d.** courage

- a 10. exorbitant (antonym):
  - a. usual
- **b.** painful
- c. oblivious
- **d.** restless

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## Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 29 Word Usage**

The Harlem Renaissance of the 1920s was an era of extraordinary achievement by writers, artists, and musicians. Political and social, as well as artistic, the movement symbolized a national mood of increased optimism and pride among African Americans. The words in this lesson will help you to talk and write about the people and their works that became famous during this period.

**Word List** 

adage brazen exalt paradigm affectation didactic exclusive poignant

alienated enlighten

#### **EXERCISE A** Word Meanings

Circle the letter for the correct definition of the boldfaced vocabulary word.

1. Although the Cotton Club was **exclusive** in its admittance of only white patrons, all of its entertainers were black.

(a.) rejecting some or most

**c.** worthy of imitation

**b.** conforming to the current style

**d.** showing an unvielding spirit

2. Zora Neale Hurston died alienated from the literary community that thought her autobiography was fictional rather than realistic.

a. loud and flashy

c. remarkable

**b.** broken down and useless

(d.) isolated

3. Many considered Wallace Thurman brazen when he became the first African American magazine publisher.

a. having a hidden meaning

**(c.)** bold and shameless

**b.** displaying strong attachment for

d. silently ill-humored

**4.** The **poignant** scene at the end of the movie left the audience speechless.

a. confusing

c. surprising

(b.) deeply touching

**d.** fast-paced

5. My grandmother's adage, "It is better to marry a rich man than a poor man," doesn't appeal to me.

**a.** a word accidentally introduced to the language

c. an assemblage of ideas

**(b.)** a traditional saying

d. a memory device

6. A didactic writer, Jean Toomer combines elements of poetry, drama, and fiction to depict African American life in the rural South and the urban North.

(a.) intending to instruct

**c.** done too quickly to be accurate

**b.** integrated in nature

**d.** containing humor



### Vocabulary Power continued

- 7. Rosemarie grew up in Ohio and New Jersey, so her British accent seems like an affectation.
  - a. a productive or prosperous activity
- c. a discontented facial expression

**b.** a trick of the sound waves

- **d.** artificial behavior adopted to impress others
- 8. Claude McKay's poem "If We Must Die" was a paradigm for all the protest literature that followed.
  - a. bet made at great odds

(c.) pattern or model

**b.** highly dangerous condition

- **d.** position or quality that falls between extremes
- **9**. An activist for African American civil rights, actor Paul Robeson tried to **enlighten** the world about racism.
  - a. release from punishment

c. begin and carry through to completion

**(b.)** inform or instruct

- **d.** cut short
- **10.** In songs like "Sophisticated Lady" and "Mood Indigo," orchestra leader and songwriter Duke Ellington **exalted** the African American experience.
  - a.) praised or honored

c. reduced the effect of

**b.** united so as to be continuous

d. made secure

#### **EXERCISE B** Antonyms

Circle the letter of the word that is most nearly opposite in meaning.

- 1. brazen
- (a.) humble
- **b**. memorable
- c. productive
- **d.** playful

- 2. affectation
- (a.) naturalness
- **b.** involvement
- c. hatred
- d. chance

- 3. exalt
  - a. possess
- **(b)** degrade
- **c.** control
- **d**. lose

- 4. alienated
  - a. shy
- **b.** uninformed
- **c.** welcomed
- **d.** lazy

#### **EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words and definitions are given.

Students' sentences will vary. Etymologies and definitions are given.

Many English adjectives take their meaning from substances like metals. Use a dictionary or an encyclopedia of word origins to find the derivations of the following words and connect these derivations with each word's current meaning. Check your definition in the dictionary; then, on a separate sheet of paper, write a sentence that illustrates its current usage.

- 1. brazen
- 1. In the late 1900s, the word *brass*, used to describe anyone in authority, referred to the brass oak leaves that adorned the hats of British officers. Adopted by U.S. soldiers in WWI, the reference to someone with an overabundance of self-confidence became "bold as brass." Turned into an adjective, *brazen* was then used to describe this behavior.

sterling
 flinty

then used to describe this behavior.

2. Sterling came from British English. The word derives from sterre, meaning "star," and refers to a small star stamped on coins containing almost pure silver. Therefore, someone with a sterling character would be of the highest quality.

4. chastened

star startped on coins containing almost pure silver. Therefore, someone with a sterling character would be of the highest quality.
Flint is a hard quartz that sparks when struck with steel. A flinty person tends to be stern and unyielding.
Chasten, which comes from the Latin castus, meaning "pure," originally referred to the process by which impurities were removed from metals, particularly gold. Therefore, a chastened person has been purified or corrected by punishment or reproof.

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## Vocabulary Power

#### **Lesson 30 Suffixes That Form Adjectives**

Adding a suffix to a word can change its part of speech. In this lesson, you will learn how the Latin suffixes -ive, -al, -ial, and the Greek suffix -ish change nouns and verbs into adjectives, thus increasing the expressive power of the language and of your vocabulary.

Suffix	Meaning	<b>Root Word</b>	Adjective	Definition
-ive	tending to perform an action	addict	addictive	causing a habit
-al/-ial	relating to; characterized by	autumn	autumnal	like or relating to the fall
-ish	characteristic of	sheep	sheepish	somewhat like a sheep; shy

Word	List
------	------

amateurish freakish mulish rational creative impish palatial reflective

influential demonstrative

#### **EXERCISE A** Suffixes

Choose the word from the list that best matches each clue and write it on the line provided.

- 1. This suffix and root unite to produce an adjective that means "mischievous." impish
- 2. This adjective, which makes use of the suffix -ive, is a synonym for emotional. demonstrative
- **3.** The suffix *-ish*, when added to a particular root, produces another word for abnormal or unusual. freakish
- **4.** The combination of this suffix and root produces an adjective that means "imaginative". creative
- **5.** The suffix and root describe stubborn behavior. mulish
- **6.** This adjective might be applied to someone who thinks a great deal or to a shiny surface that bounces light off it. reflective
- 7. The combination of this suffix and root provides a word that describes a performance that might be given by an inexperienced cast. <u>amateurish</u>
- 8. This adjective is a synonym for *powerful* or *important*. influential
- 9. The base word and the suffix -al combine to form a word that means "reasonable" or "a type of number." rational
- 10. The *-ial* ending added to its base word produces an adjective meaning "large and grand." palatial

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# 3

# Vocabulary Power continued

### **EXERCISE B** Usage

#### Circle the word in parentheses that best completes the sentence.

- 1. Randall has a(n) (freakish, (impish) reflective) charm; the twinkle in his eyes suggests an impending practical joke.
- **2.** The master bath was (creative, amateurish, palatial) this room alone could accommodate three ordinary-sized bathrooms.
- **3.** Because of the (amateurish,) mulish, reflective) use of color and the faulty perspective, the painting was detected as a forgery almost immediately.
- **4.** Once a little-known painter from New Orleans, Ida Kohlmeyer has become one of the most (amateurish, (influential) palatial) modern artists in this country.
- **5.** Being (mulish) creative, rational) was nothing new to Jerry; he was used to refusing requests and doing what he wanted to do.
- **6.** The position of advertising and marketing director requires someone who is both (demonstrative, freakish, creative) and analytical, a free thinker and a problem solver.
- 7. Jeanine was in a(n) (reflective) freakish, impish) mood; the rain and the fog made her think of San Francisco and Dave.
- **8.** Sandy's mother is not a(n) (freakish, impish, demonstrative) woman; instead of giving hugs and kisses, she shows her affection in other ways.
- 9. Adele had a reputation as a solid, (impish, rational, palatial) thinker.
- **10.** Two tornadoes hitting a single mobile home park in one day has to be a(n) (demonstrative, influential, (reakish) occurrence.

# **EXERCISE C** Usage Dictionary definitions are provided.

In addition to *mulish* and *sheepish*, many other adjectives derived from animal names describe human behavior. Match the adjectives in Column A with their appropriate animals in Column B. Then, use each word in Column A in a sentence.

Column A Column B		Sentences		
<b>1.</b> leonine	a. ape or monkey	leonine: characteristic of a lion, brave and fierce		
2. aquiline	<b>b.</b> pig	aquiline: curved like an eagle's beak		
<u>e</u> 3. bovine	<b>c.</b> eagle	bovine: characteristic of a cow; slow, dull		
4. elephantine	<b>d.</b> lion	elephantine: characteristic of an elephant; large and clumsy		
<u>a</u> <b>5.</b> simian	e. cow	simian: characteristic of an ape or monkey		
<b>6.</b> porcine	f. elephant	porcine: of or resembling swine		
<u>g</u> 7. viperous	<b>g.</b> snake	viperous: suggestive of a snake; venomous; malicious		

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# **Lesson 31 The Greek Roots polis and polit**

The root *polis* and its related form *polit* derive from an ancient word for "city." *Polis* was the Greek word for "city-state," a self-governing city such as Athens or Sparta. *Polis* is the source of many words in English, ten of which are featured in this lesson.

Word List cosmopolitan megalop geopolitics metropo impolitic police	• •	politics polity
---------------------------------------------------------------------	-----	--------------------

# **EXERCISE A** Word Roots Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Choose the word from the word list that best matches each clue. On the lines provided, write your own definition of the word. Then, look the word up in a dictionary and write its definition.

1. This adjective comes from the prefix meter-, meaning "mother," and the root word polis. It refers to a large

,	1
	ch includes and surrounds New York City or Houston, Texas.
•	metropolitan: pertaining to a major city, including its suburbs
keeps order and dete	the Greek word <i>polis</i> and refers to the government department of a city or state that cts crime.
Dictionary definition _	police: the government department of a city or state that keeps order and detects crime
the scheming for pow	on the Greek word <i>polis</i> and names the science of government. Sometimes it refers to wer that takes place between factions
•	politics: the science of government
worldly	
Dictionary definition _	cosmopolitan: sophisticated in an international way
both geography and p	n the Greek prefix <i>geo</i> , meaning "earth," and <i>polis</i> . Someone in this field would study political science.
Dictionary definition _	geopolitics: the study of the relationship between geography and politics

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# Vocabulary Power continued

	This adjective comes from the Latin prefix <i>im</i> -, meaning "not," and <i>polis</i> . It refers to ideas that are neither vise nor appropriate.
Ν	My definition
0	The Greek prefix <i>megalo</i> , meaning "great" or "large," and <i>polis</i> combine to produce a word for a vast continuously urban area that includes numerous cities
8. T r	This word comes from the Greek word <i>polis</i> and is a noun that refers to the form of government of a nation, state, church, or organization
0	This noun comes from the Greek word <i>polis</i> and names the course of action followed by an organization or individual
a N	This noun comes from the Greek word <i>polis</i> and indicates a person who is skilled or experienced in some aspect of government management

#### EXERCISE B Synonyms

Draw a line through the italicized word or phrase and, above it, write the vocabulary word that best replaces the word or phrase.

metropolitan

1. The New Haven city and its surroundings area does not cover much ground, but the population is dense and the area crowded.

**Politicians** 

- 2. People actively engaged in the administration of government are not very popular in my neighborhood because they are viewed as more interested in power than in public service. geopolitics
- **3.** This year's conference on the study of the relationship between geography and politics will deal with fishing rights and the international law of the sea.
- cosmopolitan 4. Residents from around the world help make Washington, D.C., very sophisticated in an international way.
- 5. Because many stores lose money on checks written without sufficient funds, many businesses have instituted a cash-only general plan.



# **Lesson 32 Using Test-Taking Skills**

**Antonyms** 

Antonym questions are a common feature of many standardized tests. Antonyms are words with opposite or nearly opposite meanings, such as *good* and *evil*, *small* and *large*, or *slow* and *fast*. Antonym tests can be much more challenging than these simple examples, though, because they generally require the reader to distinguish slight differences in the meanings of words. These steps will help you answer antonym test items:

- 1. Read all the answer choices and eliminate those that are incorrect.
- 2. Eliminate synonym choices; that is, words that are similar in meaning to the given word.
- **3.** Watch for other misleading choices, such as words that look or sound like the given word.
- 4. Use your knowledge of prefixes, suffixes, and roots to figure out the meanings of unfamiliar words.
- 5. Choose the word that is most opposite in meaning to the given word. Sometimes test items may include more than one possible antonym. It is your job to select the better of the two.

(C) hafflo

**c.** merciless

d docido

**(d.)**imperturbable

#### **EXERCISE**

1. solve a nuzzlo

#### Circle the letter of the correct antonym.

h concorn

a. puzzie	D. CONCERN	C. Danie	u. ucciuc
2. trivial			
a. extraneous	<b>b.</b> smart	<b>c.</b> accomplished	(d.) significant
3. award			
a. forfeiture	<b>b.</b> allegiance	c. penalty	<b>d.</b> gift
4. clear			
a. obscure	<b>b.</b> doubtful	c. trusting	d. alien
5. doubt			
a. lie	<b>b.</b> convict	<b>c.</b> believe	<b>d.</b> subside
6. adhere			
a. support	<b>b.</b> surround	<b>c.</b> bind	<b>d</b> . sever
7. discontinue			
a. energize	<b>b.</b> kindle	c. activate	d. anticipate
8. random			
a. systematic	<b>b.</b> permanent	<b>c.</b> public	<b>d</b> . tidy
9. jaunty			
<b>a.</b> bored	<b>(b)</b> sedate	<b>c.</b> quiet	d. erratic
10. frantic			

**b.** inescapable

**a.** humorous

# **Review: Unit 8**

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best explains the boldfaced vocabulary word

indic the letter of the	mora or pinase anac	Dest explains ti	and boldideed focubulary words	
<ul><li>a. the historical four</li><li>b. an example that s</li><li>c. the product of a</li></ul>	cracy are a paradigm for ndation serves as a pattern or m gradual process of unfol nproves the distinctive c	odel ding		
2. A demonstrative rel	ative is likely to	÷		
a. show you that he	or she is happy to see	you <b>c.</b> be	pe a positive role model	
<b>b.</b> want to teach you	ı several skills	<b>d.</b> pr	protect family secrets	
3. Feedback about an i	<b>mpolitic</b> decision would	be		
a. unfair and one-si	ded	<b>c.</b> co	constructive yet supportive	
<b>b.</b> the result of the r	majority opinion	<b>d.</b> cri	critical about not exhibiting good judgment	
4. A <b>poignant</b> tale wou	ıld			
	member of the clergy	<b>c.</b> ca	cause excessive confusion and embarrassmer	nt
<b>(b.)</b> make an impress		<b>d</b> . be	pe frightening due to the storyline	
<b>5</b> . A <b>mulish</b> person wo	uld be .			
<b>a.</b> cooperative and I		<b>(c.)</b> ob	obstinate and difficult to get along with	
<b>b.</b> supportive thoug	•		self-centered and proud	
<b>6.</b> If the <b>polity</b> of a tow	n council is being restru	ıctured, its		
(a.) government is ur			members are receiving training	
	ings is being re-evaluate	ed <b>d.</b> lea	eader is being publicly criticized	
7. If you are told that y	ou are too <b>brazen</b> for y	our own good, so	someone is saying that you are	
<b>a.</b> too generous	,	_	recklessly daring	
<b>b.</b> overly concerned	about time	$\mathbf{O}$	wayward and uncontrollable	
8. A palatial home will	probably			
a. look like a prison		(c.) re	resemble a castle in its grandness	
<b>b.</b> be located in a ru	ıral area	<b>d.</b> be	pe financed by multiple banks	
9. An example of a me	galopolis would be			
<b>a.</b> Sanville, IL	<b>b</b> . Dublin, ND	<b>c.</b> Northwood, I	, KS <b>d</b> . New York City, NY	
<b>10.</b> A piece of <b>creative</b> a	artwork would be a(n) _			
(a.) painting	<b>b.</b> cup of tea	c. uniform	<b>d.</b> colored pencil	

**Vocabulary Power** 

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# Vocabulary Power

# **Test: Unit 8**

### PART A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1. Good medical care	is available at many large	hospitals, partic	cularly when they are attached to universities.
<b>a.</b> exclusive	<b>b.</b> police	<b>c</b> . palatial	d. metropolitan
2. Yolanda's	_ attitude frequently got	her sent to the principa	al's office.
<b>a.</b> exclusive	<b>(b.)</b> brazen	<b>c</b> . reflective	d. freakish
3. This real estate ad	vertisement is for a(n) _	house on fiftee	en acres of land with ten thousand square
feet, five fireplaces	s, eight bathrooms, and a	an indoor pool.	
a. palatial	<b>b.</b> impish	<b>c</b> . didactic	<b>d.</b> creative
4. An economics ma	jor and a history minor,	Ellie has decided to en	ter, hoping to become the next—
and youngest—sta	te senator.		
a. a paradigm	<b>b.</b> polity	c. geopolitics	d. politics
5. Many of the stude	ents in Mrs. Lopez' class	thought that the visiting	g author's short stories were too
to be enjoyable; e	every one of them had a	pointed lesson.	
<b>a.</b> creative	<b>b.</b> impolitic	<b>c.</b> didactic	d. brazen
6. Colleen's first effo	rts at making a wedding	cake were somewhat _	; the layers were crooked, the icing
was uneven, and	the flowers were distorte	d.	
a. mulish	<b>b.</b> amateurish	c. cosmopolitan	d. reflective
7. The New England	accent seemed like a(n)	when used b	y the country western singer.
<b>a.</b> adage	<b>b.</b> paradigm	c. affectation	d. policy
8. Anton Chekov was	s a(n) genius, v	vhose plays and short s	stories had an enormous effect on
twentieth-century	literature.		
a. creative	<b>b.</b> freakish	<b>c.</b> impish	d. impolitic
9. The condominium's	s of not allowing	unattended children in th	ne pool on weekends pleases many residents.
<b>a.</b> adage	<b>b.</b> polity	<b>c.</b> affectation	d. policy
10. Americans tend to	those who are	successful in sports.	
a. exalt	<b>b.</b> enlighten	c. alienate	d. police
11. Whenever they we	ere in a(n) mod	od, the twins always pla	yed the "What If?" game, in which they
imagined what the	ey would do under the s	trangest and worst circu	umstances.
a. didactic	<b>b.</b> reflective	c. mulish	d. impolitic

# 3

# Vocabulary Power continued

12. Toronto, Canada, is a(n) city, as s			sophisticated and cultured as New York, but smaller, cleaner, a		
	<b>a.</b> exclusive	<b>b.</b> demonstrative	<b>c.</b> cosmopolitan	d. palatial	
13	. Up until the 1950s, m	nany young women wel	nt to high sch	ools called "finishing schools," where	
	they learned social as	s well as academic skills			
	a. alienated	<b>b.</b> palatial	c. impolitic	d. exclusive	
14	. Her portray	al of a widow earned he	er an Oscar nomination	l.	
	a. poignant	<b>b.</b> impish	c. freakish	d. didactic	
15	. This semester, Jem is	taking Comparative	a course in whic	ch students examine governments	
	throughout the world	<b>1</b> .			
	(a.) Geopolitics	<b>b.</b> Polity	c. Enlightenment	<b>d</b> . Affectation	

#### PART B

#### Circle the word that best completes the sentence.

- 1. Television advertisers are eager to (enlighten, capitulate, vanquish) viewers about the benefits of their products.
- 2. Independent and (mulish, alienated, reflective), the young German shepherd puppy resisted training.
- **3.** The Schulmans made an (impolitic) poignant, didactic) decision to ignore the neighborhood Halloween festivities on the street, but all the neighbors knew they were home.
- **4.** Gandhi's nonviolent protests became the (adage, police, paradigm) for acts of civil disobedience during the twentieth century.
- **5.** Many schools have rules against public displays of affection in order to protect everyone from being embarrassed by (exclusive, demonstrative) freakish) behavior in the hallways and classrooms.
- 6. Parades give the (affectation, politician, megalopolis) excellent visibility.
- 7. Many of the greatest inventions and discoveries have been made by people whose ideas or methods were regarded as (palatial, didactic, brazen).
- 8. The Serrano family's favorite (adage, metropolitan, paradigm) is "A penny saved is a penny earned."
- **9.** In his classic 1950s novel *On the Road*, Jack Kerouac writes about the rebellious and (creative, alienated, reflective) Beat Generation looking for a niche.
- **10.** It never hurts to use the recommendation of a(n) (impish, mulish, influential) friend to get a job interview; however, it is up to the applicant to obtain and keep that job.

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# **Lesson 33 Using Context Clues**

For many people, life is a series of personal discoveries. You can view every new experience as an opportunity to reexamine your own values, learn about human nature, or practice dealing with a challenging situation. The words in the following list are related to making personal discoveries about yourself, other people, and other situations.

Word List			
altruistic	benevolence	inquisitor	perceptive
animated	chaos	introspection	vindictive
aura	confidant		

Date .

Class

# **EXERCISE A** Context Clues Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

1. Feeling **vindictive** after their argument. James hid his sister's car keys so she would be late for work.

Use context clues, or clues from the surrounding text, to write the meaning of the boldfaced word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its definition.

	,
My d	lefinition
Dictio	onary definition <u>vindictive</u> : vengeful and mean-spirited
<b>2.</b> We b	pelieve the politician's efforts to support community activities are genuine and altruistic.  lefinition  conary definition _altruistic: unselfishly devoted to the welfare of others
3. Chee	ers from the <b>animated</b> crowd of spectators boosted the team's spirits throughout the difficult game.
My d	lefinition
, Dictio	onary definition <u>animated</u> : cheerful and full of life
<b>4.</b> Alwa	ys <b>perceptive,</b> Raul sensed that his friend was trying to hide a problem.  lefinition
Dictio	onary definition <u>perceptive: sensitive and insightful</u>
My d	troubled youth continued to rebel until one adult showed him <b>benevolence</b> and understanding.
Dictio	onary definitionbenevolence: the act of kindness, compassion, and/or forgiveness
<b>6.</b> The o	doctor helped patients to feel at ease because she projected an <b>aura</b> of kindness.
Dictio	onary definition <u>aura: atmosphere or mood</u>
<b>7.</b> By th	ne evening's end, the meeting was in complete <b>chaos</b> , with people shouting and acting rudely.
Dictio	onary definition _chaos: dramatic disarray and total disorder

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# Vocabulary Power continued

8.	<b>8.</b> Appointed the <b>inquisitor</b> , Janine asked difficult questions and studied people's responses.  My definition		
	Dictionary definition	inquisitor: person who asks intense, probing questions	
9.	Jack decided that he	would discuss his personal problem only with Phil, his closest <b>confidant</b> .	
		confidant: companion or soul mate	
10.	Sally's introspection	led her to believe that she could handle living in New York City.	
	Dictionary definition	introspection: reflective examination of one's own thoughts or feelings	

### **EXERCISE B** Synonyms

Draw a line through the italicized words or phrases. Above them, write the vocabulary word that best replaces them.

vindictive

1. Their plans to spoil the campaign were *spiteful and full of revenge*.

introspection

**2.** Jerry's psychologist suggested that *a reflective examination of one's own thoughts* might help him decide what to do with his future.

chaos

**3.** Police officers tried to end the *disorder* on the city streets.

inquisitor

- **4.** The detective was a harsh questioner and examiner, and criminals feared being locked in a room with him.
- **5.** He was *purely generous and unselfish* in the way he shared his money and his home with people in need.

### **EXERCISE C** Word Association

For each group of words, write the vocabulary word that belongs.

1. spirited, gleeful, alive		
2. companion, partner, mate	confidant	
3. observant, aware, open	perspective	
<b>4.</b> bountiful, charitable, giving	altruistic	
<b>5.</b> forgiveness, regard, kindness	benevolence	

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# **Lesson 34 Using Context Clues**

How do you feel when you make an important personal discovery? Learning something new about yourself, another person, or a situation can stir up different emotions. You might finally understand something about yourself that puts you at ease or changes your life for the better. You might make a realization about a person or a situation that disappoints you, shocks you, or leaves you feeling empty. The words in the following list relate to feelings and reactions people can have to a variety of personal discoveries.

Date .

Class

W	ord	List
---	-----	------

comprehensionexhilarationperplexsuccumbenamoredfutilesanguinevex

epiphany intrigued

### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Write the word's meaning in context. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its definition.

1. After struggling with the poem for hours, she had a sudden <b>epiphany</b> that allowed her to write the essay.  My definition
Dictionary definitionepiphany: dramatic moment of realization or change
2. The runner felt <b>exhilaration</b> as he crossed the finish line and heard the cheering of his many supporters.  My definition
Dictionary definition <u>exhilaration</u> : intense excitement and happiness
<b>3.</b> John was so <b>enamored</b> of his new puppy that he played with him for hours.  My definition
Dictionary definition <u>enamored: in love</u>
<b>4.</b> With the teacher's help, the students felt that the math problem was no longer beyond their <b>comprehension</b> . My definition
Dictionary definition <u>comprehension: understanding</u>
<ul><li>5. Brenda began to succumb to the children's pleas that she drive them to the zoo.</li><li>My definition</li></ul>
Dictionary definition <u>succumb</u> : to give in to something
<b>6.</b> Their efforts to convince Ricardo of his musical talents were <b>futile</b> ; eventually he left the band.  My definition
Dictionary definitionfutile: useless and unsuccessful

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Vocabulary Power

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Vocabulary Power	ontinued	
. Visitors to the natural history museum are us		
Dictionary definition <u>intriqued: fascinated</u>		
at six o'clock in the morning by the sound of My definition	f jackhammers.	, .
Dictionary definitionvex: to annoy and irrit	ate	
It will <b>perplex</b> people to learn that the mayo		ě .
Dictionary definition <u>perplex: to confuse ar</u>	nd bewilder	
The incumbent remains sanguine about his  My definition		
Dictionary definition sanguine: hopeful and		

Fill in each of the blanks below with the vocabulary word that fits best.

Briana interviewed her grandmother for a school project and was (1) intrigued by this interesting
woman's life. As a teenager, her grandmother was often restless in spirit. Then, one day while watching her older
brother study, she had a sudden (2) epiphany . She knew that she wanted to go to college. Her family did
not have much money, and opportunities for women were limited at the time. Her efforts to pursue higher education
seemed (3) futile
to (4) succumb to this pressure. Although obstacles would continue to (5) vex her and
slow her down, she felt excitement and (6) exhilaration when she allowed herself to dream about being a
student. She was completely (7) enamored of books and study. Even though family responsibilities put her
studies on hold for years, she remained (8) sanguine; she knew she would someday achieve her goals. It
certainly did (9) perplex people when she finally decided to attend college as an older adult. It was
beyond their (10) comprehension that she would choose to add more work to her life. But she persevered and
was proud when she achieved her life-long goal of graduating from college.

# **EXERCISE C** Word Usage

On a separate sheet of paper, write a paragraph about a personal discovery. Use at least five of the vocabulary words. Your paragraph should demonstrate that you understand the meanings of the words you choose.

To get students started, encourage them to think about personal discoveries that they have made about themselves and others. Be sure students have a clear understanding of the vocabulary words they choose.

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# **Lesson 35 The Word Roots tact and tang**

The word roots *tact* and *tang* are both related to touch. From the Old English word *thaccian*, meaning "to stroke," and the Latin word *tangere*, meaning "to touch," these roots are the building blocks of many words you will find useful in your everyday life. The words in the following list use the word roots *tact* and *tang*.

Word List			
intact	tackle	tactile	tangential
intangible	tacky	tangent	tangible
integral	tact		

# **EXERCISE A** Context Clues Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Use both the context clues and your understanding of the roots *tang* and *tact* to write each word's meaning in context. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its dictionary definition.

	off on a <b>tangent</b> not related to the main topic of conversation.
	y definition tangent: something unrelated or not relevant
My defini	e needed more than just allegations—they needed <b>tangible</b> evidence in order to make an arrest.
Dictionar	y definition tangible: real, able to be perceived with the senses or measured
intangibl	nd-breaking research earned her a great deal of money, but its most valuable rewards were  e ones—such as respect and feelings of satisfaction.  tion
Dictionar	y definition intangible: incapable of being perceived with the senses or of being easily defined
4. His argun	nent was boring and <b>tangential</b> —it touched only peripherally on the main issue.
•	y definition tangential: only vaguely related
	etry, he tried to create <b>tactile</b> images that appealed to the reader's sense of touch.
	y definitiontactile: relating to the sense of touch
<b>6.</b> She had a administr	a delicate way of handling even the most difficult situations; this <b>tact</b> made her valuable as an
Dictionar	v definition tact: grace and social skill

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My definition	box of fragile equipment; luckily, the pieces remained intact.	
Dictionary definition	intact: together or in one piece	
Mv definition	oblem in the morning after he gets a good night's rest.	
Dictionary definition	tackle: to wrestle with a problem	
My definition		
Dictionary definition	tacky: sticky to the touch	
My definition	egral part of their most successful projects, so they are sorry to see her lear integral: entire, lacking nothing essential	ve.
have the same or simi	Yord Association Word that best matches the clue. Remember that some words from the lar meanings, so some clues have more than one correct answer with the right thing to say has thistact	
•	rg-winded story that digresses from the main conversation as this	t: tangential
	a difficult problemtackle	7 0
4. Glue used for a craft	project might be described this way. <u>tacky</u>	
<b>5.</b> If all of something's	parts hold together, you might describe it in this way. <u>intact</u>	
6. Health care and edu	cation might be described as this part of family life. <u>integral</u>	
7. Reading Braille is ess	sentially this type of experience. <u>tactile</u>	
	lultiple-Meaning Words	of
ine words <i>tangent</i> and	d tangential also have meanings based in geometry, the branch	UI

mathematics dealing with the measurements of and relationships between points, lines, planes, and figures. On a separate sheet of paper, explain what meaning you think these words would have in this branch of mathematics. Feel free to draw a picture to illustrate your explanation. Then, check your response in a dictionary or a geometry book. Student responses will vary.

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### **Lesson 36 Using Test-Taking Skills Analogies**

Many standardized vocabulary tests will ask you to examine the relationships between words by completing word analogies. This type of question presents a word pair and has you choose another pair that has a similar relationship. Here are some tips to help you answer these types of questions.

- A. Examine the relationship between the example pair of words. For example, does one word name an action and the other word a person or thing that completes the action? Does the pair reflect a time sequence, such as morning to afternoon? Does the pair reflect a part to a whole? Are the words synonyms or antonyms?
- B. Figure out what part of speech each word in the example pair is. For example, is the pair a noun/verb combination? An adjective/adjective combination? A noun/noun combination?
- C. Eliminate answers that are obviously wrong first. For example, look for a misleading answer, different parts of speech from the example pair, or a relationship that is obviously different from the one expressed by the example pair.
- D. Use your knowledge of prefixes, suffixes, and word roots to figure out the meaning of any words you don't recognize.
- E. Remember that more than one pair may seem correct. You must match the relationship between the two words in the example pair.

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word pair that best completes each analogy.

1. surrender: resign ::

**a.** accomplishment : failure

**b.** victory : celebration

(c.) accomplish: achieve

d. winning: overcoming

2. lawyer : court ::

**a.** writing : book

**b.** building : architect

**c.** plumber : pipes

(d.) teacher : school

3. massive: microscopic::

(a.) bright : dark

**b.** silent : whisper

c. slowly: quickly

d. house : castle

4. episode : series ::

a. poetry: poem

**(b.)** song : concert

c. team: game

**d.** finale: play

**5.** depart : linger ::

a. move: motion

b. thrill: excite

c. stop: stay

(d.) work : quit

**6.** reporting : informing ::

a. training: teacher

**(b.)** studying : researching

c. opening: closing

d. explorer: traveler

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# **Review: Unit 9**

#### **EXERCISE A**

Circle the letter of the word that is an antonym, or most nearly *opposite* in meaning, to the boldfaced word.

- 1. vindictive
  - a. vengeful
- b. interesting
- c. lively
- (d.) forgiving

- 2. confidant
  - (a.) rival
- b. companion
- c. coworker
- d. questioner

- 3. chaos
- (a.) calm
- **b.** plan
- c. achievement
- d. action

- 4. exhilaration
  - **a.** kindness
- **b.** disorder
- **c.**) exhaustion
- d. cheerfulness

- 5. futile
  - a. small
- **b.** hopeful
- **c.** fruitless
- d. difficult

- 6. sanguine
  - a. confident
- **b.** boring
- c. lively
- d. hopeless

- 7. benevolence
- (a.) cruelty
- **b.** charity
- **c.** disorder
- **d.** confusion

- 8. perplex
  - a. survive
- **b.** grab
- **c.** irritate
- **d**. clarify

- 9. tact
  - a. plan
- **b.** rudeness
- c. atmosphere
- d. bravery

- 10. tactile
  - **a.** sensible
- **b.** material
- **(c.)**intangible
- d. unrelated

### **EXERCISE B**

For each group of words, circle the word you would use to write about the boldfaced category.

- 1. problems: intact, succumb, enamored
- 2. songbirds: tangent, animated, sanguine
- 3. glue (tacky) perceptive, intangible
- 4. charity: epiphany, altruistic exhilaration
- **5. self-determination**: integral, chaos, introspection



# **Test: Unit 9**

#### **PART A**

Circle the letter of the word that best completes each sentence.

	_		nore directly related to the facts of the case.
<b>a.</b> tangible	<b>b.</b> tangential	C. lactile	d. perceptive
2. Children were fascin	ated by the of	mystery that surrounde	ed the old house in the wooded area.
a. aura	<b>b.</b> chaos	c. tact	d. inquisitor
<b>3.</b> Supporters explained measured in dollars		iving a new town park v	were and could not be
a. tangential	<b>b.</b> intangible	c. tangible	d. tactile
4. Because she was unv	villing to to the	opposition's demands, sl	ne was recognized as a person of integrity.
	b. vex		(d.)succumb
5. In a dramatic	, Selena realized the	solution to the problem	l.
a. tact	<b>b.</b> epiphany	c. aura	d. chaos
6. He felt only	as he bicycled across	the finish line ahead of	everyone.
	<b>b.</b> introspection		d. exhilaration
7. Because the teacher	was especially	, she knew something	was troubling the quiet student.
<b>a.</b> vindictive	<b>b.</b> perceptive	c. tangent	d. animated
<b>8.</b> As the most effective significant sources.	e on the comn	nission, Tina was appoir	nted to gather information from
a. inquisitor	<b>b.</b> confidant	c. epiphany	d. aura
9. Instead of directly ar	nswering our questions,	Brad went off on a	about a related experience.
a. benevolence	<b>b.</b> comprehension	<b>c.</b> epiphany	d. tangent
10. The house was	after the tornado.		
a. integral	<b>b.</b> tactile	c. intact	d. tangible

#### **PART B**

Circle the letter of the word that is most nearly opposite in meaning to the boldfaced word.

- 1. benevolence
  - a. generosity
- (b) evil
- **c.** surprise
- **d.** seriousness

- 2. sanguine
  - **a.** understandable
- **b.** complicated
- **c.** optimistic
- **d.** hopeless

- 3. vex
  - **a.** defeat
- **b.** bewilder
- **c.** attack
- **d.** please

# 3

# Vocabulary Power continued

- 4. enamored
  - a. praised
- **b.** fascinated
- c. unsure
- (d.) disgusted

- 5. intrigued
  - a. exhausted
- **(b.)**bored
- **c.** annoyed
- d. thrilled

#### PART C

Choose the letter of the word or phrase that best completes each of the following sentences.

- 1. An altruistic person would be known for \_\_\_\_\_.
- (a.) devoting her life to charity
- b. having a lively personality
- c. committing spiteful acts
- d. creating disorder
- 2. An example of a futile act is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. running a marathon to raise money for charity
  - **b.** volunteering for a good cause
- (c.) attempting to read an eight-hundred page book in one night
- d. enjoying a sunset
- **3.** Detectives need something tangible, such as \_\_\_\_\_\_, for evidence.
  - (a.) fingerprints
  - **b.** bravery
  - c. suspicion
  - d. books
- **4.** A confidant would \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. pester you with difficult questions
  - **b.** admire you from afar
  - c. turn against you
  - d listen to you during a difficult time
- 5. Introspection allows you to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. seek revenge
  - b. discover how you feel about an issue
  - **c.** share possessions with younger siblings
  - (d.) understand your own motivations

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# **Lesson 37 Using Synonyms**

Thoughts and ideas can be powerful. They can inspire people in positive ways, causing them to change, overcome obstacles, help others, and achieve great things. Ideas can also anger or frighten people, causing them to fight or to run and hide. Words in the following list relate to the different ways in which people act on ideas.

Date .

**Word List** 

1. adamant : firm \_\_\_

abstain buffer grimace overwhelm adamant compromise grovel reprimand

bolster evade

### **EXERCISE A** Synonyms Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Each boldfaced vocabulary word below is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words related to the meaning of the synonym. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write the meaning.

Dictionary definition <u>adamant</u> : <u>determined and certain</u>	
2. compromise : agree	ent
3. evade : avoid	
Dictionary definition <u>evade</u> : to escape or avoid contact	
4. reprimand : scold  Dictionary definitionreprimand: to criticize or scold	
5. grimace : sneer  Dictionary definitiongrimace: a contorted facial expression that shows discomfort, anger, or disgust	
6. abstain : refuse  Dictionary definitionabstain: to keep from doing something	
7. bolster : encourage	
8. buffer : cushion	
9. overwhelm: overcome	
Dictionary definition overwhelm: to deluge or drown, to overcome or give feelings of defeat	
10. grovel: obey	
Dictionary definition grovel: to be pitifully obedient or full of remorse, to act in a subservient manner	

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# Vocabulary Power continued

### **EXERCISE B** Usage

Draw a line through the italicized phrase. Above it, write the vocabulary word that can replace the phrase.

- 1. Our state legislature will remain deadlocked unless representatives from the two political parties try to reach a middle ground for which both sides make sacrifices.
- 2. If Jessica continues to run and hide from her responsibilities, people will think she is lazy and unreliable. adamant
- We tried to change Martin's mind, but he was determined and inflexible.
- **4.** I saw the cook register an expression of disgust at the crate of rotting vegetables.
- 5. The stress of attending a new school and taking challenging classes seemed to smother and give a complete sense of defeat to my brother.
- **6.** Rodney is a modest, shy person, so we will have to support and raise up his confidence before his speech.
- 7. This is the third time I've lost my house keys, so my parents are sure to severely criticize me for being disorganized.
- **8.** Grandpa wants to lower his cholesterol, so he is going to exercise and self-denial of a practice from fatty foods.
- **9.** To protect and cushion Larry against the unhappy news, I told him the good things that happened first.
- 10. As soon as Lydia realized that her life was in danger, she began to act pitifully apologetic and obedient at Leonardo's feet for help.

# **EXERCISE C** Usage

Choose the vocabulary word that best completes the sentence.

- 1. The Greek roots *adamas* and *adamant*, referring to hard steel, diamond, or anything that cannot be changed or conquered, constitute the roots of this word adamant **2.** The Modern English word grimace \_\_\_\_\_ comes from the Old French word *grimache,* which probably relates to *grima*, the Frankish word for *mask*. 3. Knowing that the Latin prefixes abs- and ab- mean "away" and that the Latin base word tenere means "to hold" can help you understand the meaning of the English word abstain 4. The Latin prefix com- means "together," and the Latin infinitive promittere means "to promise"; together,
- they form a word that is related in meaning to our word compromise
- 5. Knowing that the Old Norse word a grufu meant "to face downwards" helps to explain the meaning of the Modern English word grovel
- **6.** The Latin base word *vadere*, meaning "to go," is related to our word evade which uses the prefix e-, meaning "away."

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Vocabulary Power		

# **Lesson 38 The Word Root cogn**

The Latin root cogn can be found in a variety of words in Modern English. In most cases, as with these vocabulary words, cogn comes from cognoscere, a Latin word meaning "to know" or "to learn." You can use both your understanding of this word root and the sentence context to figure out the meanings of most cogn words. The list below features words containing the root coan.

Word List			
cognate cognition	cognizance cognomen	incognizant recognition	recognizance recognize
cognitive	incognito	<u> </u>	Ç

#### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Use context clues, or clues from the surrounding text, to write the meaning of the boldfaced word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write the definition.

1. Exercise will assist his physical development, while studying will focus on his **cognitive** development.

Dictionary definition	cognitive: related to thought and problem-solving
2. José has grown so m	uch in the last year that I almost didn't <b>recognize</b> him when he walked through the door.
Dictionary definition	recognize: to notice, honor, or give attention to
	walk through the public park <b>incognito</b> —so she put on a wig and dark glasses.
	incognito: in disguise, hidden
. ,	ant of the change in weather, Celia was caught in a thundershower without a coat.
Dictionary definition	incognizant: unaware
5. Because he was so q	uiet and humble, many of his accomplishments received little public recognition.
	recognition: attention or respect
<b>6.</b> The judge released happearance.	er on her own <b>recognizance</b> because she promised to return for her court
	recognizance: promise to fulfill an obligation

**Vocabulary Power** 

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7.	My definition	sed <b>cognizance</b> of "stranger danger" to the sch	
8	My definition	concussion, he had little <b>cognition</b> of the event	-
9	is, words with the same	German, he found that the English <i>apple</i> and e origin.  cognate: related in origin or by blood	·
10	The runner's impressiventh My definition	e speed earned him the <b>cognomen</b> "Lightning. cognomen: name, label, or epithet	и

#### **EXERCISE B** Multiple-Meaning Words

Several of the vocabulary words have more than one meaning. Using your understanding of these meanings, write the vocabulary word that best describes each of the following people or situations.

1. to acknowledge a city or country's independence politically	recognize	
2. attention you receive for an achievement	recognition	
3. the jurisdiction of a state trooper	cognizance	
4. Antonius in the Roman name Julius Claudius Antonius	cognomen	

# **EXERCISE C** Word Etymologies

Although most of the *cogn* vocabulary words are closely related in origin, two have different origins. Try to guess which two words do not come from the Latin word *cognoscere*, but from two other Latin words. Check your response in a dictionary. On a separate sheet of paper, write the origins of the two words. These two words illustrate the importance of looking not only for recognizable word roots but also for meaning within context.

Students should realize that cognate and cognomen have slightly different meanings and origins. Cognate comes from the Latin word cognatus, meaning "to be born." Cognomen is related to the Latin word nomen, meaning "name."

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# **Lesson 39 Prefixes Meaning "for" or "against"**

Familiar prefixes will often help you discover the meanings of unfamiliar words. For example prefixes such as *anti-*, *op-*, and *ob-* mean "against," while the prefix *pro-* means "for." Knowing this will help you define words that begin with these word parts. The following list contains words with prefixes meaning "for" or "against."

Word List antagonistic	obstinate	profess	propel
antihero	oppose	proficient	propensity
antipathy	oppression		

### **EXERCISE A** Prefixes Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Use your understanding of the prefixes meaning "for" or "against" to determine the meaning of each boldfaced word. Use a dictionary to check your understanding of each word. Then, write the dictionary meaning.

- He was hoping that people would be open to his ideas; instead he was surprised by their antagonistic reactions.
   Dictionary definition \_\_antagonistic: hostile, unfriendly, or disagreeable
- 2. War broke out after years of **antipathy** between the country's two major ethnic groups.

  Dictionary definition <u>antipathy</u>: hatred
- 3. While one writer wrote about a woman with traditional heroic qualities, another writer wrote about an antihero who lacked these admirable qualities.
  Dictionary definition \_\_antihero: character or person without the traditional qualities of a hero, such as courage or wisdom
- **4.** People are sure to **oppose** a new stadium because it will bring more noise into the neighborhood.

  Dictionary definition oppose: to fight against
- 5. History books are full of stories of average people confronting oppression who have demanded their freedom and their basic human rights.Dictionary definition oppression: cruelty and persecution
- 6. The child had an **obstinate** nature, defying his mother at every turn.

  Dictionary definition obstinate: stubborn and disagreeable
- 7. We believe that the team's strength and enthusiasm will **propel** them to victory.

  Dictionary definition \_\_propel: to bring them forward
- **8.** Most people in the courtroom believed the defendant should not be out on bail because of his **propensity** toward violence.

Dictionary definition <u>propensity: tendency or inclination</u>

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# Vocabulary Power continued

Because Maria was so proficient in algebra, she volunteered to tutor friends and classmates.
 Dictionary definition proficient: skilled and well-trained

**10.** They **profess** to understand our concerns, but their actions indicate otherwise.

Dictionary definition <u>profess: to claim or assert</u>

### **EXERCISE B** Antonyms

Circle the letter of the word that is an antonym, or most nearly opposite, of each boldfaced word.

- 1. propel
- (a.) deter
- **b.** launch
- c. support
- d. fight

- 2. antipathy
  - a. skill
- **b.** courage
- **c.** hate
- **d.** liking

- 3. oppression
  - **a.** education
- **b.** idealism
- **c.** justice
- d. grief

- 4. obstinate
  - **a.** stubborn
- **b.** helpless
- **c.** difficult
- **(d.)** agreeable

- 5. antagonistic
  - a. hateful
- **b** supportive
- c. heroic
- d. weak

- 6. antihero
  - a. helper
- (b.) champion
- c. scoundrel
- d. fighter

- 7. profess
- (a.) deny
- **b.** report
- c. argue
- d. assist

- 8. propensity
  - a. disagreement
- **b.** helplessness
- (c.) dislike
- d. honor

#### **EXERCISE C** Word Association

For each group of words, write the vocabulary word that belongs.

- 1. unfriendly, hostile, difficult
- antagonistic
- 2. ill-will, hatred, distaste
- antipathy
- 3. failure, underdog, villain
- antihero profess
- 4. claim, declare, announce
- oppose
- 5. battle, revolt, fight6. cruelty, injustice, force
- oppression
- 7. stubborn, firm, headstrong
- obstinate
- 8. bent, leaning, tendency
- propensity
- **9.** drive, urge, start
- propel
- 10. accomplished, expert, skilled
- proficient

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# **Lesson 40 Using Test-Taking Skills**

### **Sentence Completion**

Many standardized vocabulary tests will ask you to answer sentence-completion questions. For this type of question, you must select a word or words to complete a sentence that has one or more words missing. Here are some strategies that can help you when you encounter this type of question.

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- A. Read the sentence carefully. Concentrate on what the sentence is saying. Note any key words and phrases that indicate what word(s) is/are missing. For example, you might need to fill a blank with an action word, the name of a person or a place, or a word that indicates the size or appearance of something.
- B. Eliminate choices that are clearly incorrect. For example, some choices might be grammatically incorrect or they might contradict information in the sentence.
- C. Use logic and your understanding of the sentence to decide between reasonable choices. For example, two choices might correctly complete the sentence, but one might be slightly more accurate or more vivid than the other. Remember that you must choose the answer that best completes the sentence.
- **D.** Reread the sentence for meaning. Decide if your choice truly makes sense. If you are still unsure, move on to the next question and return to the difficult question later.

1. He felt that the article on the region's political history was because the author failed to consult any

#### **EXERCISE**

Circle the letter of the word or words that best complete each of the following sentences.

	of +b	مرواه ما محلم امرو	in the field	•		•
		e noted scholars ggressive	<ul><li>b. riotous</li></ul>	<b>c.</b> unreliable	d. complete	
2.	new	to the campaign	•	errors an older and	nes with; many y wiser person would have d. anger	
3.	have <b>a.</b> e		ciety, all children must oservations	have decent educate	neir own children isn't ional quate opportunities eful coordination	; in order to
	even		itics admire their	enthusiasm for c. ana	by the press and their cause.  lyzed sweet ored disgusted	by the public,
	planı (a.) d		next two years abroa pected	d. <b>c.</b> ang	de the announce er tiring	ement that he

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# **Review: Unit 10**

#### **EXERCISE A**

Circle the letter of the word that most clearly means the opposite of the boldfaced word.

- 1. evade
  - a. enjoy
- **b.** race
- (c.) approach
- **d.** escape

- 2. reprimand
- (a.) praise
- **b.** assist
- **c.** criticize
- **d.** ignore

- 3. abstain
  - a. select
- **b.** order
- c. reject
- (d.) indulge

- 4. bolster
  - a. support
- **(b.)** discourage
- **c.** protect
- **d.** escape

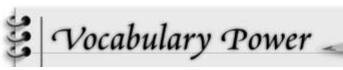
- 5. cognizant
  - a. disinterested
- **b.** angry
- **c.** simple
- (d.) unaware

#### **EXERCISE B**

Choose the letter of the word or phrase that best completes each of the following sentences.

- **1.** To **compromise** is to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. argue your views
- **(b.)** try to find common ground
- **2.** A person who is **adamant** is
  - a. unsure
  - **(b.)** stubbornly certain
- **3.** An **antihero** is likely to \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. support traditional values
- (b.) support an unworthy cause
- **4.** You might **grovel** when you feel \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. enthusiastic
  - **b.** strong
- **5.** You would **reprimand** someone who \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. impressed you
- **(b.)** displeased you

- c. understand a problem
- d. escape responsibility
- c. hateful
- **d.** cowardly
- c. help people
- **d.** live a quiet life
- **(c.)** guilty
- d. angry
- c. frightened you
- d. supported you



# **Test: Unit 10**

#### **PART A**

Circle the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

	ined the injured foot, the		·
_ ' '	from voting because b. compromise		the views of any of the candidates. <b>d.</b> evade
	een the two rival teams n <b>b.</b> recognizance	-	
	that he had seen a r b. adamant		he refused to return to his room.  d. incognito
<b>5.</b> Although she had not police.	nanaged to arre	est for many years, the	criminal finally decided to turn herself in
<b>a.</b> compromise	<b>b.</b> oppose	<b>c.</b> evade	d. recognize
<b>6.</b> The blanket served window.	as a between h	ner body and the frigid	winds coming through the broken
a. buffer	<b>b.</b> bolster	<b>c.</b> cognate	d. grovel
	toward generoe		to Jillian with requests for money.  d. cognomen
	to know what is <b>b.</b> compromise	•	is up to voters to decide who is right.  d. profess
•	eople's feelings with her a	0, .	
<b>10.</b> After arguing back a next week, his.	and forth, they decided to	o: this week th	ney would see her friends;
a. compromise	<b>b.</b> recognize	c. propel	d. profess

### PART B

Circle the letter of the word that most clearly means the *opposite* of the boldfaced word.

- 1. reprimand
- **a.** enjoy
- **b.** puzzle
- c. select
- **d.** praise

- 2. bolster
- a. insult
- **b.** encourage
- **c.** protect
- **d.** challenge

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# Vocabulary Power continued

3. incognizant

- (a.) aware
- **b.** ignorant
- c. forgetful
- d. stunning

4. recognize

- **a.** praise
- **b.** argue
- c. fight
- (d.) forget

5. grovel

- a. moan
- (b.) be proud
- **c.** surrender
- d. understand

#### PART C

Circle the letter of the word or phrase that best completes each of the following sentences.

- 1. A cognomen is a \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. word related to another word
- (b) name or label
- c. disguise
- d. facial expression
- 2. You might say someone is "obstinate as a \_\_\_\_\_\_."
  - a. kitten
  - **b.** hero
  - (c.) mule
  - **d.** house
- **3.** To propel something is to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a.) move it forward
  - **b.** stand against it
  - c. forget about it
  - **d.** state it clearly
- **4.** People experiencing oppression have no \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. courage
  - **(b)** justice
  - c. friends
  - d. knowledge
- **5.** Recognizance refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. hatred between two groups
  - **b.** the understanding of a problem
  - (c.) a pledge to do something
  - d. fame and popularity

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# **Lesson 41 Using Context Clues**

Much of what we understand about the world and about life is based on the wisdom of people who lived before us. Our ancestors' knowledge is transmitted to us in many ways. Sometimes we have to dig for it, and sometimes it's as close as a familiar saying. The words in this list have to do with learning about past generations.

Word List			
antiquity	еріс	genealogy	petroglyph
archaeology	etymology	parable	relic
chronicle	fossil		

### **EXERCISE A** Clues Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Read each sentence below and use context clues to guess the meaning of the boldfaced vocabulary word. Write your definition. Then, look up the word and write the dictionary definition. If the dictionary lists more than one definition, choose the one that best fits the sentence.

1. The scientist carefully brushed dirt from the **fossil**, revealing the outline of a fish that had lived millions of years ago.

L	Dictionary definition <sub>-</sub>	resem a remaind mile ession, or made or an arminar or plant or a past occione and arminar
		fossil: a remnant, impression, or trace of an animal or plant of a past geologic age that has been preserved in the earth's crust
2. l	f you study the <b>etym</b>	ology of the word octogenarian, you can trace its origin to the Latin roots octo,
r	meaning "eight," and	ginta, meaning "ten times."
Ν	My definition	
	Dictionary definition _	etymology: the history of a word as shown by tracing its development from its earliest
<b>3.</b> T	Thucydides' <i>History o</i>	known use, from one language to another f the Peloponnesian War is more than a chronicle of this ancient conflict between
P	Athens and Sparta; th	e author also includes speeches about human nature.
Ν	My definition	
	Dictionary definition <sub>-</sub>	chronicle: an account of historical events presented in chronological order
4. 7	The pyramids of Egyp	ot are <b>relics</b> of a great civilization that existed long ago.
Ν	My definition	
	Dictionary definition _	relic: something that has survived the passage of time, especially an object or custom
<b>5.</b> Y	You can discover what	whose original culture has disappeared qualities were admired in a culture by analyzing the heroes of an epic from that culture.
Ν	My definition	
	Dictionary definition <sub>-</sub>	epic: an extended narrative poem that celebrates the feats of a legendary or traditional hero
6. L	Lin has studied her <b>g</b> o	enealogy and knows the names of some of her ancestors who lived during the Ming
C	dynasty in seventeent	h-century China.
Ν	My definition	
	•	genealogy: a record or chart showing the descent of a person or family from ancestors; a family tree

**Vocabulary Power** 

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# Vocabulary Power continued

7.	Religious teachers through the ages have used <b>parables</b> to teach moral lessons because a simple story is easy to understand and remember.  My definition
	Dictionary definition _parable: a simple story that teaches a moral or religious lesson
8.	The field of <b>archaeology</b> has always fascinated me because the objects that an ancient civilization leaves behind are like the pieces of a giant puzzle.  My definition
	Dictionary definition _archaeology: the scientific study of material remains (such as graves, tools, and
9.	monuments) of past human life and culture  Petroglyphs carved into the walls of the ancient cave revealed that hunting bison played a central role in
	the lives of the people who created the drawings.
	My definition
	Dictionary definition <u>petroglyph: a carving or inscription on a rock</u>
10.	. The end of <b>antiquity</b> and the start of the Middle Ages is sometimes dated A.D. 410 and sometimes A.D. 476 My definition
	Dictionary definition _antiquity: ancient times, especially those before the Middle Ages
	KERCISE B Sentence Completion Sample answers are provided.  nplete each of the following sentences, using the above definitions.
	A plastic bottle buried under the ground cannot be called a <b>fossil</b> because

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- ... it is not old enough and is not the remains of a plant or animal.
- 2. You might have trouble reading a poem that was written in **antiquity** because
  - ... it would be written in an ancient language such as Greek or Latin.
- **3.** A student of **archaeology** might want to explore a sunken ship because
  - ... the ship and the items inside it would provide evidence of a past civilization.

# **EXERCISE C** Sentence Completion

Circle each word in parentheses that correctly completes the sentence.

- 1. The (archaeology, petroglyph, etymology) of a word will tell you its language of origin.
- 2. The storyteller recited the (chronicle, parable, (epic)) adventures of a legendary hero.
- **3.** The (fossil, petroglyph, antiquity) showed the faint outline of a leaf buried for centuries.
- 4. Information from birth records, marriage records, and tombstones can aid in the search of one's (etymology, chronicle, genealogy))

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# **Lesson 42 Using Context Clues**

Learning about our ancestors can help us understand who we are and give us a feeling of pride. Sometimes we make discoveries about past generations in unexpected places. All the words in this list relate to the African Burial Ground that was recently discovered in the heart of New York City.

Word List			
artifact	familial	ritual	vehemently
defile	hallowed	uninhabitable	venerate
excavate	mortality		

### **EXERCISE A** Context Clues Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Read the passage and use context clues to guess the meaning of each boldfaced word. Write your definition of each word; then look up the word and write the dictionary definition.

In 1991, while digging the foundation for a new federal office building in lower Manhattan, construction workers rediscovered the African Burial Ground. In the 1640s, this area was considered **uninhabitable** because it was too wet and marshy to build houses there. It was, therefore, given to the city's enslaved Africans as a place to bury their dead. Three hundred and fifty years later, members of the African American community feared that the building project would **defile** the burial ground, a sacred part of their past. They protested **vehemently** and fought to preserve the burial ground. After many months, the government agreed to put the building somewhere else and allow scientists to carefully **excavate** human remains from the site. To date, 427 bodies have been removed from the burial ground, along with coffins, women's waistbeads, and other **artifacts** that people buried with their loved ones. Studying these artifacts has given clues to the **rituals** that enslaved Africans followed when burying their dead; many of these customs had been brought from cultures in Africa. For example, when a mother and child died at the same time, the mother might be buried with her baby cradled in her left arm. This custom emphasized the **familial** bonds of love and caring between mother and child.

Studying the bones of the dead has uncovered some disturbing facts. The rate of **mortality** for enslaved children was very high; about forty percent died by the age of twelve because of poor nutrition, anemia, and related diseases. About half of those who survived to adulthood died from work-related causes—they were simply worked to death. The African Burial Ground is now considered **hallowed** ground and will serve to honor the lives of those buried there. A memorial will be built to **venerate** the African ancestors who died while helping to build America's greatest city.

I. <b>uninhabitable</b> : my d	efinition
	uninhabitable: not suitable for people to live in [Note: Students may need to look up
•	the base word inhabit.]
•	defile: to violate the sanctity of
	inition
Dictionary definition _	vehemently: forcefully, with intense emotion or conviction
	ion
Dictionary definition	excavate: to remove by digging or scooping out

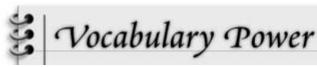
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<b>5. artifact</b> : my defir	nition			
Dictionary definiti	on <u>artifact</u> : an object	produced by human cr	aft, especially one of a	rchaeological or historical intere
<b>6. ritual</b> : my definit	ion	ed order of a rite such		
Dictionary definiti	on <u>ritual</u> : the prescrib	ed order of a rite such	as a religious ceremor	ny
7. familial : my defi	nition			
Dictionary definiti	on <u>familial</u> : of or relat	ting to a family		
8. mortality : my de	finition			
Dictionary definiti	on <u>mortality: death</u>			
	finition			
Dictionary definiti	on <u>hallowed:</u> regarde	d as sacred, highly resp	ected	
10. venerate : my de				
Dictionary definiti	on venerate: to regar	d with great respect or	reverence	
	and decide whether	r it is true or false, b	nsed on the meanin	g of the boldfaced
Read each sentence word. Write <i>true</i> or 1. Two people who	and decide whether false and briefly ex have been friends for r		d to share a close <b>fan</b>	
Read each sentence word. Write <i>true</i> or  1. Two people who false; a familial but a society that venter that vente	and decide whether false and briefly ex have been friends for roond exists between false erates nature would be	<b>plain your answer.</b> many years could be sai	d to share a close <b>fan</b> veen friends cean and to cut down	nilial bond.
Read each sentence word. Write true or  1. Two people who false; a familial to the false; a society that ven false; a society that society that society that society that with good to the false; a society that soci	and decide whether false and briefly ex have been friends for round exists between false erates nature would be nat had a deep respect I soil for farming and p	plain your answer.  many years could be saimily members, not between the likely to pollute the o	d to share a close fam veen friends cean and to cut down poil it	forests.
Read each sentence word. Write true or  1. Two people who false; a familial b  2. A society that ven false; a society th  3. A place with good false; such a pla	and decide whether false and briefly ex have been friends for roond exists between false rates nature would be nat had a deep respect I soil for farming and pose would be very suital shovel are two tools to	plain your answer.  many years could be sai mily members, not betwee e likely to pollute the out for nature would not so plenty of fresh water wo	d to share a close fam veen friends cean and to cut down poil it uld be uninhabitable.	forests.
Read each sentence word. Write true or  1. Two people who false; a familial be  2. A society that ven false; a society the society that society the society that society the society that society the society such a place.  4. A bulldozer and a true; both are to society the society that society tha	and decide whether false and briefly ex have been friends for roond exists between false nature would be nat had a deep respect a soil for farming and possible of the possible of the soil for digging.  Analogies	plain your answer.  many years could be saimily members, not between likely to pollute the out for nature would not solenty of fresh water would for people to live in	d to share a close fameween friends  The cean and to cut down poil it  The cean and the cean	forests.
Read each sentence word. Write true or  1. Two people who false; a familial but a society that ventalse; a society that ventalse; a society that society that society that society that society that ventalse; a society that ventalse; such a plase.  4. A bulldozer and a true; both are to complete each analysis.	and decide whether false and briefly ex have been friends for roond exists between false rates nature would be nat had a deep respect discollar for farming and pose would be very suital shovel are two tools the ols for digging  Analogies ogy below by choose	plain your answer.  many years could be saimly members, not betwee likely to pollute the out for nature would not sollenty of fresh water woul	d to share a close fameween friends  The cean and to cut down poil it  The cean and the cean	forests.
Read each sentence word. Write true or  1. Two people who false; a familial but a society that ven false; a society that s	and decide whether false and briefly ex have been friends for r cond exists between fal erates nature would b hat had a deep respect d soil for farming and p ce would be very suital shovel are two tools the ols for digging  Analogies ogy below by choos :: vehemently : b. respectfully	plain your answer.  many years could be saimily members, not betwee likely to pollute the out for nature would not subject to five in the for people to live in the form that can be used to excaping the word that expenses the said of the form of t	d to share a close fame veen friends  tean and to cut down poil it  uld be uninhabitable.  Invate.  Dresses the relations	forests.

**3.** venerate : disrespect :: defile :

a. destroy b. ignore c. enjoy d. honor

Name D	)ate
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# Lesson 43 The Prefixes sub-, super-

A prefix is a word part that appears at the beginning of a word and changes the meaning of the base word or root to which it is added. The prefix sub- means "below," "under," "beneath," or "secondary." The prefix supermeans "above," "over," or "superior in size, quality, number, or degree." Knowing these two prefixes can help you understand and remember the meanings of the words in this list.

Word List			
subjugate	subside	superficial	superintend
submissive	subterranean	superfluous	supersede
subordinate	supercilious		

**EXERCISE A** Synonyms Sample synonyms and dictionary definitions are provided.

Each boldfaced word below is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words or situations related to the meaning of the synonym and write your ideas. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. submissive : obedient Consenting, Willing
Dictionary definition <u>submissive</u> : inclined or willing to yield to the will of another
2. subordinate : secondaryinferior, lesser
Dictionary definitionsubordinate: belonging to a lower or inferior class or rank
3. subterranean : undergroundburied
Dictionary definitionsubterranean: located or operating beneath the earth's surface
4. subjugate: defeatdomineer, quell
Dictionary definitionsubjugate: to bring under control; conquer
5. subside : decreasesettle, decline
Dictionary definitionsubside: to sink to a lower or normal level
6. supercilious : conceited <u>contemptuous</u> , disdainful
Dictionary definitionsupercilious: feeling or showing haughty disdain, patronizing, proud
7. superficial : shallow <u>cursory, trivial</u>
Dictionary definitionsuperficial: being on or near the surface, concerned with or comprehending only what is obvious
8. superfluous : extraexcessive, unessential
Dictionary definitionsuperfluous: being beyond what is required or sufficient
9. supersede : replacerelieve, supplant
Dictionary definitionsupersede: to take the place of
10. superintend : overseesupervise, overlook
Dictionary definition superintend: to supervise or direct

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Vocabulary Power

Dictionary definition \_

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# Vocabulary Power continued

### **EXERCISE B** Sentence Completion

Choose the word that best completes each sentence.

- 1. Fishers had to wait for the storm to \_\_\_\_\_\_ before going out in their boats.
  - **a.** superintend
- (b.) subside
- **c.** subjugate
- d. supersede
- 2. Trees receive nourishment from the soil through their \_\_\_\_\_ roots.
  - a. supercilious
- **b.** subordinate
- **c.** superficial
- **d.** subterranean
- 3. Our art teacher is \_\_\_\_\_ in using paper towels.
  - **a.** supersedes
- **(b.)** superfluous
- **c.** subjugates
- **d.** subsides
- **4.** Students admired the professor's knowledge and intelligence but did not like his \_\_\_\_\_\_ attitude.
  - **a.** subordinate
- **b.** superficial
- **c.** supercilious
- **d.** submissive
- 5. Maria's analysis of the movie was so \_\_\_\_\_ that I wondered if she might have just read a review.
  - **a.** submissive
- **b.** superfluous
- (c.) superficial
- d. subterranean

### **EXERCISE C** Usage

Choose the best answer to each question.

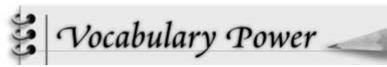
- 1. What would be the best way to **subjugate** a rival soccer team that you knew had a weak defense?
  - **a.** use only offensive players
- (b.) take advantage of this weakness with a strong offensive effort to win the game
- c. offer to help them improve their defense by practicing with them
- d. make things even by keeping some of your best defensive players out of the game
- 2. If your teacher called the first draft of your book report superficial, what would you do?
  - $\mathbf{a.}\,$  feel confident that you were going to receive an A on the assignment
  - b. make your second draft simpler and less detailed
  - c. neatly type your final draft so that it is easier to read
- (d.) add more details and in-depth analysis in your second draft

### **EXERCISE D** Multiple-Meaning Words

Use a dictionary to find the definitions of the word *subordinate*. Write a sentence using each tense and definition of the word.

Students' sentences should include the correct usage for the different definitions.

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# **Review: Unit 11**

#### **EXERCISE A**

Choose the word that best completes each sentence.

1. A person studying	might spend a l	ot of time digging up o	bjects left behind by past civilizations.		
<b>a.</b> mortality	b. genealogy	<b>c.</b> archaeology	d. etymology		
2 ties, such as	s those between father	and son, are perhaps th	ne strongest existing bonds.		
<b>a.</b> Familial	<b>b.</b> Subordinate	c. Ritual	d. Superficial		
3. The Roman Empire 6	existed in the period of	history known as			
<b>a.</b> subterranean	<b>b.</b> epic	c. genealogy	d. antiquity		
4. Our French teacher is giving the class a new assignment that will the one she gave us before.					
a. supersede	<b>b.</b> subside	<b>c.</b> superintend	d. subjugate		
5. Art historians believe	e that the carv	ed into walls of this anc	ient building were once painted with		
bright colors.					
a. petroglyphs	<b>b.</b> rituals	<b>c.</b> relics	d. fossils		
<b>6.</b> Society should the elderly; they have a wealth of knowledge to share.					
<b>a.</b> subjugate	<b>b.</b> excavate	c. venerate	d. supersede		
7. A(n) is more than a good story; it also teaches a moral lesson.					
<b>a.</b> epic	<b>(b.)</b> parable	c. artifact	d. chronicle		
8. A desert may appear	, but in fact m	nany plants, animals, an	d human societies have found ways to		
survive in such harsh					
<b>a.</b> subordinate	<b>b.</b> hallowed	c. uninhabitable	d. superfluous		
9. The hero of this faces adventures that test his intelligence, bravery, and strength.					
<b>a.</b> chronicle		c.epic	d. parable		
10. The third paragraph	in your essay is	; it does not present a	ny details.		
		<b>c.</b> submissive			
			_		

#### **EXERCISE B**

Circle the word whose meaning is most nearly the same as that of the boldfaced word.

1. chronicle:	magazine	bone	history	
2. ritual:	ceremony	story	grave	
3. excavate:	examine	worship	dig	

# 3

# Vocabulary Power

### Test: Unit 11

#### Part A

#### Circle the word in parentheses that best completes each sentence.

- 1. Why would anyone want to (excavate, venerate, defile) a cemetery by painting graffiti on the gravestones?
- **2.** Pedro's (superfluous, subordinate, supercilious) comments gave the impression that he thought he was smarter than everyone else in the class.
- **3.** Shannon and her sister often argued, but their (superficial, familial) hallowed) bond was strong and they supported each other during difficult times.
- **4.** My grandmother's coffee grinder, which she operates by turning a hand crank, seems like a <u>(relic)</u> parable, ritual) from a past era, but she refuses to buy an electric model.
- **5.** A(n) (parable, chronicle, etymology) recorded by an unknown historian in the third century helped modern historians piece together the events that took place during that time.
- **6.** The scientists hoped to discover prehistoric (epics, rituals, petroglyphs) carved into the cave walls but, instead, they found a more recent message that said, "Dave loves Marlene."
- 7. Most homes in the river valley were (subterranean, uninhabitable, superfluous) because they were under four feet of water.
- 8. Harold is very (superficial, hallowed, submissive) and tends to go along with anything his older sister says.
- **9.** The (etymology) genealogy, archaeology) of the word *chronicle* reveals that it derives from the Greek root *chronos*, "time," and is related to the words *chronic* and *chronological*.
- **10.** In one culture we studied, people (subjugated, excavated, venerated) their ancestors by leaving small offerings for them each day.

#### Part B

### For each boldfaced word, circle the word that is most nearly opposite in meaning.

- 1. vehemently
  - a. passionately
- **b.** foolishly
- **c.** fully
- **d**. weakly

- 2. superficial
  - **a.** friendly
- **(b.** deep)
- **c.** intelligent
- **d.** sacred

- 3. hallowed
  - **a.** worshipped
- (b. disrespected)
- c. solid
- d. ancient

- 4. subside
  - **a.** defeat
- **b.** surrender
- (c. increase)
- **d.** admire

- 5. subordinate
- a. superior
- **b.** superfluous
- **c**. tall
- d. beautiful

#### Part C

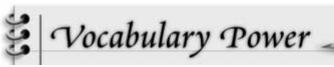
#### Circle the letter of the best answer to each question.

- 1. What is an artifact that could tell you something about a group of people?
  - a. a ceremony performed by the group each year to celebrate the end of winter
  - **b.** a recently published book about the group
  - c. a story created by the group and handed down from generation to generation
- (d) a tool that was used by the group to cultivate plants for food
- **2.** What is a good reason to tell someone a **parable**?
  - a. to make a complex moral argument for or against a certain behavior
  - (b) to teach a moral or religious lesson
  - c. to describe the many adventures of a legendary hero
  - d. to tell the history of an ancient civilization
- 3. What could you learn by studying a fossil?
  - a. the social rules followed by a society that no longer exists
  - **b.** the techniques of stone carving used by a past civilization
  - c. the religious beliefs of the group that created the fossil
  - d. the physical structure of a plant that lived millions of years ago
- **4.** What is something you would *not* have found in antiquity?
  - a. ideas about right and wrong
  - **b.** writings about history
- (c.) a ballpoint pen
- **d.** coins
- **5.** What would an archaeologist excavate?
  - **a.** the basement of a new home
  - (b.) bones and pottery from an earthen mound
  - c. toothpaste, oranges, and paper
  - **d.** monkeys from the jungle

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Vocabulary Power

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## **Lesson 44 Using Context Clues**

Imagine what it would be like if every movie you saw had the same characters, plot, and theme. You would most likely rather find unique characters, surprising plots, and thought-provoking themes. Variety adds richness to our lives. The words in this list have to do with variety.

Word List			
complementary	eclectic	profusion	unorthodox
confluence	heterogeneous	undeviating	xenophobia
diversity	plethora		

## **EXERCISE A** Context Clues Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

For each sentence below, use context clues to determine the meaning of the boldfaced word. Write your definition of the word. Then, look up the word in a dictionary and write its definition.

1. Students in the middle school were required to be <b>undeviating</b> in their adherence to the dress code.  My definition	
Dictionary definition undeviating: not straying or differing from a norm or purpose	
<ul> <li>2. The diversity of opinions at the student council meeting caused some initial arguments but finally led to a bold new course of action.</li> <li>My definition</li></ul>	
3. The foreign-exchange student worried that he might encounter xenophobia at his new American school, but all the other students welcomed him and were interested to learn about his country and culture. My definition	oles
4. Mikhail's unorthodox ideas encourage me to think about things in a new way.  My definition	
Dictionary definition unorthodox: not adhering to what is commonly accepted, customary, or traditional  5. The musical interests in our chorus are heterogeneous: classical, gospel, and pop.  My definition heterogeneous: consisting of dissimilar elements or parts	
6. The Fourth of July parade was a confluence of people from all age groups and walks of life.  My definition	
7. Gina and Natalia's complementary skills on the tennis court made them perfect doubles partners.  My definition  Dictionary definition _complementary: serving to fill out or complete, mutually supplying each other's lacks	
DICTIONARY DEFINITION Complementary. Serving to his out of complete, maturing supplying each other stacks	

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8.	The literary magazine published an <b>eclectic</b> mix of styles and genres: traditional sonnets, short stories, and hip-hop lyrics.  My definition
	Dictionary definitioneclectic: made up of or combining elements from a variety of sources
9.	When the kindergarten teacher asked her class where they would like to go for a field trip, she was greeted with a noisy <b>profusion</b> of ideas.  My definition
	Dictionary definitionprofusion: the state of being plentiful, abundance
10.	Supermarkets offer such a <b>plethora</b> of different brands of potato chips that it's hard to decide which kind to buy.  My definition  Dictionary definition  plethora: a superabundance, an excess

### **EXERCISE B** Sentence Completion

Circle the word in parentheses that best completes each sentence.

- 1. A city known for (xenophobia, diversity) plethora) would have residents from many ethnic backgrounds.
- 2. My father loves to cook, and fortunately we have the (eclectic, heterogeneous, complementary) trait of liking to eat.
- 3. A few years ago, we planted just a few flower bulbs in the garden; now we enjoy a (confluence, xenophobia, (profusion)) of brilliant flowers every spring.
- 4. A politician with (undeviating, unorthodox, heterogeneous) views might attract some attention at first, but in order to win the election, she eventually has to embrace the values shared by a majority of voters.
- 5. Once your e-mail address gets on certain mailing lists, you will have to sort through a daily (plethora) diversity, confluence) of electronic advertisements.

**EXERCISE C** Multiple-Meaning Words Sample dictionary definitions are provided. Some words have more than one definition listed within a single dictionary entry. The words complementary and complement have multiple meanings related to different fields of study. Use a dictionary to locate and write the meanings of each word as it relates to the fields of study given below. complementary

- 1. art art: relating to a pair of contrasting colors that produce a neutral color (white or gray) when combined
- 2. math math: relating to a pair of angles or arcs that, when added together, form a right angle

#### complement

- 3. grammar grammar: a word or words used after a verb to complete a predicate
- 4. music \_\_music: an interval that completes an octave when added to a given interval
- biochemistry: a complex system of proteins in the blood that combines with antibodies to **5.** biochemistry destroy pathogenic bacteria and other foreign cells

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### **Lesson 45 Using Context Clues**

When you are searching for just the right word—a word with particular quality—why not just borrow a word from another language? Many words from other modern languages have made their way into English dictionaries. The list below contains a small sampling of these words.

Word List			
aficionado	fjord	rendezvous	tsunami
bungalow	novella	toboggan	zeitgeist
ennui	peccadillo		

## **EXERCISE A** Context Clues Sample dictionary definitions are provided.

Read each sentence below and use context clues to guess the meaning of the boldfaced word. Write your definition, and then look up the word and write the dictionary definition that fits best in the sentence. Also, note the language from which each word was borrowed.

1.	•	ng <b>novella</b> in which the main character, an American schoolteacher, falls in love
	during a summer in It	·
	•	novella (Italian): a short fictional prose narrative; a short novel
2.	My definition	ple at the party was evident from their conversations.
	Dictionary definition _	ennui (French): a feeling of weariness and dissatisfaction, boredom
3.	· ·	e <b>rendezvous</b> was set for 7 P.M., but none of his friends showed up.
	Dictionary definition _	rendezvous (French): a meeting at an appointed place and time
4.		's soccer in the United States were overjoyed when their team won the World Cup in 1999.
		aficionado (Spanish): an enthusiastic follower, devotee, fan
5.	Meg was reprimanded	d for her <b>peccadillo</b> , but Ryan's offense was much worse, and he was suspended.
	·	peccadillo (Spanish): a minor fault, sin, or offense
6.	As our boat sailed thr	ough the narrow <b>fjord</b> , we admired the steep cliffs that rose on either side.
	•	fjord (Norwegian): a long, narrow, deep inlet of the sea between steep slopes of land

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## Vocabulary Power continued

7.	7. Native Americans invented the <b>toboggan</b> as a means of transporting goods over the snow; in the 1880s,		
	Europeans adapted th	ne toboggan for recreational use.	
	My definition		
	Dictionary definition <sub>-</sub>	toboggan (Canadian French, from Micmac): a long, narrow sled made of thin boards	
		that curl up at the front middle of the ocean can create a <b>tsunami</b> that builds to over one hundred feet as it	
	approaches the shore	, where it finally crashes and can sweep away buildings and people.	
	Dictionary definition <sub>-</sub>	tsunami (Japanese): a very large ocean wave caused by an underwater earthquake or	
		volcanic eruption we intend to visit a tropical location and rent a small <b>bungalow</b> near the ocean.	
	My definition		
	Dictionary definition _	bungalow (Hindi): a small house or cottage, usually having just one story	
	One way to measure attitudes and feelings	the <b>zeitgeist</b> of a particular era is to study its art, literature, and music to see what	
	9	·	
	My definition Dictionary definition _	zeitgeist (German): the spirit of the time, the taste and outlook characteristic of a certain period	

## **EXERCISE B** Word Association

·1. meeting, date, appointment

For each group of words, write the vocabulary word that best fits.

rendezvous

2. transgression, light offense, flaw	peccadillo
3. tornado, earthquake, flood	tsunami
4. mountain, canyon, waterfall	fjord
<b>5.</b> fan, devotee, follower	aficionado
<b>6.</b> story, poem, essay	novella
<ul><li>7. listlessness, boredom, fatigue</li></ul>	ennui
	toboggan
8. sled, luge, sleigh	
9. spirit, climate, atmosphere	zeitgeist
10. cottage, cabin, chalet	bungalow

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## Vocabulary Power

### Lesson 46 The Suffixes -ent, -ence

Suffixes usually change the part of speech of the base words to which they are added. For example, the Greek suffix *-ent* means "performing or causing a specified action" or "being in a specified state or condition" and forms adjectives: *cohere* (verb) + *-ent* = *coherent* (adjective). The Latin suffix *-ence* means "state or condition" or "action" and forms nouns: *revere* (verb) + *-ence* = *reverence* (noun). The words in this list are formed with the suffixes *-ent* and *-ence*.

Word List			
complacent	effervescent	prevalent	somnolence
decadence	evanescent	prudence	transient
divergent	persistence		

**EXERCISE A** Synomyms Sample synonyms and dictionary definitions are provided.

Each boldfaced word below is paired with a synonym whose meaning you probably know. Think of other words or situations related to the meaning of the synonym and write your ideas on the line provided. Then, look up the vocabulary word in a dictionary and write its meaning.

1. complacent : content <u>content</u> , pleased, comfortable
Dictionary definition <u>complacent: contented to a fault, self-satisfied, unconcerned</u>
2. transient : temporary changeable, shifting
Dictionary definition transient: existing or lasting for only a short time
3. decadence : decaydeterioration, degeneration
Dictionary definition decadence: being in a state of decline or decay
4. divergent : scatteredunmatched, dissimilar, varied
Dictionary definition <u>divergent</u> : going or extending in different directions from a common point
5. prudence : caution wisdom, foresight
Dictionary definitionprudence: the quality or fact of exercising good judgment or common sense
6. persistence : steadfastness endurance, perseverance
Dictionary definition <u>persistence</u> : the act or quality of refusing to give up
7. evanescent : disappearingfleeting, transient
Dictionary definition evanescent: vanishing or likely to vanish like vapor
8. prevalent : common dominant, frequent
Dictionary definition <u>prevalent: widely or commonly accepted, practiced, or favored</u>
9. effervescent : spirited bubbly, energetic
Dictionary definition effervescent: displaying high spirits or excitement [Note: Students may need to look up the
10. somnolence : sleepiness <u>lethargy, indolence, inactivity</u> base word effervesce.]
Dictionary definition somnolence: a state of drowsiness or sleepiness [Note: Students may need to look
up the base word <i>somnolent</i> .]

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## Vocabulary Power continued

#### **EXERCISE B**

#### Circle the word in parentheses that best completes each sentence.

- 1. By late May, a feeling of excitement about the start of summer vacation was (prevalent,) evanescent, transient) among the students.
- 2. The two sisters took (complacent, divergent) effervescent) paths when choosing their summer jobs; one worked in a restaurant and the other got an internship at a publishing company.
- 3. Martha made phone calls nearly every day to businesses that advertised summer jobs, and her (persistence,) somnolence, decadence) paid off when she landed a great job.
- 4. The travel agent had such a(n) (evanescent, prevalent, effervescent) personality that we left his office feeling even more excited about our trip to the Bahamas.
- 5. (Prevalent, Divergent, (Transient)) summer visitors to this coastal town often don't care about keeping the beach free of trash as much as the permanent residents do.

#### **EXERCISE C**

#### Circle the letter of the best answer to each question.

- **1.** What is one of the dangers of being too **complacent?**
- (a.) a good opportunity might pass you by while you're not paying attention
- **b.** other people might find your bubbly personality a bit annoying
- c. you might lose sleep because you're worrying about things too much
- **d.** focusing on just one thing can make you forget that other things are important too
- **2.** How could a person show **prudence** while driving a car?
  - a. by using a cellular phone to accomplish two things at once
  - **b.** by driving very fast to avoid wasting time
- (c.) by using turn signals and slowing down gradually before a turn
- d. by stopping for gas every ten miles to make sure the tank does not run dry
- **3.** What might be a sign of **decadence** in a town?
  - a. there are many popular new stores in the downtown area
  - **b.** it's hard to make a dinner reservation because the restaurants are so busy
  - **c.** many young families with children are moving into the town
- (d) there are a lot of boarded-up shops and restaurants with "closed" signs
- **4.** What kind of atmosphere is most likely to cause **somnolence?** 
  - a. a crowded dance club with loud music
  - b. a comfortable living-room couch and a television showing an exciting football game
  - c. a romantic, candlelit restaurant where you're dining with an interesting date
- (d) a rainy Sunday afternoon when you have nothing to do

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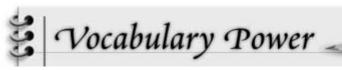
### **Review: Unit 12**

#### **EXERCISE**

#### Circle the word in parentheses that best completes each sentence.

- 1. With cable television offering a variety of sports channels, baseball (bungalows, peccadilloes, aficionados) never have to miss a game, even if it's played far from home.
- **2.** (Xenophobia) Tsunami, Prudence) is sometimes based on a lack of understanding of cultures and people from other parts of the world.
- **3.** Adult education classes are often (undeviating, complacent, heterogeneous) including students of different ages and from different walks of life.
- **4.** While passing through the (fjord) tsunami, ennui), Henry wondered what natural forces had created the steep cliffs that rose from the water on both sides.
- **5.** Public radio stations usually air a(n) (unorthodox, evanescent, eclectic) mix of news, music, talk show, and entertainment programming.
- **6.** The history professor's boring lectures often produced (persistence, zeitgeist, somnolence) in her students, even those who were very interested in the topic.
- 7. When the librarian got back from vacation, she was not surprised to find a (novella, profusion,) decadence) of books spilling over the top of the return box.
- **8.** The coffee shop in the center of town seemed to be a good place for a (bungalow, rendezvous, plethora), so we agreed to meet there at eight o'clock.
- **9.** Before skiing became popular in Europe, people entertained themselves by riding (tsunamis, peccadilloes, toboggans) down the mountains.
- **10.** The child hoped to get his way through (persistence, confluence, ennui), but his constant demands for candy only made his mother more determined to keep him on a healthful diet.

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## **Test: Unit 12**

#### Part A

Circle the letter of the word that best completes each sentence.

mere the letter of the	Troi a that best toil	pietes caen sentence.	
1. Marc was bored with of	n school, with his friend	ls, and even with himsel	f; in short, he suffered an extreme case
a. xenophobia	<b>b.</b> profusion	c. ennui	d. prudence
<b>2.</b> Bea's views on the sa. evanescent		, and she kept them c. complementary	to herself to avoid arguments.  (d.) unorthodox
9	s, and sitting next to he	on the first day of scho	
a. confluence	<b>b.</b> prudence	<b>c.</b> zeitgeist	d. somnolence
4. The of flow a. profusion	•	oom proved that many poor c. decadence	people cared about her.  d. rendezvous
<b>5.</b> Lou has so many wo <b>a.</b> tsunamis	onderful qualities that it <b>b.</b> novellas	's easy to forgive his fev	
study hard enough t	to pass it.		ou are too, you might not
		<b>c.</b> undeviating	
<b>7.</b> Before it was renovational and a leaky roof.	ited, the building was ir	n a state of, wit	h broken windows, a rotting foundation,
a. profusion	<b>b.</b> decadence	<b>c.</b> diversity	d. xenophobia
8. Shall we arrange ou	r for 7 P.M. at 1	the public library?	
a. bungalow	<b>b.</b> ennui	c. zeitgeist	d. rendezvous
9. Please use	when operating the lav	vnmower so that no one	e gets hurt.
a. somnolence	<b>b.</b> confluence	c. prudence	d. decadence
<b>10.</b> The of opin	nions among people at	the meeting led to inter	esting debates.
a. persistence	<b>b</b> diversity	c. rendezvous	d. xenophobia
11 of the rock	band started lining up	before dawn on the day	concert tickets went on sale.
<b>a.</b> Peccadilloes	<b>b.</b> Fjords	<b>c.</b> Tsunamis	d. Aficionados
12. Salvador did not un	derstand the math prob	lem at first, but through	stubborn and intense
concentration, he wa	as finally able to figure	it out.	
(a) persistence	<b>b.</b> plethora	<b>c.</b> zeitgeist	d. somnolence

Vocabulary Power Unit 12 Test 117

## Vocabulary Power continued

**13.** The \_\_\_\_\_\_ reminded Tammy of the Grand Canyon, but with the ocean at the bottom.

- a. tsunami
- **(b.)**fjord
- **c.** toboggan
- d. bungalow

14. Solemn respect for God and fear of the devil's influence were part of the \_\_\_\_\_ of seventeenth-century Puritan New England.

- (a.) zeitgeist
- **b.** diversity
- c. decadence
- **d.** ennui

15. Some students might believe they should be assigned more homework each night, but I doubt the attitude is throughout the student body.

- **a.** transient
- **b.** heterogeneous
- c. evanescent
- (d.) prevalent

#### Part B

Circle the word whose meaning is most nearly the same as that of the boldfaced vocabulary word.

- 1. somnolence:
- fear

- (sleepiness)
- disagreement

2. undeviating:

(steady)

undecided

open

3. heterogeneous:

smooth

forgetful

(mixed) tired

4. transient: 5. plethora:

slow

(passing) meeting

(overabundance)

6. peccadillo:

talent

discussion

(flaw)

fan

7. divergent:

(parting)

merging

loving

8. evanescent:

(disappearing)

careful

talkative

9. ennui: 10. effervescent: contentment

intelligent

energy (lively)

(boredom) pretty

### Part C

Complete each analogy below by choosing the word that creates the same relationship in the second pair that exists in the first.

- 1. chair : sofa :: novella : \_\_
  - a. encyclopedia
- **b.** poem
- (c.) novel
- **d.** lamp

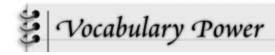
- 2. skates : ice :: toboggan : \_
- (a.) snow
- **b.** wave
- **c.** sled
- d. transportation

- **3.** profusion : many :: eclectic :
  - a. beautiful
- **(b.)** various
- c. wild
- d. brief

- **4.** evanescent : vapor :: effervescent : \_
  - a. water
- **b.** volcano
- c. song
- **(d.)** bubbles

- **5.** prudence : wisdom :: decadence : \_\_ **a.** hope
  - **b.** excitement
- (c.) decay
- **d.** zeitgeist

avocation av 'ə kā'shən



abate ə bāt' abhor ab hôr' abstain ab stān' abstract ab'strakt acquiesce ak'wē es' adage ad'ii adamant ad'ə mənt adhere ad her' adherent ad hēr'ənt admonish ad mon'ish admonition ad 'mə nish 'ən adverse ad vurs' advocate ad'və kāt' aerospace ār'ō spās' affectation af 'ek tā'shən affront ə frunt' aficionado ə fish 'ē ə nä dō aggression ə gresh'ən agitate aj'ə tāt' alacrity ə lak'rə tē alienated āl'yə nāt'id alleviate ə lē'vē āt' altruistic al'troo is' tik amateurish am'ə choor'ish amplify am'plə fi' anarchy an'ər kē animated an'ə mā'tid antagonistic an tag'ə nis'tik antihero an'ti hēr'ō antipathy an tip'ə thē antiquity an tik'wə tē apathy ap'ə thē appease ə pēz' appraise ə prāz' archaeology är 'kē ol'ə jē ardently ärd'ənt lē arduous är'joo əs artifact är'tə fakt' ascertain as 'ər tān' aspiration as 'pə rā'shən assiduous ə sij′oo əs assimilate ə sim'ə lāt'

audaciously ô dā'shəs lē

aura ôr'ə

averse ə vurs'

award ə wôrd' awry ə rī' belittle bi lit'əl benefactor ben'ə fak'tər benevolence bə nev'ə ləns biennial bi en'ē əl bilingual bi ling 'qwəl binder bin'dər binocular bə nok'yə lər bizarre bi zär' bolster bol'stər bonanza bə nan'zə brazen brā'zən brevity brev'ə tē bric-a-brac brik'ə brak' broach broch brusque brusk buffer buf'ər bungalow bung'qə lō' capitulate kə pich 'ə lāt ' captivate kap 'tə vāt' carnage kär'nij censure sen'shar chaos kā'os chronicle kron'i kəl civility si vil'ə tē clear klēr clemency klem'ən sē cognate kog'nāt cognition kog nish 'ən cognitive kog'nə tiv cognizance kog'nə zəns cognomen kog nō'mən commandeer kom'ən der' commemorate kə mem'ə rāt' commentary kom'ən ter'ē commodity kə mod'ə tē compassion kəm pash'ən complacent kəm plā'sənt complementary kom pla men'tar ē complexity kəm plek'sə tē comprehension kom 'pri hen 'shən compromise kom' prə mīz' compulsory kəm pul'sər ē

Pronunciation Guide 119 Vocabulary Power

computerize kəm pū'tə rīz'
conception kən sep'shən
concurrent kən kur'ənt
confidant kon'fə dant'

conflagration kon'flə qrā'shən

confiscate kon'fis kāt'

confluence kon'floo əns
congenial kən jen'yəl
consecrate kon'sə krāt'
conspire kən spir'
convene kən vēn'

conventional kən ven'shən əl cosmopolitan koz'mə pol'ə tən

creative krē ā'tiv credence krēd'əns database dā'tə bās decadence dek'əd əns deference def'ər əns

defile di fīl' deluge del'ūj

demonstrative di mon'stra tiv

depravity di prav'ə tē desecrate des'ə krāt' didactic dī dak'tik digital dij'it əl

dilapidate di lap'ə dāt'

din din

discern di surn'

discontinue dis 'kən tin'ū

discreet dis krēt'
disheveled di shev'əld
disparage dis par'ij
dissemble di sem'bəl
divergent di vur'jənt
diversity di vur'sə tē
docile dos'əl

docile dos'əl doubt dout

dwindle dwind'əl eclectic ek lek'tik ecstatic ek stat'ik

effervescent ef 'ər ves 'ənt elucidate i lōō 'sə dāt '

elusive i loo'siv

emaciated i mā'shē āt'id emanate em'ə nāt'

embark em bärk' empathy em'pə thē emphatic em fat'ik enamored en am'ərd enlighten en līt'ən

ennui än wē'

enterprising en'tər prī'zing enumerate i noo'mə rāt'

epic ep'ik

epiphany i pif'ə nē epitome i pit'ə mē

equanimity ēk'wə nim'ə tē etymology et'ə mol'ə jē

evade i vād'

evanescent ev'ə nes'ənt evocative i vok'ə tiv

exalt ig zôlt'

excavate eks'kə vāt' exclusive iks kloo'siv exhilaration iq zil'ə rā'shən

exorbitant ig zôr'bə tənt

exploit eks 'ploit

extenuating iks ten'ū ā'ting

extricate eks'trə kāt' fabricate fab'rə kāt' falsify fôl'sə fī' familial fə mil'yəl fastidious fas tid'ē əs felicity fi lis'ə tē fervent fur'vənt fjord fyôrd flay flā

forbearance for bar 'ens

fossil fos'əl frantic fran'tik freakish frē'kish futile fū'til

garrulous gar'ə ləs genealogy jē'nē ol'ə jē generalize jen'ər ə līz' geopolitics jē'ō pol'ə tiks

grimace grim'is grovel gruv'əl gusto gus'tō hallowed hal'ōd ciaw IIII Faacatolii I elliilsson is giantea to reproduce for ciassiooni ase.

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haughtiness hô'tē nəs

heterogeneous het 'ər ə jē'nē əs

hologram hō'lə gram'

hypocrisy hi pok'rə sē

imminent im'ə nənt

immortality im'ôr tal'ə tē

impassioned im pash'and

impassive im pas'iv

imperious im pēr'ē əs

impetuous im pech'oo əs

impish im'pish

impolitic im pol'a tik

impudence im'pyə dəns

incisive in sī'siv

incognito in 'kög nē'tō

incognizant in 'kög'nə zənt

indigenous in dij'ə nəs

indigent in'di jənt

inevitable i nev'ə tə bəl

inflection in flek'shan

influential in 'floo en 'shəl

informant in fôr'mənt

iniquity in ik'wə tē

innocence in 'a sans

innocuous i nok'ū əs

inquisitor in kwiz'ə tər

instrumental in 'strə ment'əl

intact in takt'

intangible in tan'jə bəl

integral in 'tə grəl

integrity in teg'rə tē

intensify in ten'sə fi'

intonation in 'tō nā 'shən

intrigued in tread'

introspection in 'trə spek'shən

invoke in vok'

irreproachable ir'i prō'chə bəl

irrevocable i rev'ə kə bəl

jaunty jôn'tē

jeopardize jep'ər dīz'

jostle jos′əI

jovial jō'vē əl

legacy leg'ə sē

lithe līth

loathsome loath'səm

ludicrous loo'də krəs

lurch lurch

lustrous lus'tras

mammoth mam'əth

manifest man' ə fest'

megalopolis meg 'ə lop 'ə lis

mentor men'tər

mercurial mer kyoor 'ē əl

metropolitan met'rə pol'ə tən

misapprehension mis'ap ri hen'shən

misappropriate mis'ə pro'pre āt'

misbegotten mis 'bi got 'ən

miscreant mis 'krē ənt

misdemeanor mis'di mē'nər

misfortune mis fôr 'chən

misgiving mis giv'ing

misnomer mis nō'mər

misprize mis prīz'

misrepresent mis 'rep ri zent'

monitor mon'ə tər

monitory mon'ə tôr' ē

monotone mon'ə tōn'

morality mə ral'ə tē

moribund môr ' ə bund '

mortify môr'tə fi'

mulish mū'lish

myriad mir'ē əd

nocturnal nok turn'əl

nocuous nä'kū əs

novella no vel'a noxious nok'shas

nutritious noo trish'es

obliterate ə blit'e rāt'

obnoxious ob nok'shəs

obstinate ob'stə nit

odious ō'dē əs

onslaught ôn'slôt'

oppose ə pōz'

oppression ə presh'ən

oscillate os'ə lāt'

overwhelm ō'vər hwelm'

palatial pə lā'shəl

parable par'ə bəl

paradigm par'ə dim'

paragon par'ə gon'

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# Vocabulary Power Pronunciation Guide

passionate pash'ə nit passive pas'iv pathetic pə thet'ik pathology pə thol'ə jē pathos pā'thos patronage pā'trə nij peccadillo pek'ə dil'ō pentagon pen'tə gon' pentathlon pen tath'lən perceptive par sep'tiv perplex par pleks' persistence par sis 'tans petrified pet'rə fid petroglyph pet'rə glif placid plas'id plague plāg plausible plô'zə bəl plethora pleth'ər ə poignant poin 'yənt police pa les' policy pol'ə sē politician pol'ə tish'ən politics pol'a tiks polity pol'a tē pollinate pol'a nāt' popularize pop'yə lə riz' portly pôrt'lē preamble prē'am'bəl predilection pred'əl ek'shən prelude prel'ūd premonition pre/ma nish/an preoccupy prē ok'yə pi' preponderance pri pon'dər əns prevail pri vāl' prevalent prev'ə lənt profess prə fes' proficient prə fish 'ənt profuse prə fūs' profusion prə fū'zhən propel pro pel' propensity prə pen'sə tē prosperity pros per'ə tē prostrate pros'trāt

quadrangle kwod'rang'gəl quadrant kwod'rənt quadruple kwo droo'pəl querulous kwer'ə ləs quintet kwin tet' quintuplet kwin tup'lit rabble rab'əl rancor rang'kər random ran'dəm rational rash'ən əl recession ri sesh'ən reciprocate ri sip'rə kāt' recognition rek əq nish'ən recognizance ri kog'nə zəns recognize rek'əq niz' reconcile rek'ən sil' rectitude rek'tə tood' redress ri dres' reflective ri flek 'tiv refugee ref'ū jē' rejuvenate ri joo'və nāt' relic rel'ik remnant rem'nənt rendezvous rän'də voo' repression ri presh'ən reprimand rep'rə mand' resonance rez'ə nəns restoration res'tə rā'shən revoke ri vok' ridicule rid'ə kūl' ritual rich 'oo əl rudiment roo'də mənt sacrilege sak'rə lij sanction sangk'shan sanguine sang'qwin sedate si dāt' sedentary sed'ən ter'ē semiconductor sem 'ē kən duk 'tər severance sev'ər əns simulation sim'yə lā'shən skeptical skep'ti kəl solitude sol'ə tood' solve solv solvent sol'vant

somnolence som'nə ləns

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protrude pro trood'

prudence prood'ens

Vocabulary Power



soothsayer sooth'sa'ər spendthrift spend'thrift' spurn spurn standardize stan'dər diz' status stā'təs stringent strin'jant subjugate sub'jə gāt' subjugation sub jə gā'shən submissive sab mis'iv subordinate sə bôr'də nit subside sab sīd' subsistence səb sis 'təns subterranean sub'tə rā'nē ən succumb sə kum' suffice sə fīs' supercilious soo'pər sil'ē əs superficial soo'pər fish'əl superfluous soo pur 'floo əs superintend soo'prin tend' supersede soo'pər sed' susceptible sə sep'tə bəl synthesizer sin'thə si'zər tackle tak'əl tacky tak'ē tact takt tactile tak'til tangent tan'jənt tangential tan jen'chəl tangible tan'jə bəl tantalizing tant'əl iz ing temporize tem'pə rīz'

tenacious ti nā'shəs tenaciously ti nā'shəs lē tentative ten'tə tiv therapeutic ther 'ə pū'tik timorous tim'ər əs toboggan tə boq'ən torpor tôr'pər

tranquillity trang kwil'ə tē transient tran'shant translucent trans loo'sənt

traverse trav'ərs trivial triv'ē əl tsunami tsoona'me turbulence tur'byə ləns turmoil tur'moil tutorial too tôr'e əl ulterior ul ter'e ər uncanny un kan'ē uncertain un surt'en undeviating un de 've a ting uninhabitable un in hab'ə tə bəl unorthodox un ôr'thə doks' usurpation ū'sər pā'shən vanguard van'gärd' vanquish vang'kwish variance vār'ē əns vehemently vē'ə mənt lē venerable ven'ər ə bəl venerate ven'ə rāt' verify ver'ə fī' vertigo vur'tə gō' vex veks vindictive vin dik'tiv vocation vo ka'shən vociferous vo sif 'er es volition vo lish 'en xenophobia zen'ə fō'bē ə zeitgeist tsīt'qīst'

continued

virtual reality vur'chōō əl rē al'ə tē zenith zē'nith

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